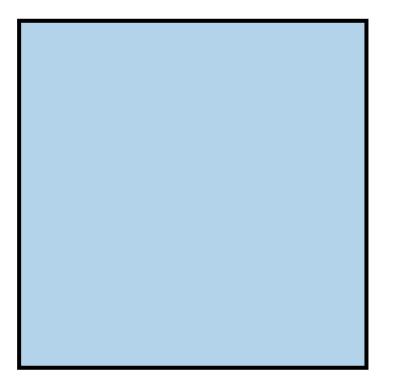
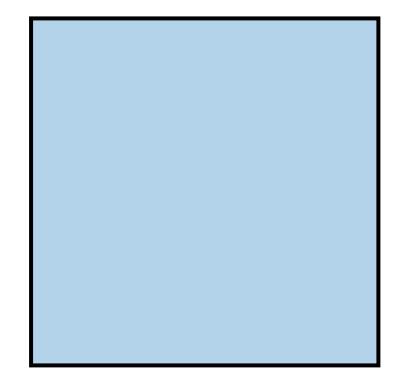
YOU KEEP USING THAT WORD

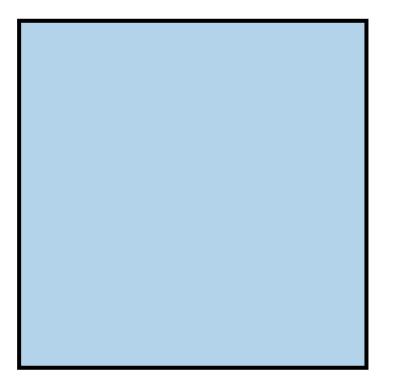
Sam Newman

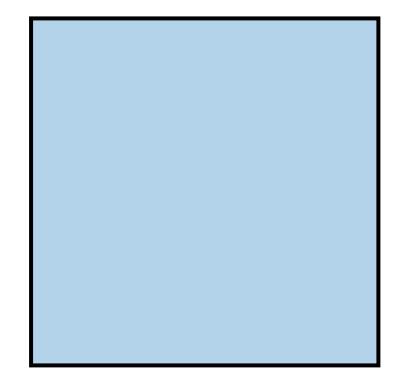


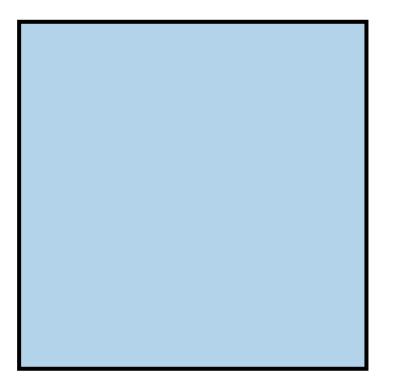


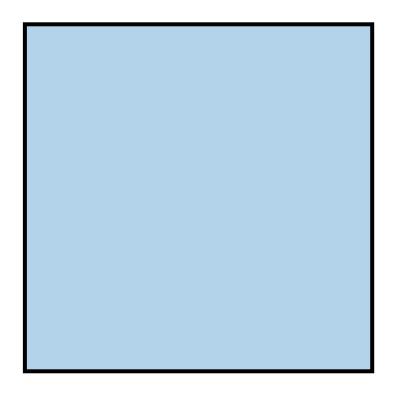


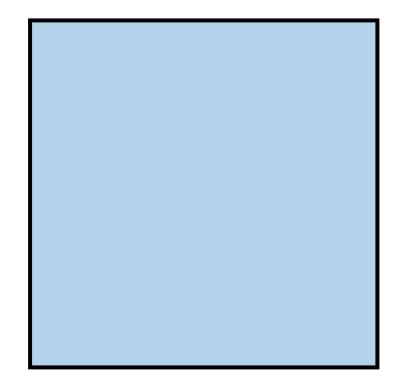


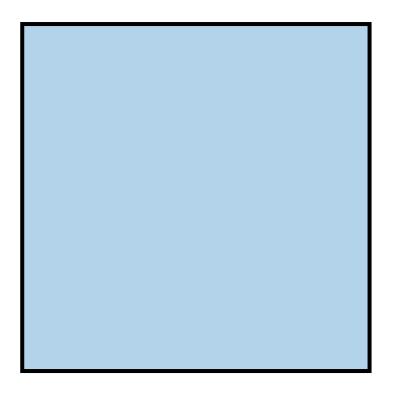


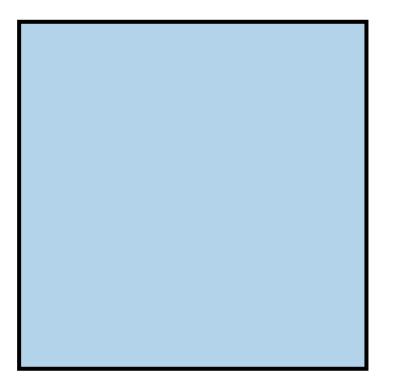


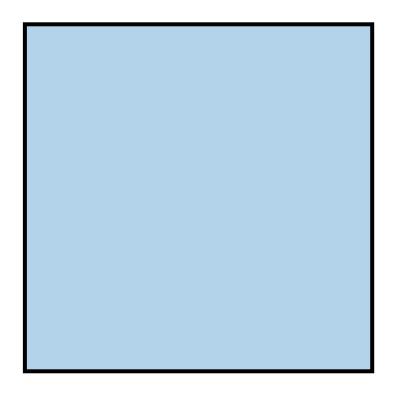


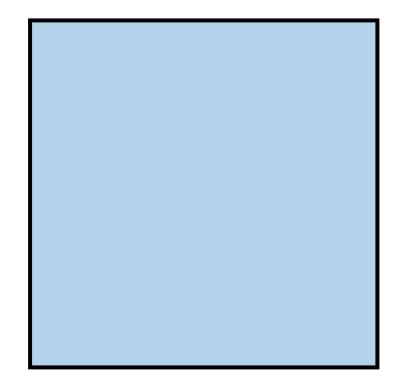


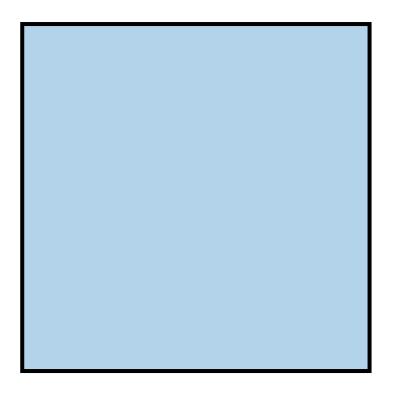


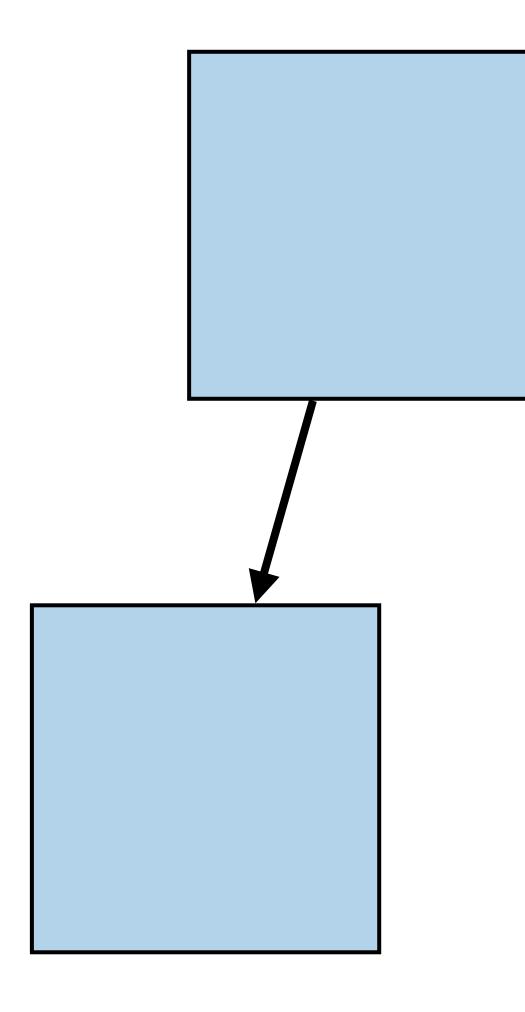


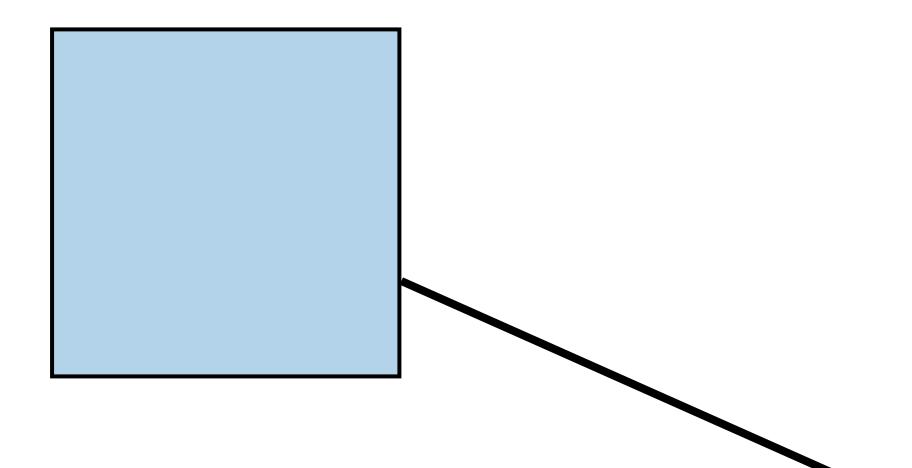


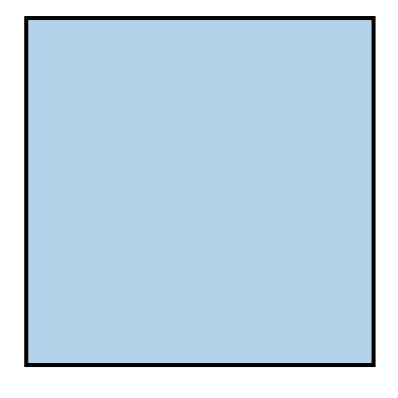


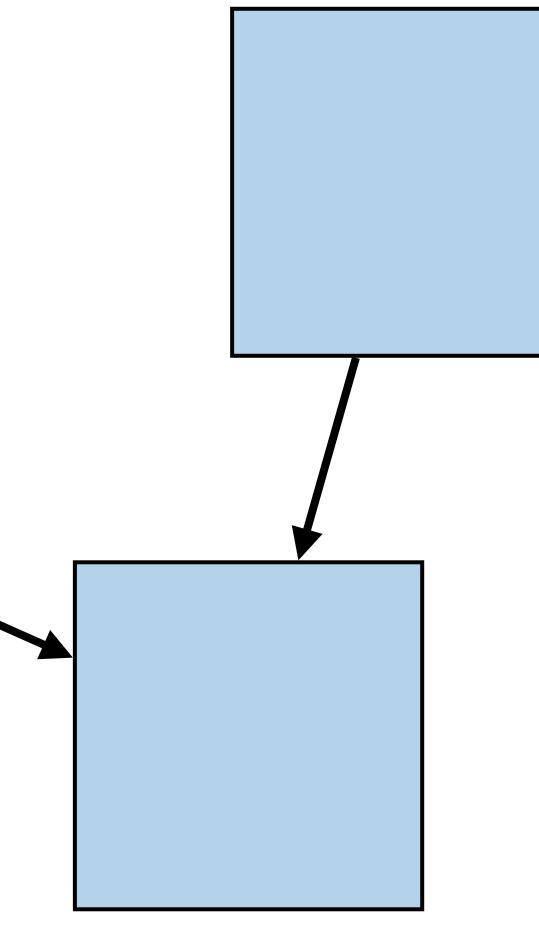


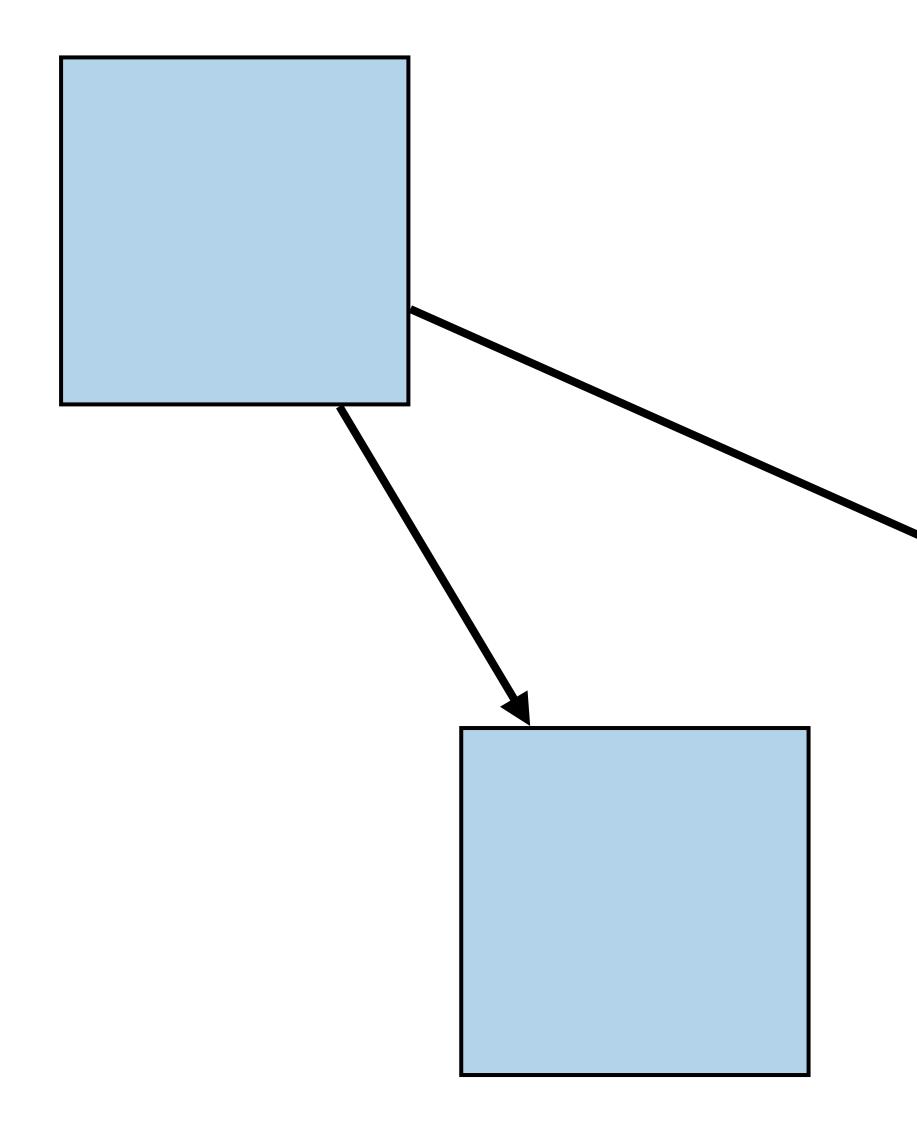


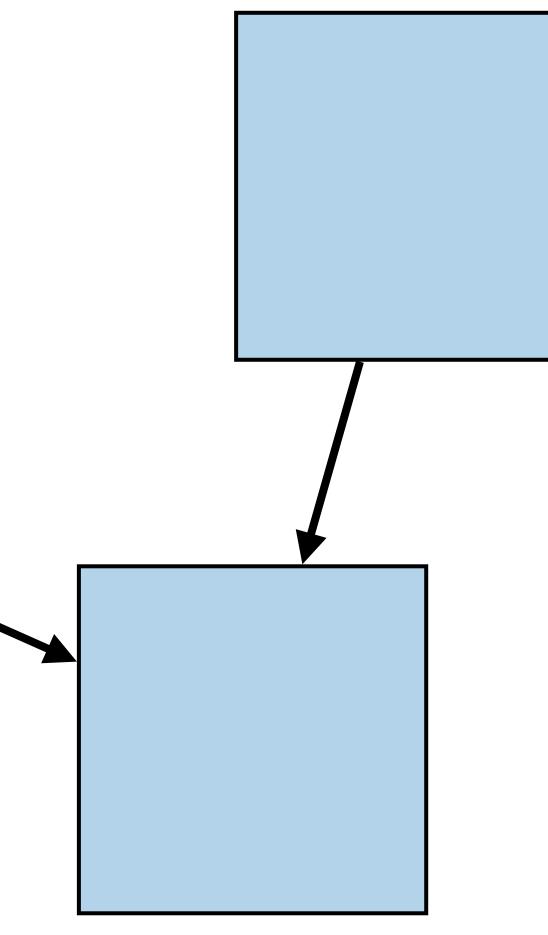


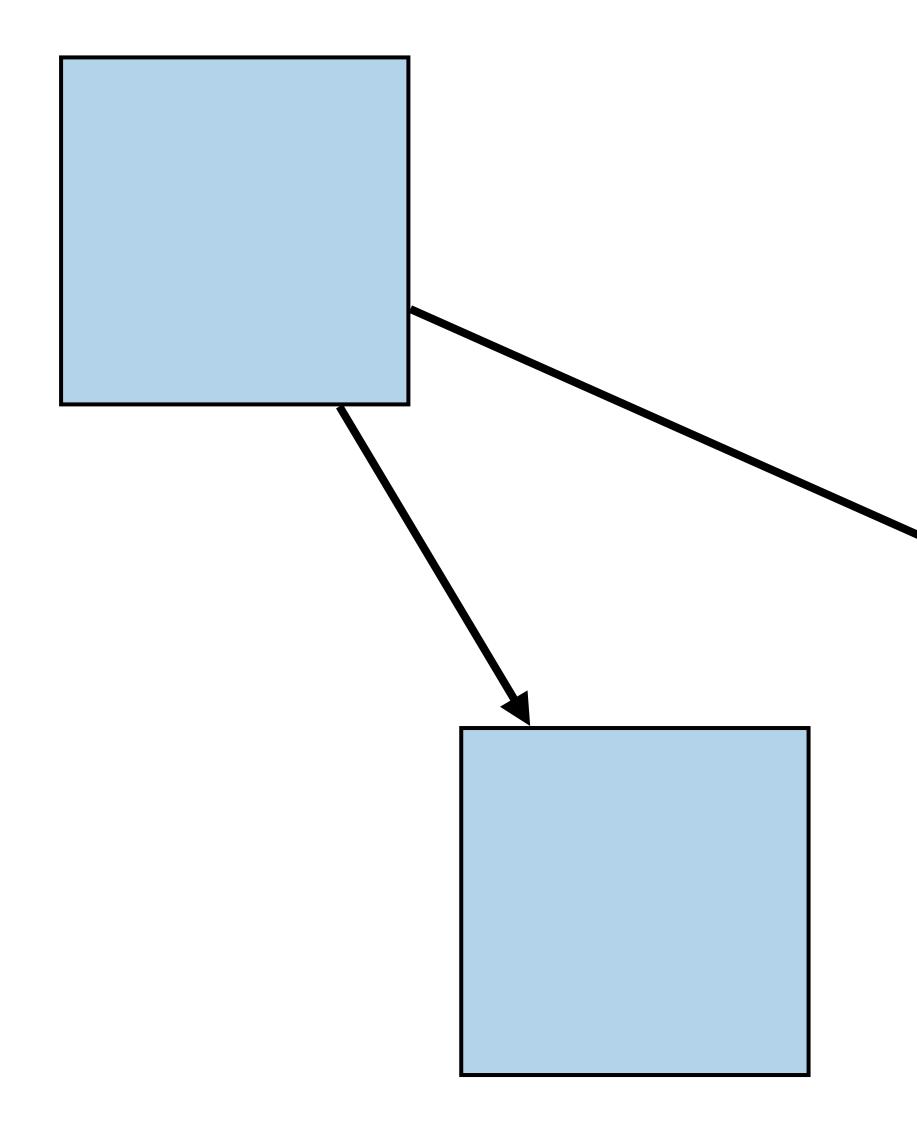


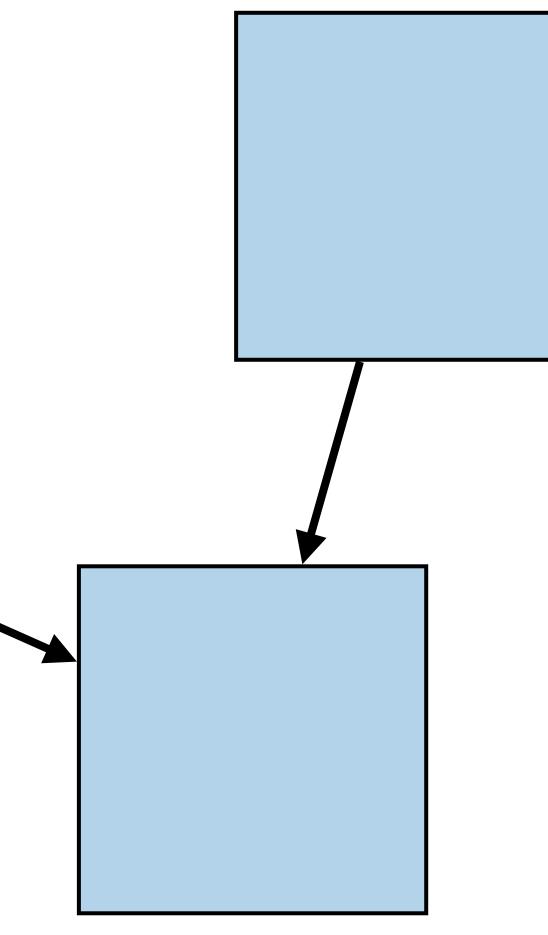


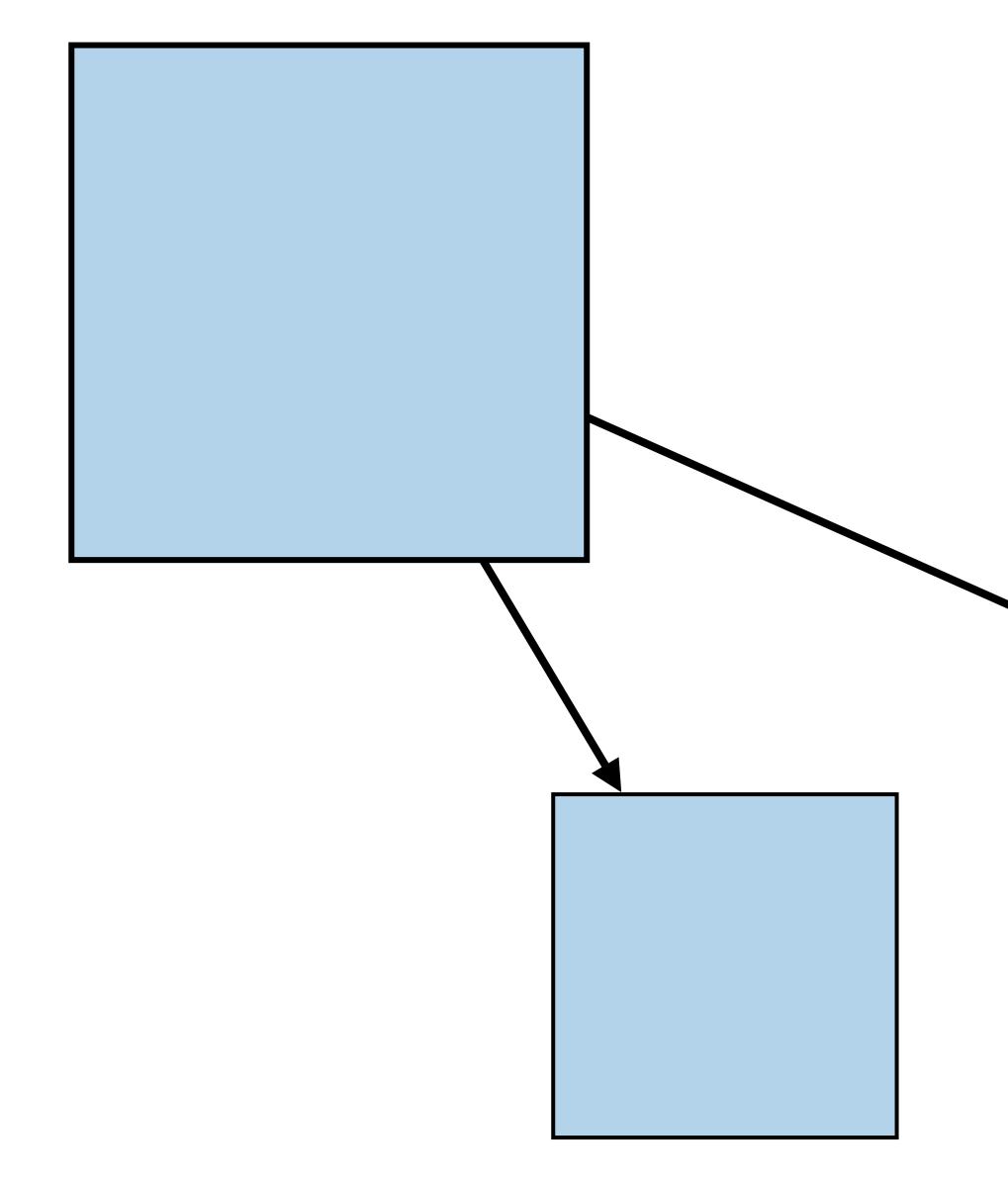


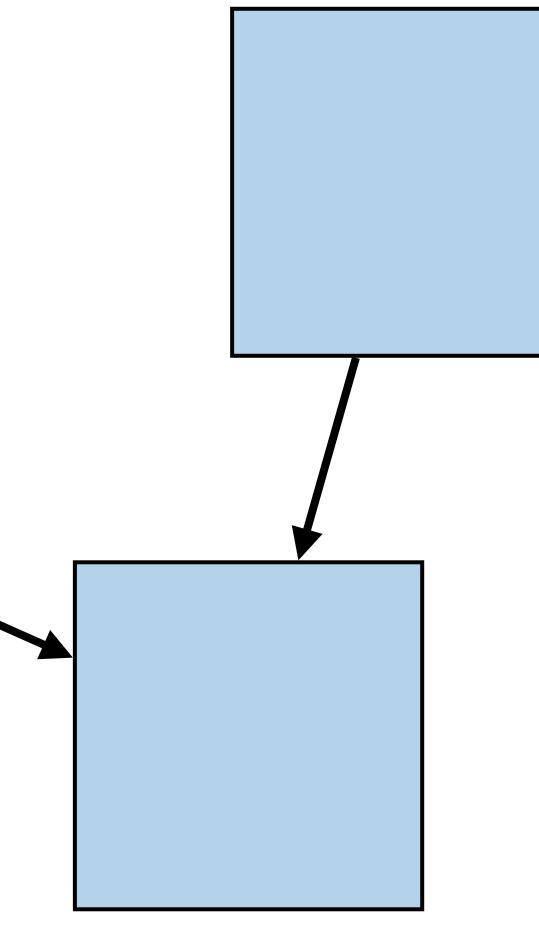


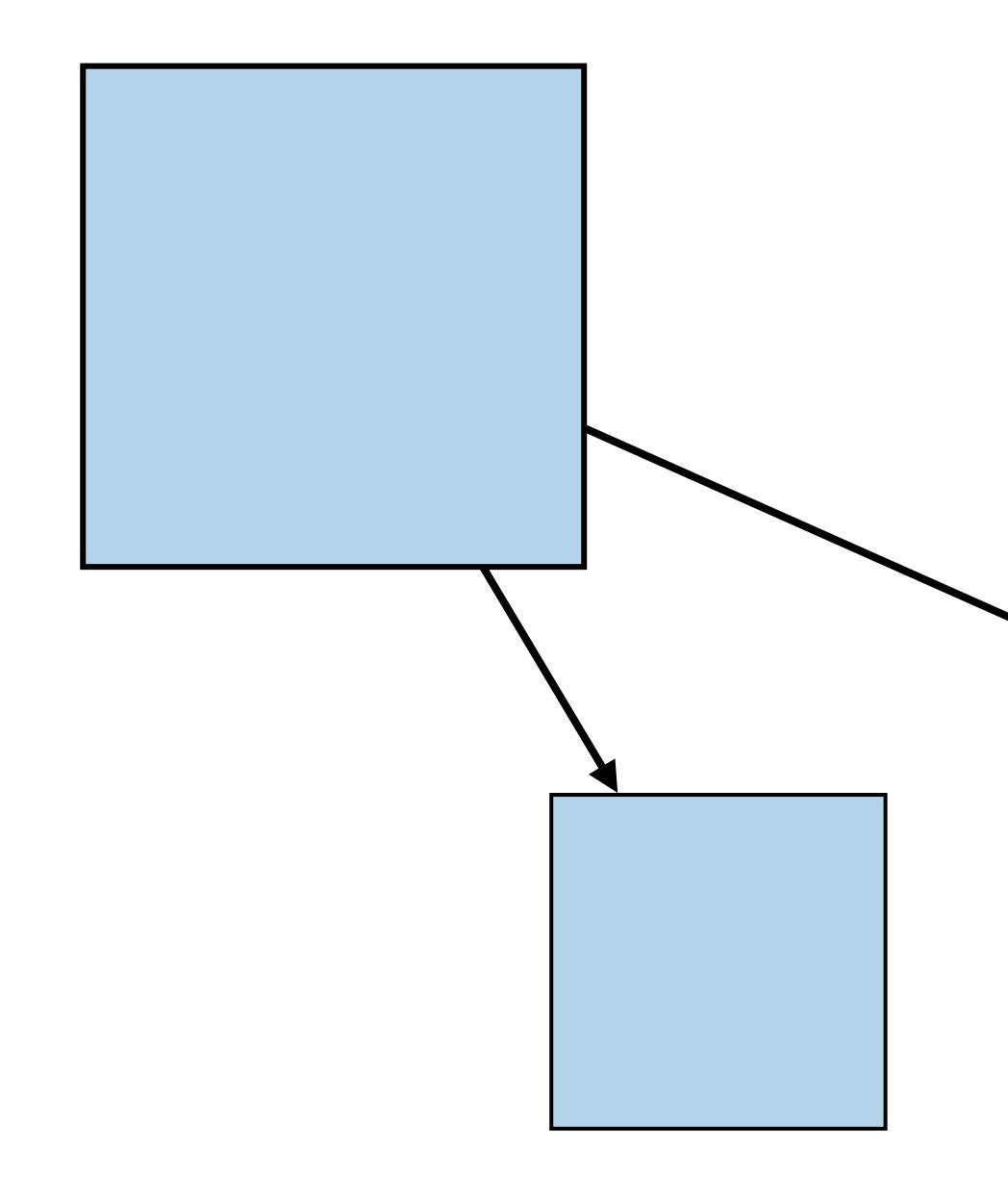


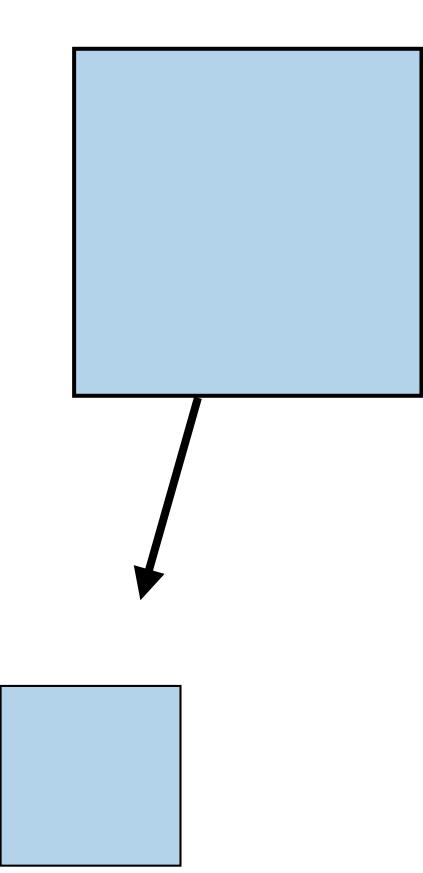


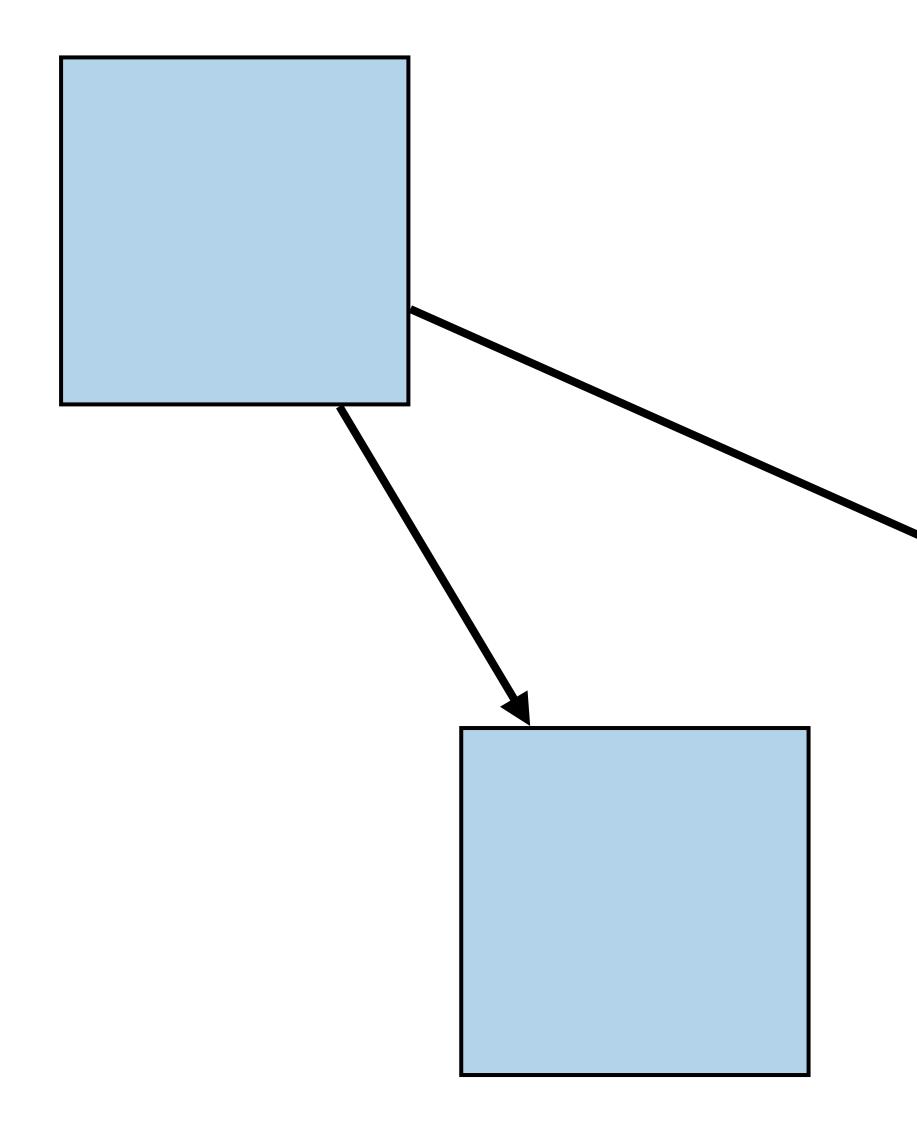


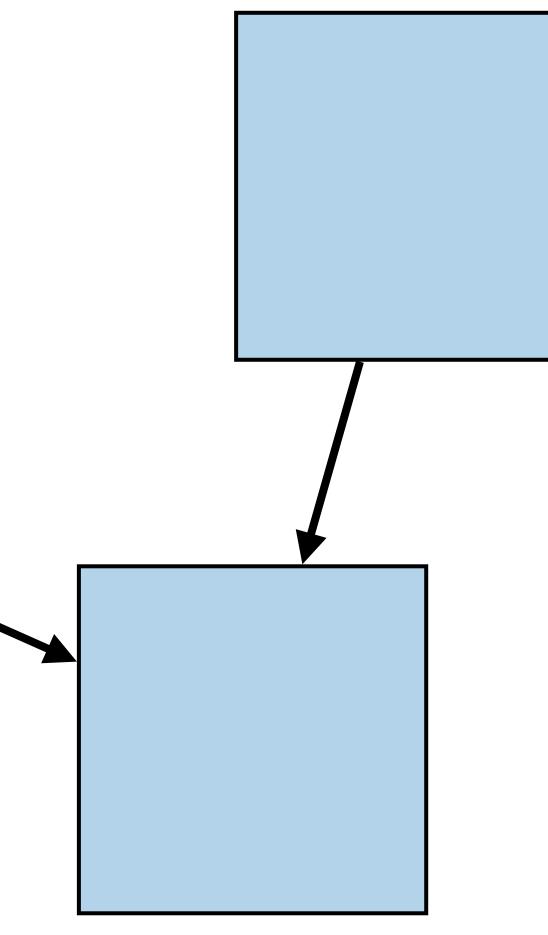


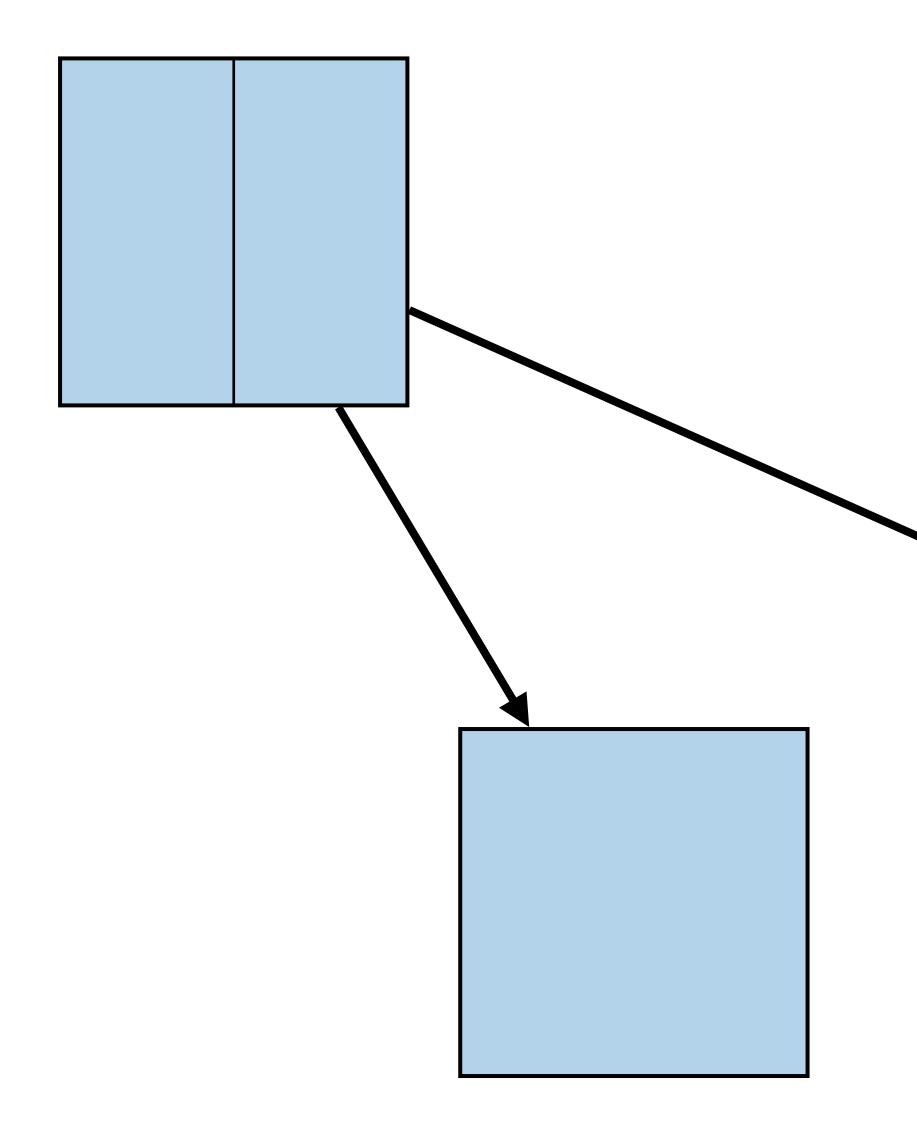


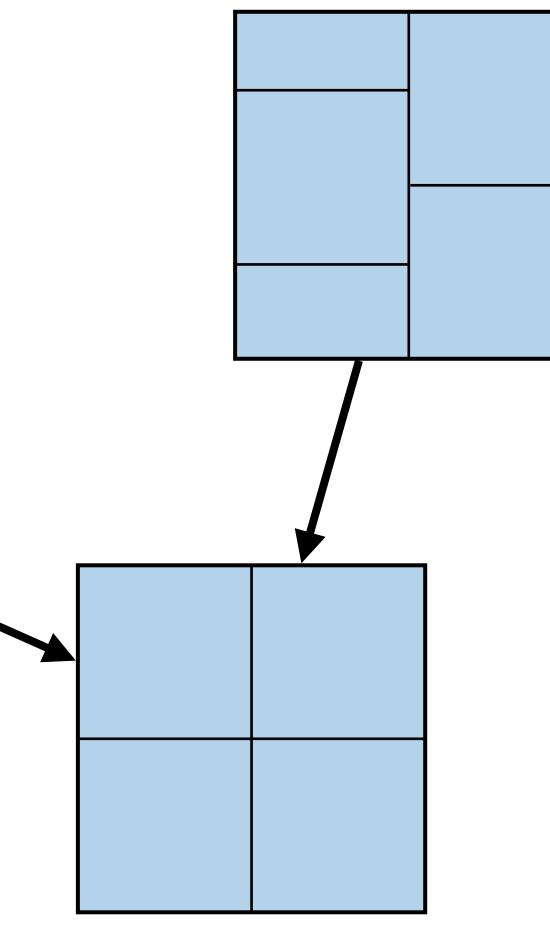


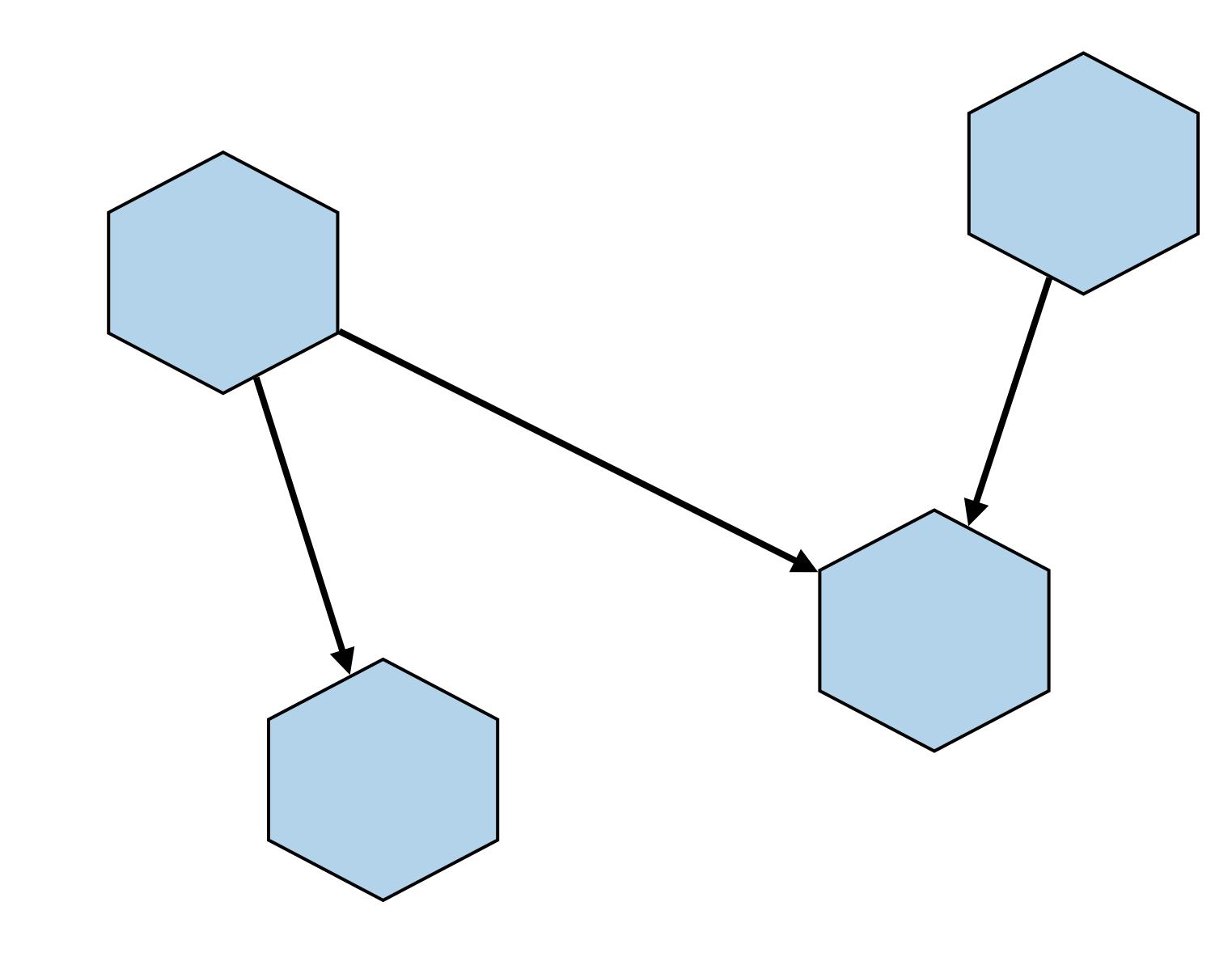


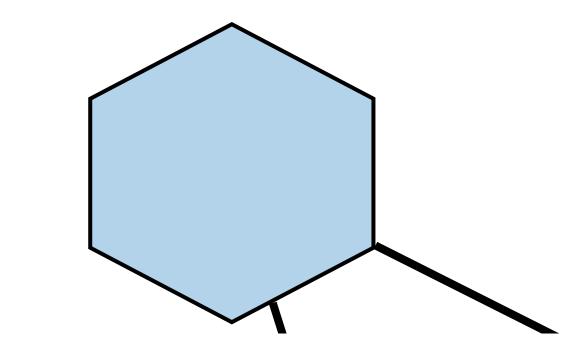


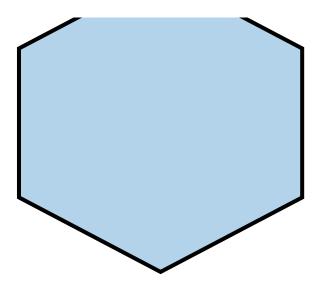


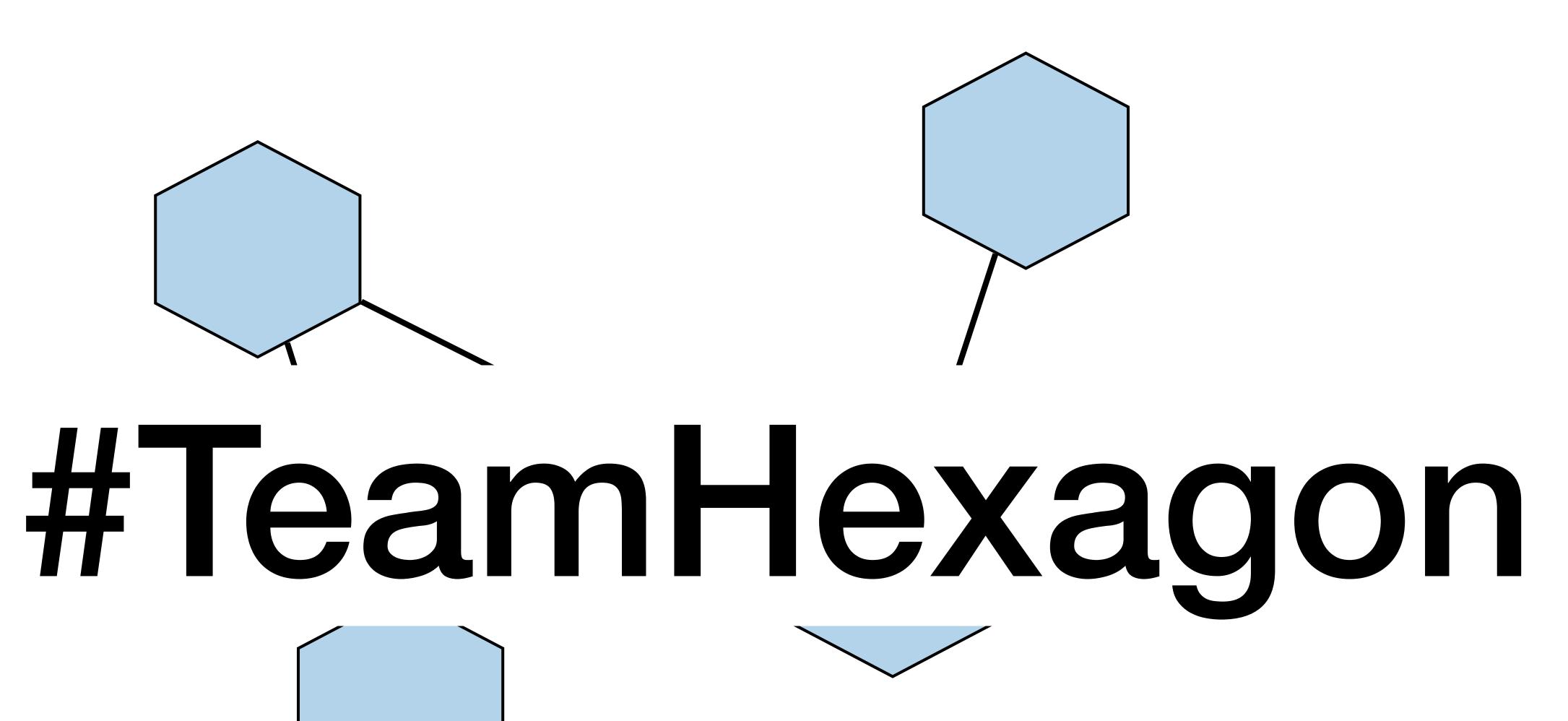


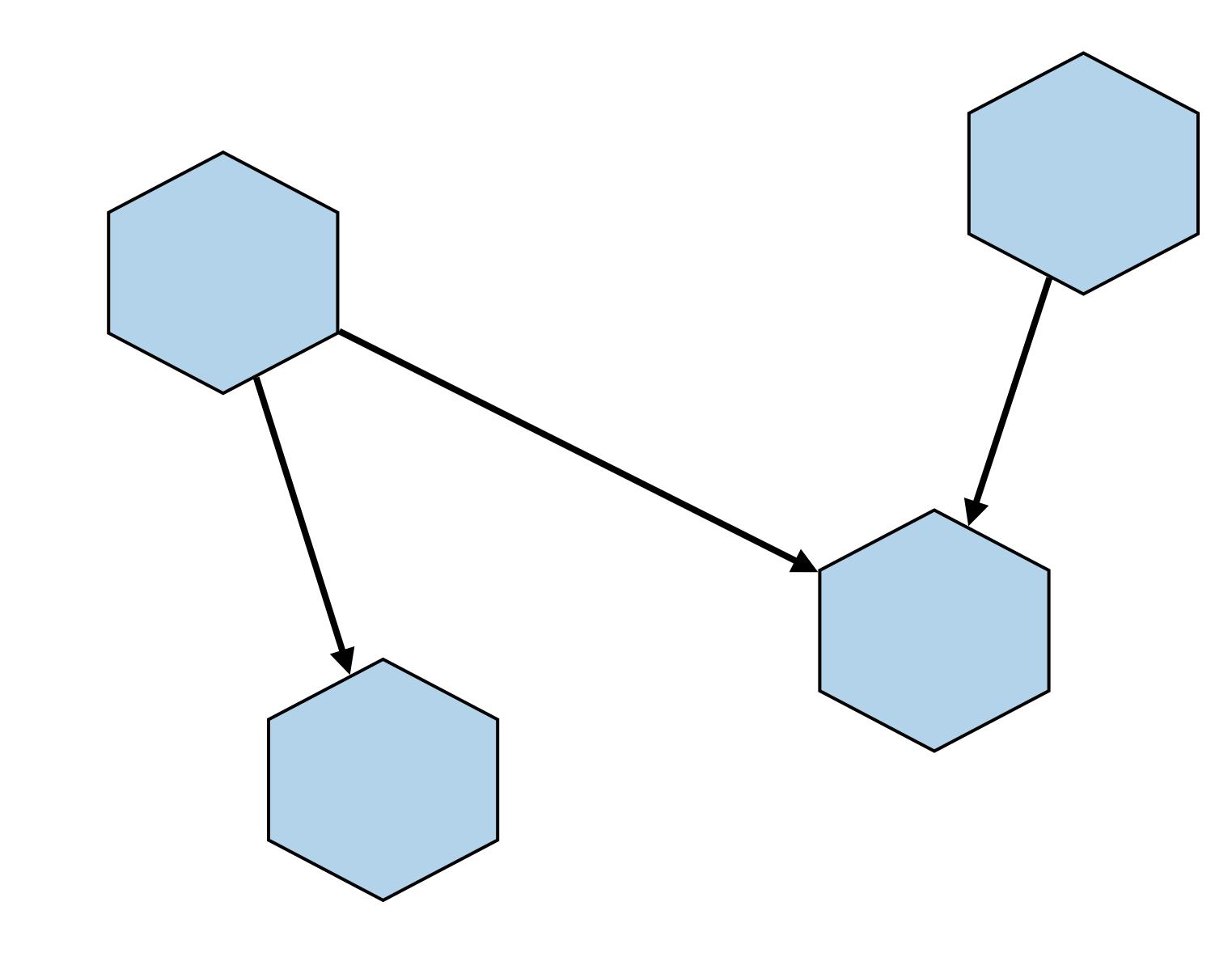


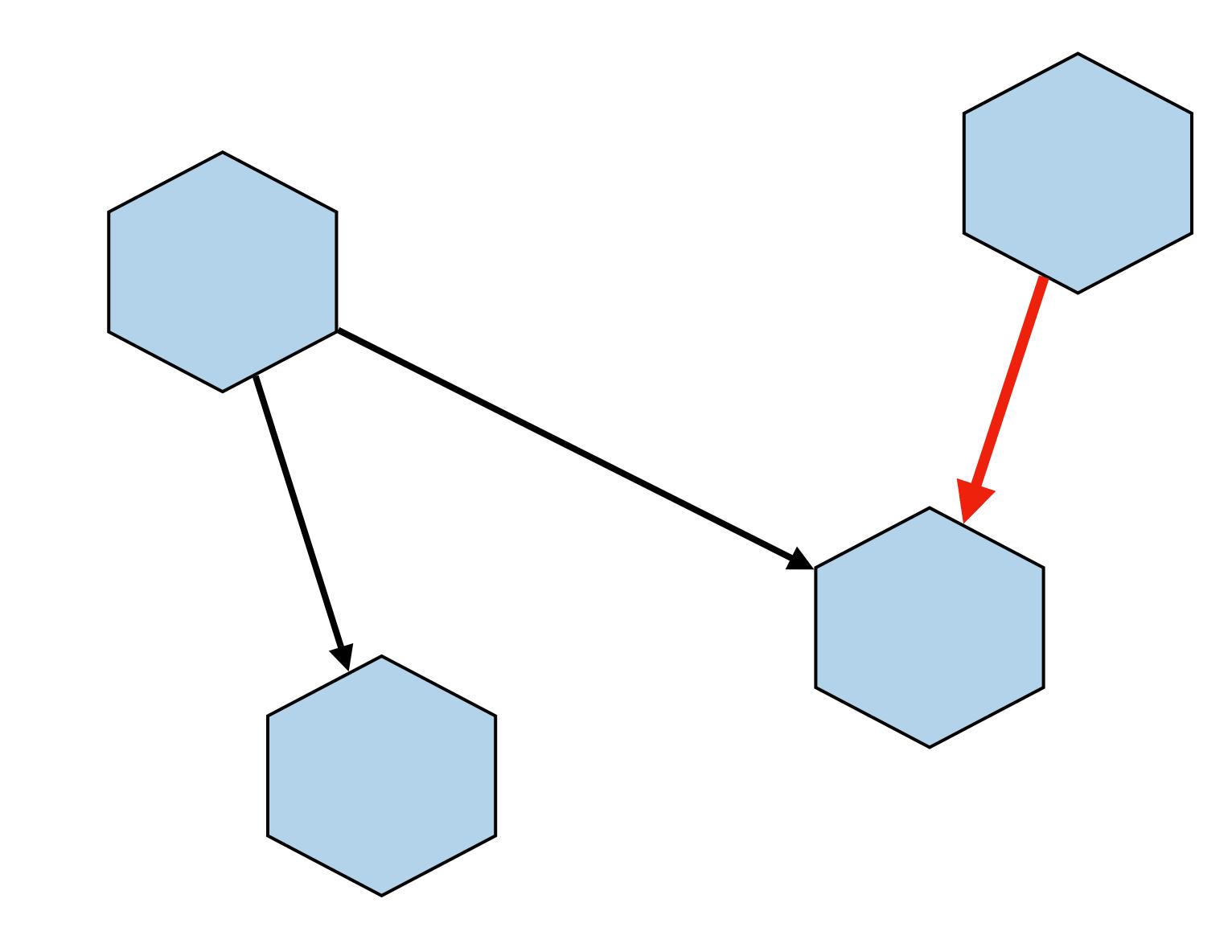


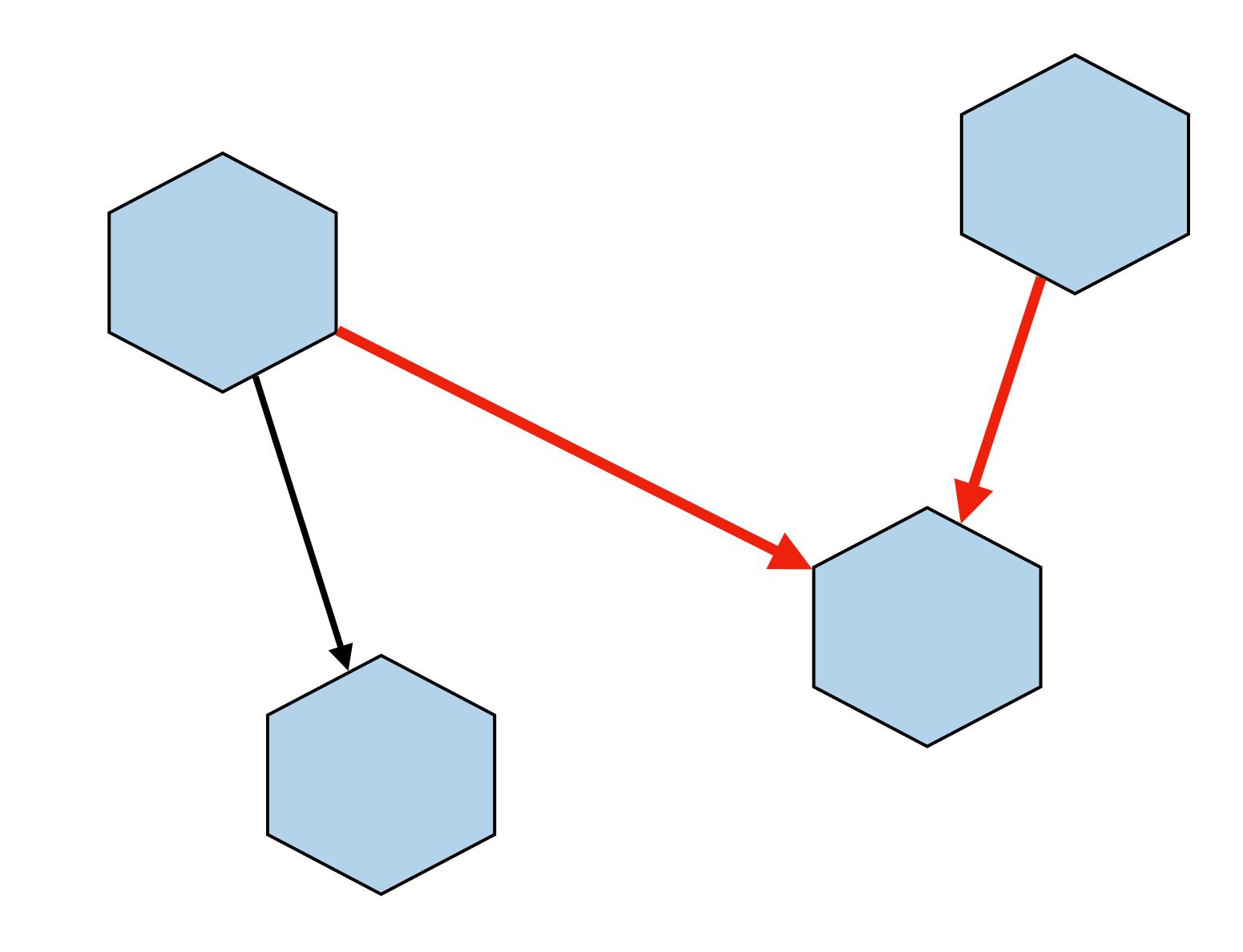


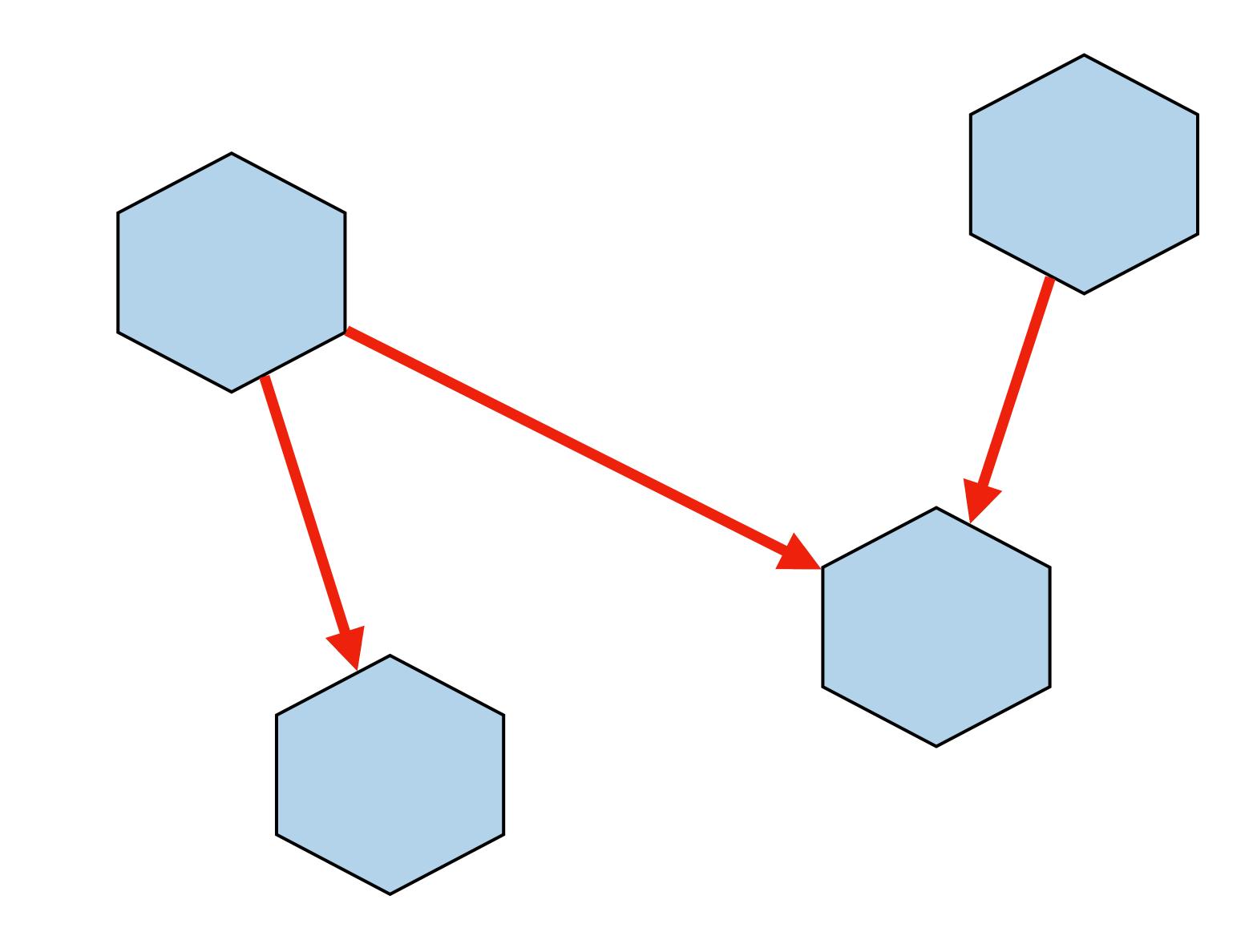


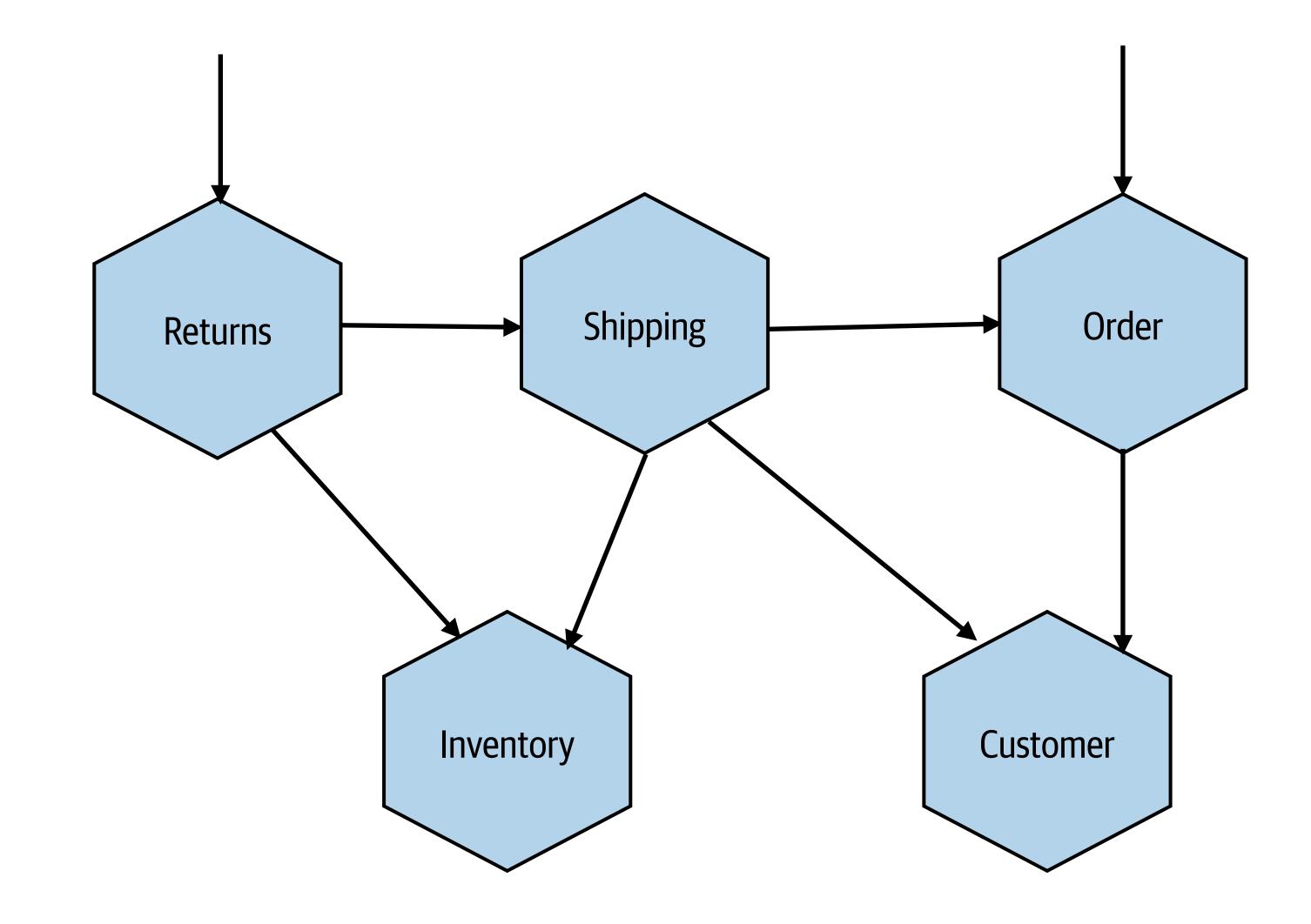


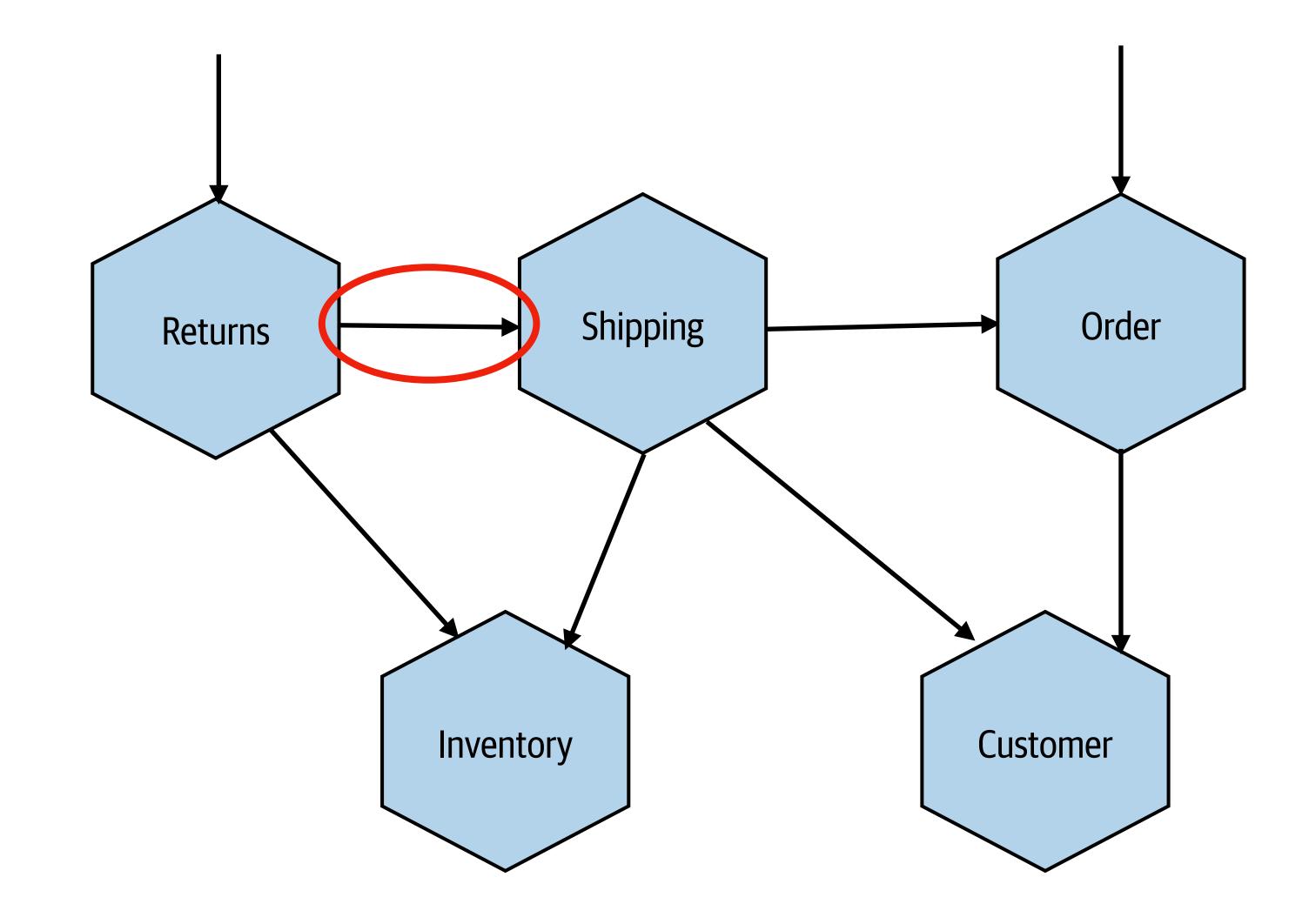


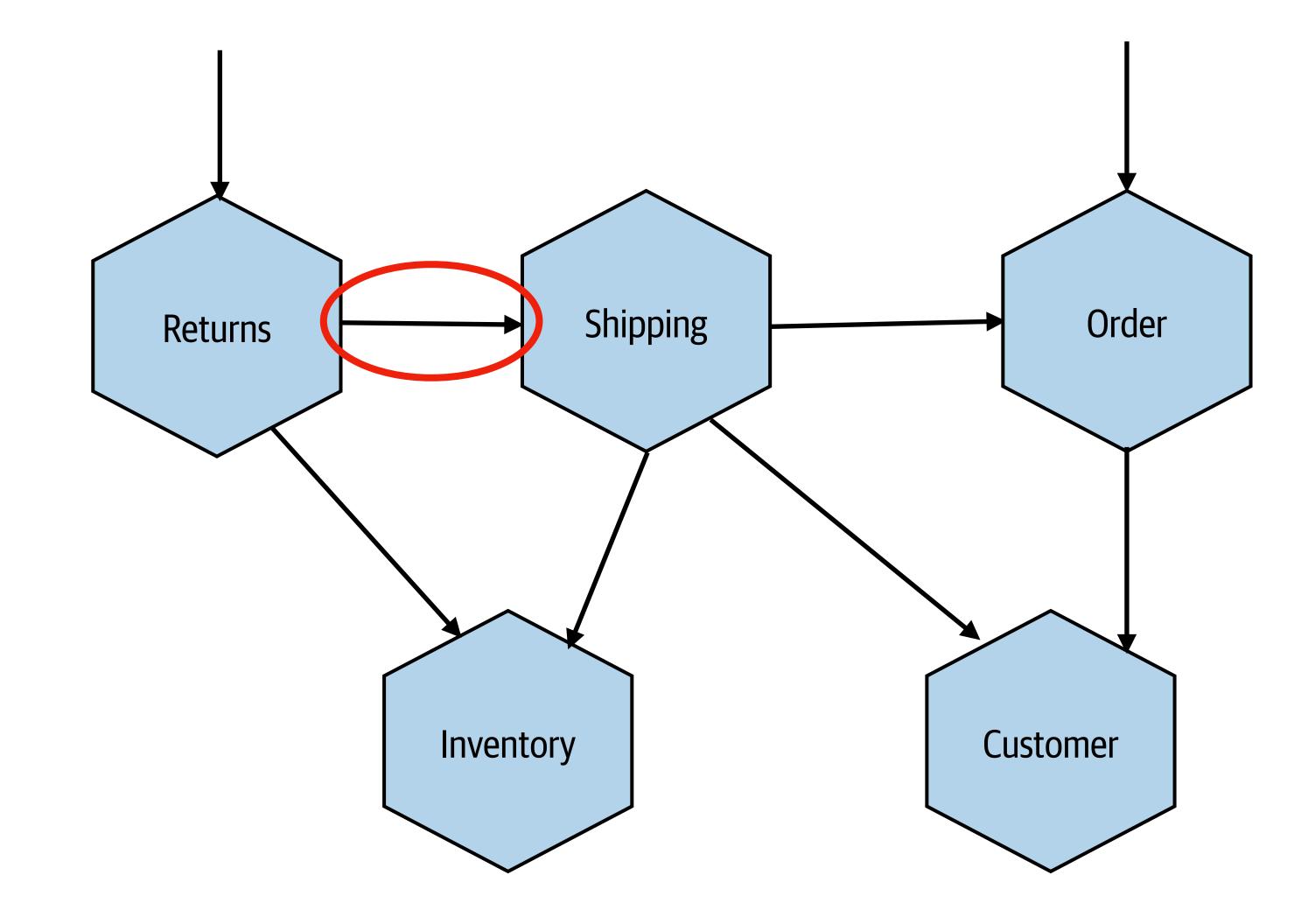






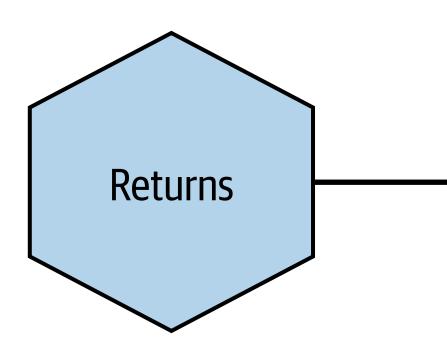


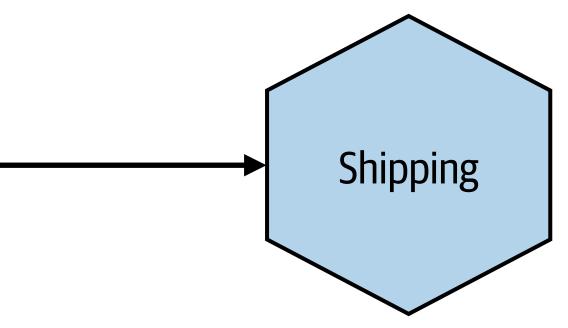


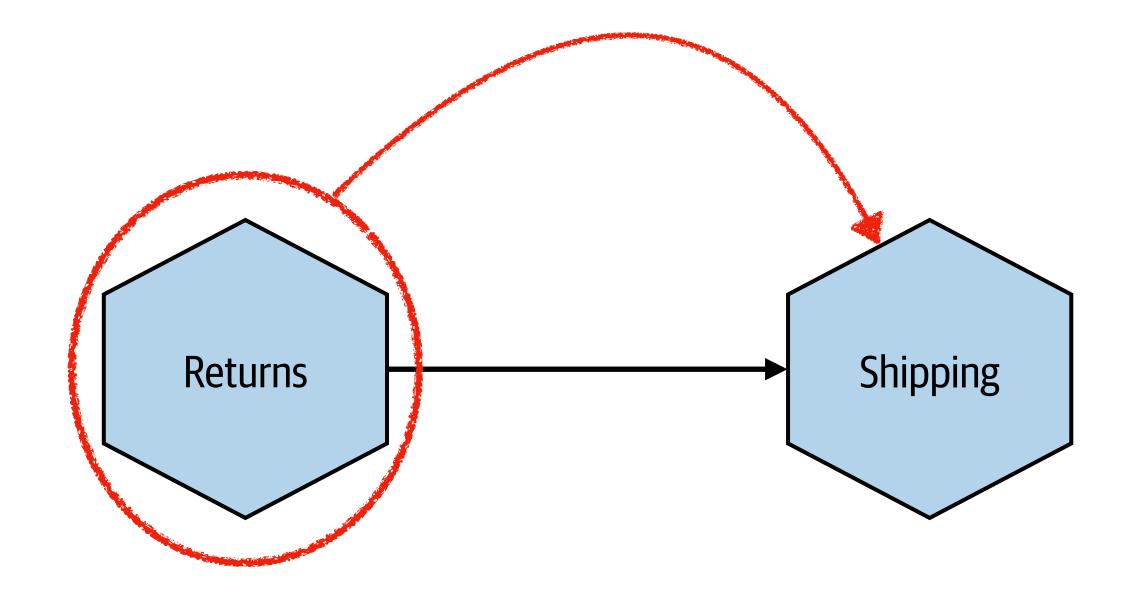


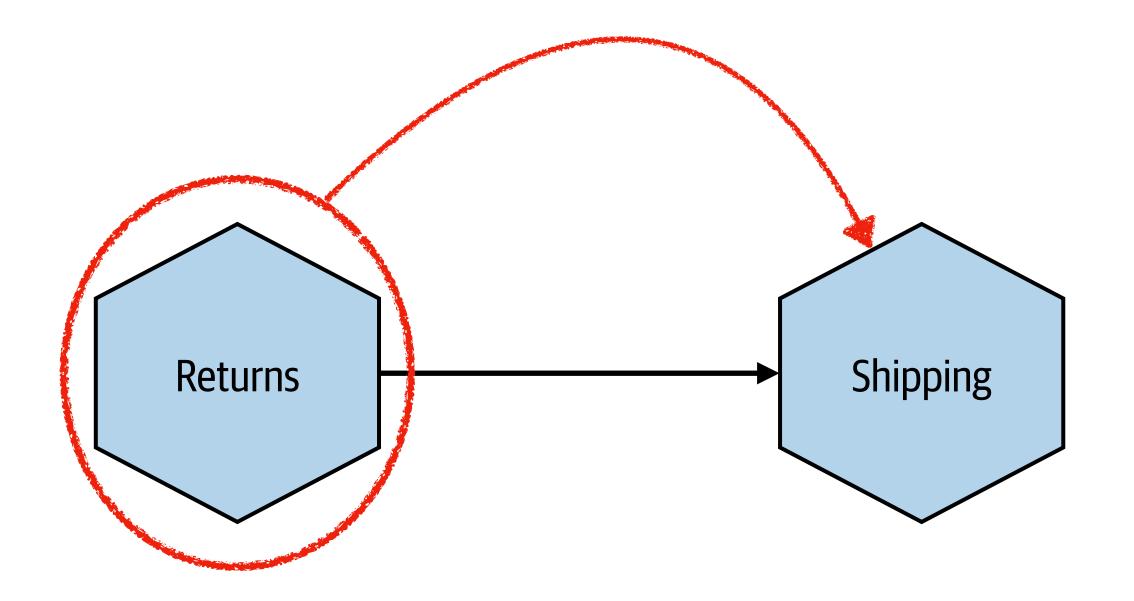
Logical dependency











The Returns microservice depends on some functionality which Shipping provides

Synchronous

Synchronous vs Asynchronous

MAIN STYLES OF COMMUNICATION

MAIN STYLES OF COMMUNICATION

Request/Response

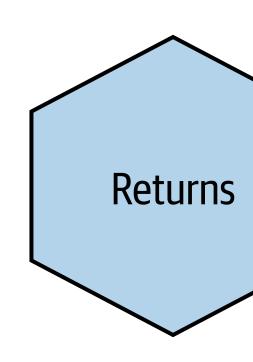
MAIN STYLES OF COMMUNICATION

Request/Response

Event-Driven

REQUEST-RESPONSE

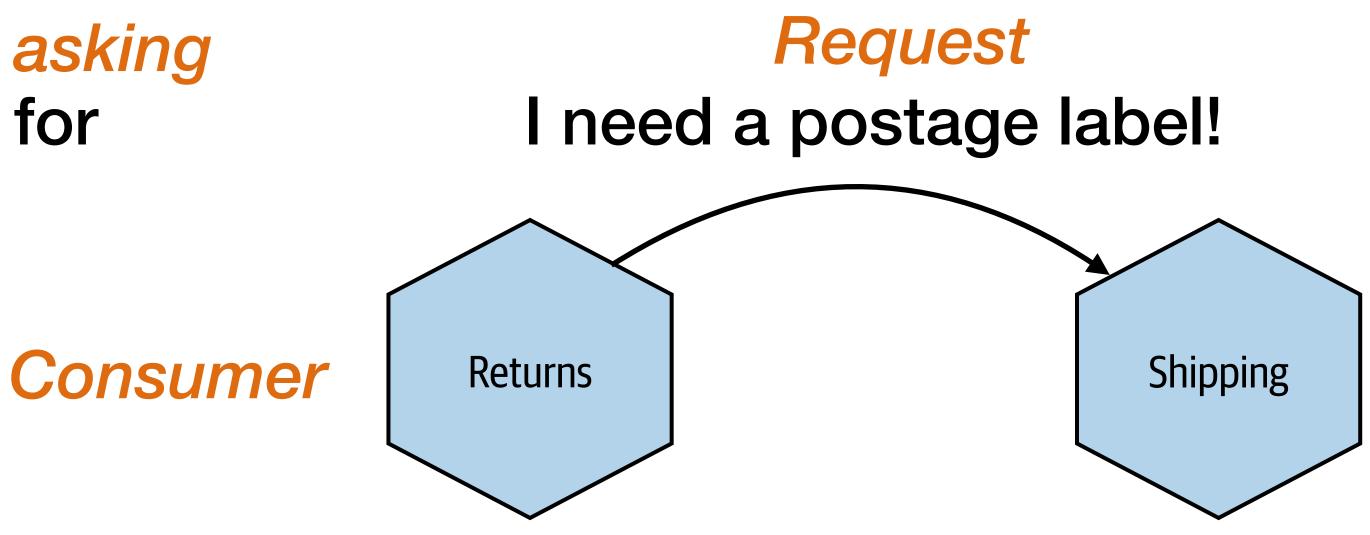
The consumer is *asking* the microservice for something





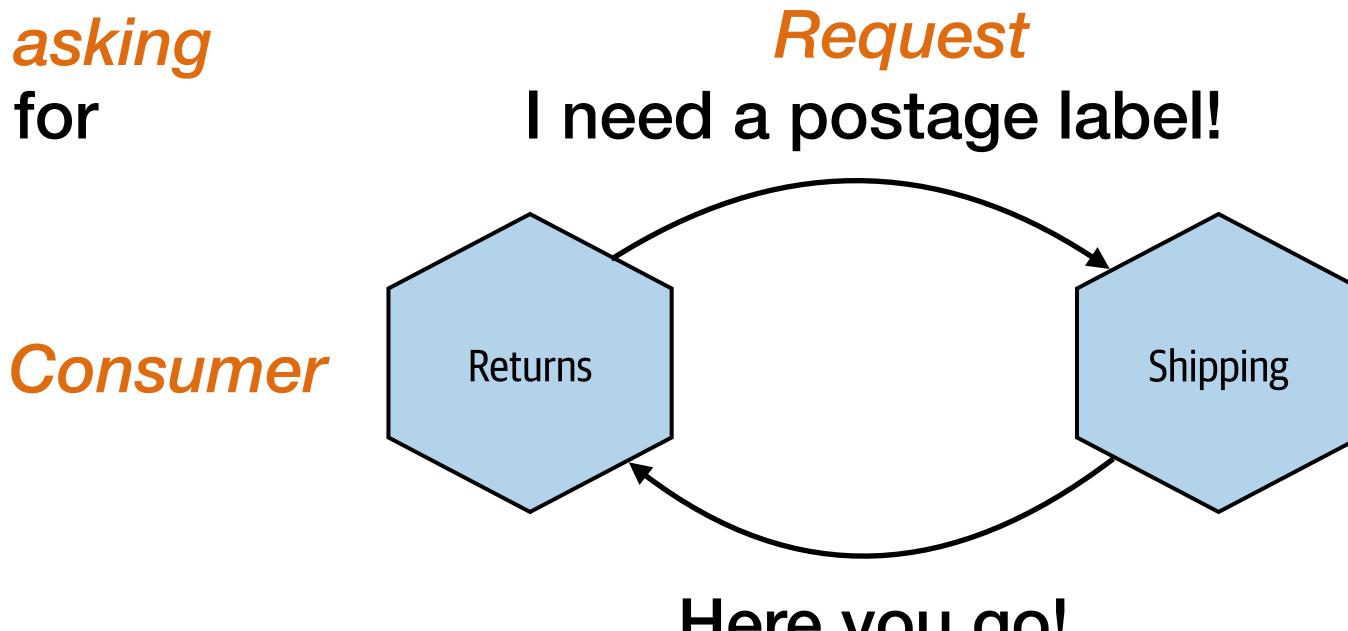
REQUEST-RESPONSE

The consumer is *asking* the microservice for something



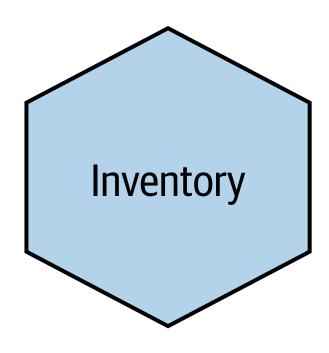
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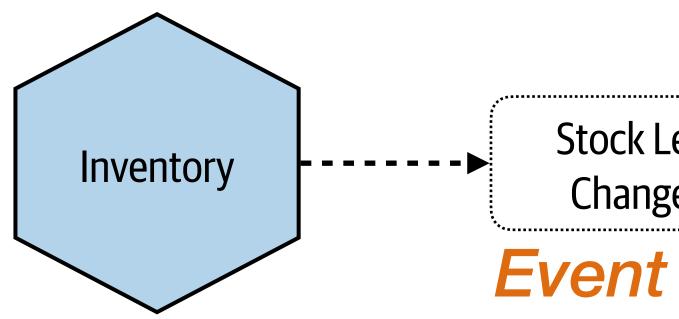


Here you go! Response

An event (fact) is broadcast

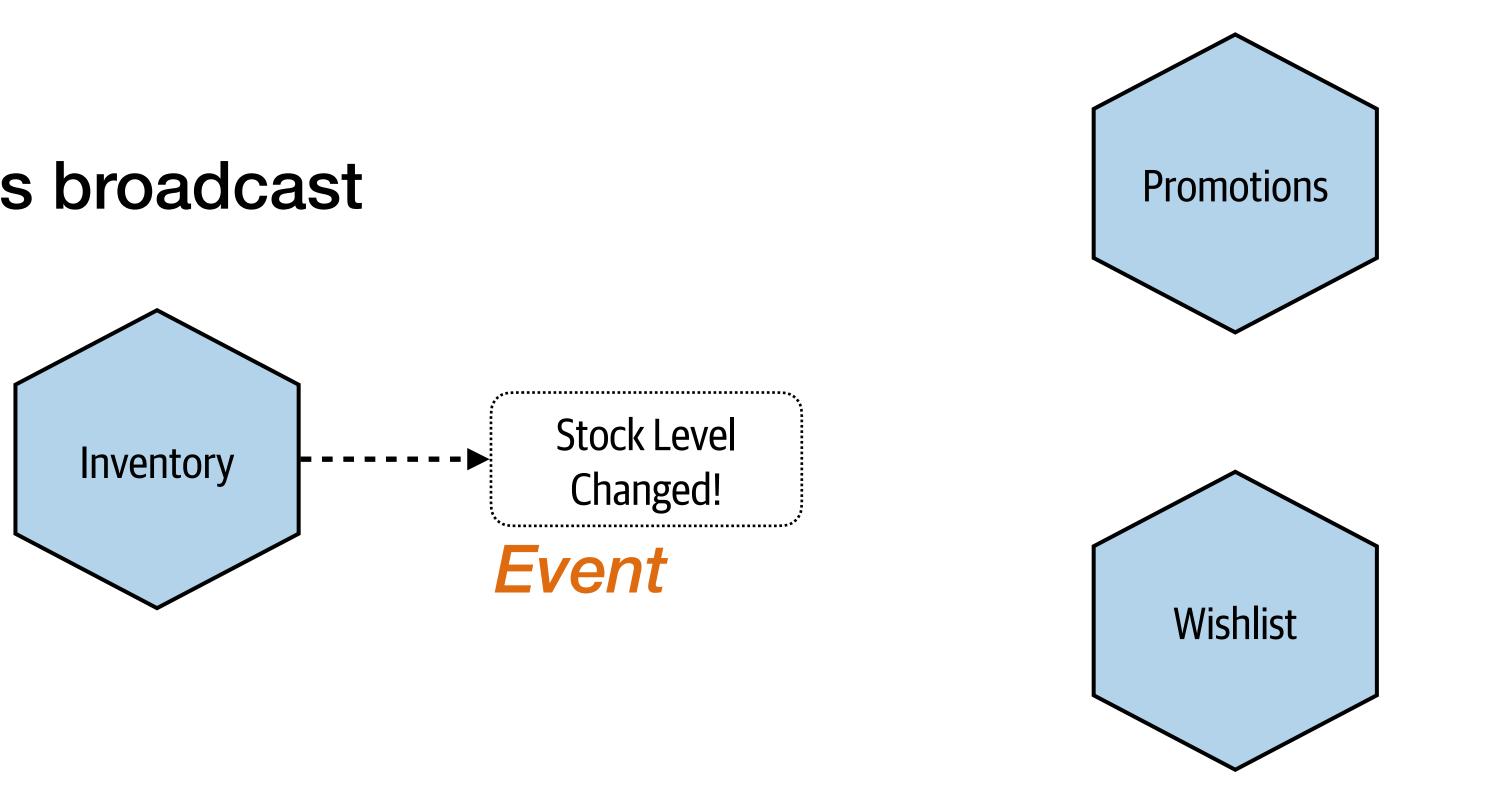


An event (fact) is broadcast

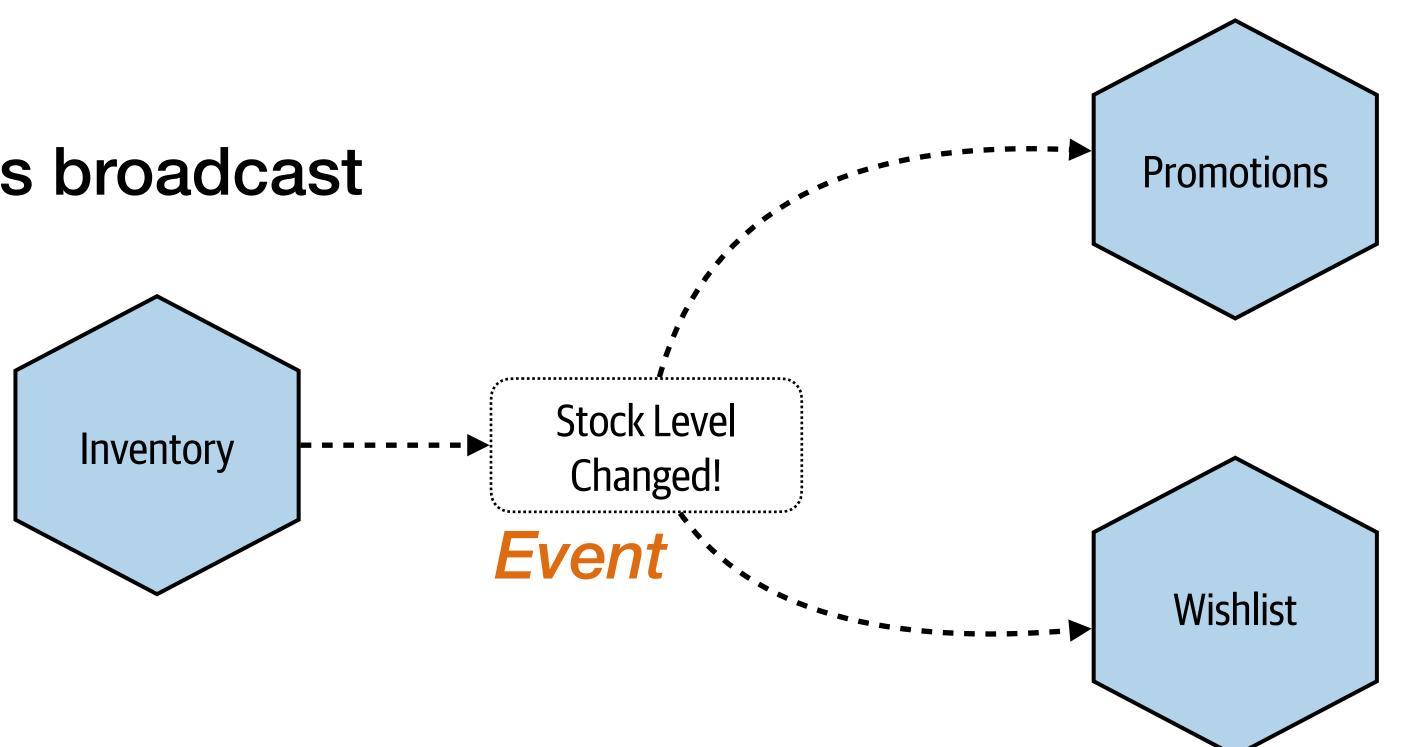


Stock Level Changed!

An event (fact) is broadcast

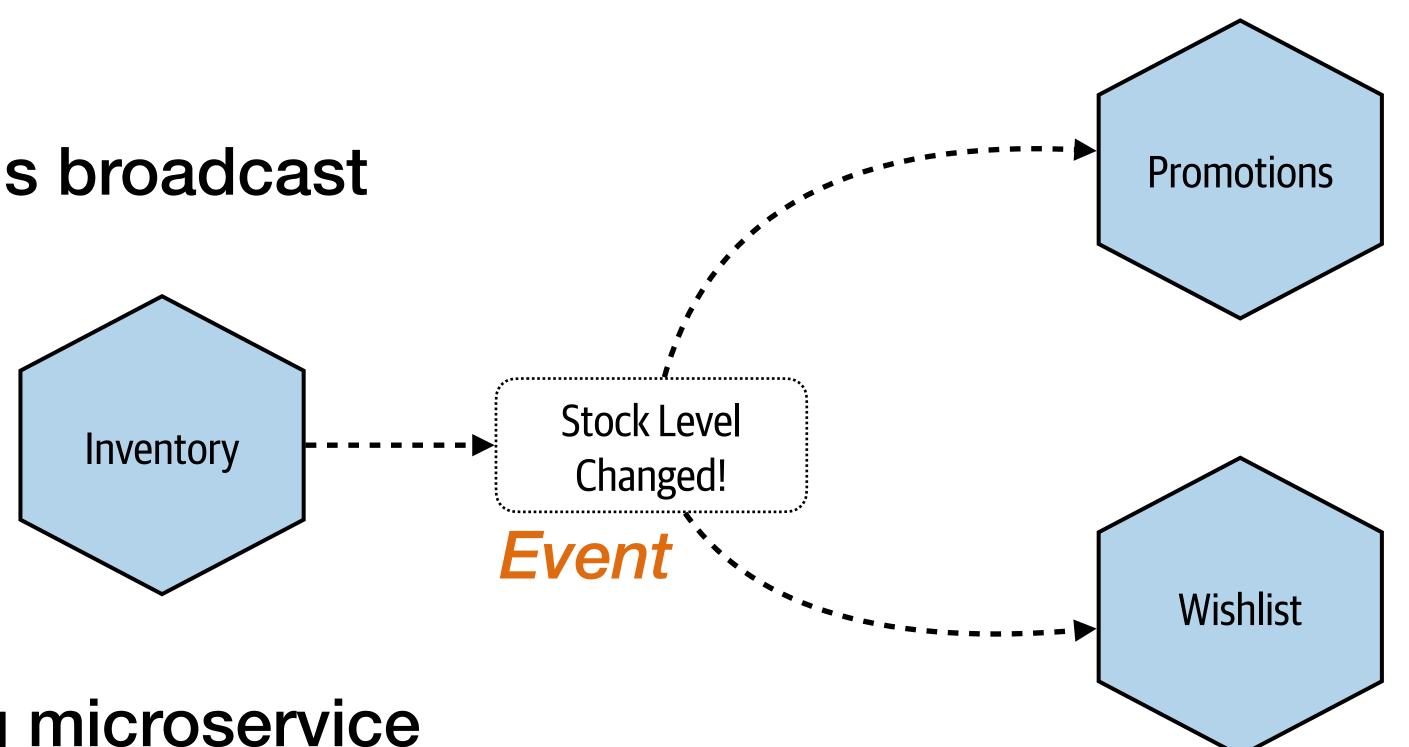


An event (fact) is broadcast



Interested parties receive the event and react accordingly

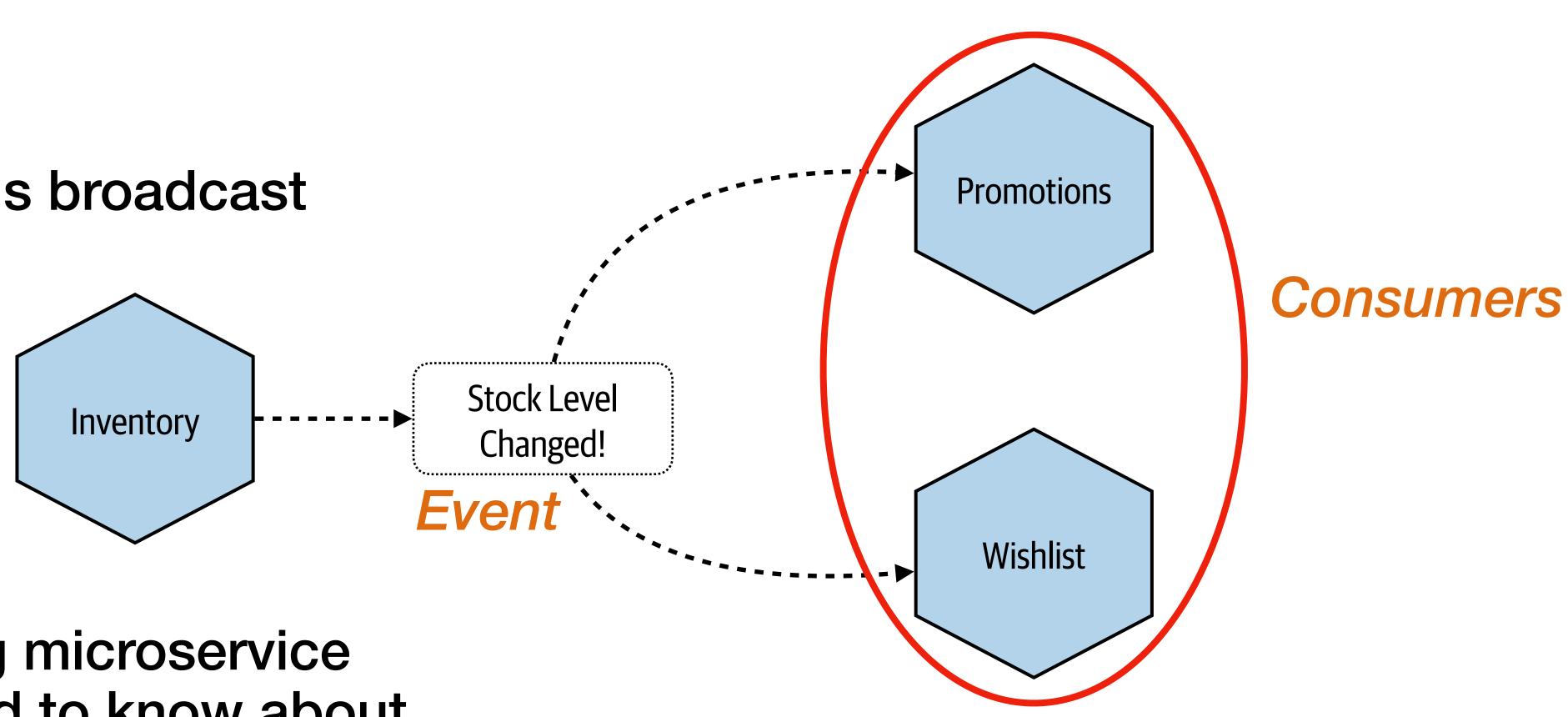
An event (fact) is broadcast



The emitting microservice doesn't need to know about consumers

Interested parties receive the event and react accordingly

An event (fact) is broadcast



The emitting microservice doesn't need to know about consumers

Interested parties receive the event and react accordingly

Synchronous vs Asynchronous

Request/Response

Event-Driven

Request/Response Synchronous or Asynchronous

Event-Driven

Request/Response Synchronous or Asynchronous

Event-Driven Asynchronous

I don't think there is any consistent definition of what asynchronous communication means

Don't Get Stuck in the CON Game (V3)

Consistency, convergence, and confluence are not the same! Eventual consistency and eventual convergence aren't the same as confluence, either.



Pat Helland Jul 1 ♥ 3 🗔 Ô

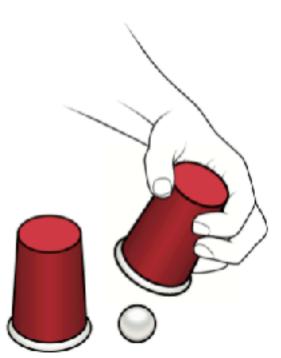


This is the 3rd version of "Don't Get Stuck in the CON Game" that I've blogged.

Like many others, I've fallen victim to using the phrase *eventual consistency*. It's a popular phrase, even though its meaning is fuzzy. Different communities within computer science use the word *consistency* in varying ways. Even within these different communities, people are inconsistent in their use of *consistency*. That fuzziness has gotten many of us tangled up in misunderstanding.

It turns out that there are other terms, *convergence* and *confluence*, that have crisper definitions and are more easily understood than *consistency*.

https://pathelland.substack.com/p/dont-get-stuck-in-the-con-game-v3





Sam Newman 🤣 @samnewman

synchronous and asynchronous inter-service comms mean to you?

11:29 AM · Jul 13, 2021

https://twitter.com/samnewman/status/1414894650125586434

So I think the distinction for many people between communication to be *really* fuzzy. What does async

...

What I found might shock you!



https://twitter.com/darrenhobbs/status/1414920239142342662

This implies that asynchronous communication will be slower!

But this **feels* like a useful distinction



REACTIVE MANIFESTO



Published on September 16 2014. (v2.0)

Organisations working in disparate domains are independently discovering patterns for building software that look the same. These systems are more robust, more resilient, more flexible and better positioned to meet modern demands.

These changes are happening because application requirements have changed dramatically in recent years. Only a few years ago a large application had tens of servers, seconds of response time, hours of offline maintenance and gigabytes of data. Today applications are deployed on everything from mobile devices to cloud-based clusters running thousands of multi-core processors. Users expect millisecond response times and 100% uptime. Data is measured in Petabytes. Today's demands are simply not met by yesterday's software architectures.

We believe that a coherent approach to systems architecture is needed, and we believe that all necessary aspects are already recognised individually: we want systems that are Responsive, Resilient, Elastic and Message Driven. We call these Reactive Systems.

Systems built as Reactive Systems are more flexible, loosely-coupled and scalable. This makes them easier to develop and amenable to change. They are significantly more tolerant of failure and when <u>failure</u> does occur they meet it with elegance rather than disaster. Reactive Systems are highly responsive, giving users effective interactive feedback.

The Reactive Manifesto

https://www.reactivemanifesto.org/

REACTIVE MANIFESTO?

Asynchronous

The Oxford Dictionary defines asynchronous as "not existing or occurring at the same time". In the context of this manifesto we mean that the processing of a request occurs at an arbitrary point in time, sometime after it has been transmitted from client to service. The client cannot directly observe, or synchronize with, the execution that occurs within the service. This is the antonym of synchronous processing which implies that the client only resumes its own execution once the service has processed the request.

https://www.reactivemanifesto.org/glossary#Asynchronous

"...the processing of a request occurs at an arbitrary time, sometime after it has been transmitted from client to server"

https://www.reactivemanifesto.org/glossary#Asynchronous

"...the processing of a request occurs at an arbitrary time, sometime after it has been transmitted from client to server"

https://www.reactivemanifesto.org/glossary#Asynchronous



As opposed to the server processing a request before it is sent?







https://flickr.com/photos/londonmatt/34854868023/



REACTIVE MANIFESTO (CONT)

"This is the [opposite] of synchronous processing which implies that the client only resumes its own execution once the service has processed the request."

https://www.reactivemanifesto.org/glossary#Asynchronous



Steve Smith @SteveSmith_Tech · Jul 13, 2021 Replying to @samnewman TCP connection open for the duration of a communication

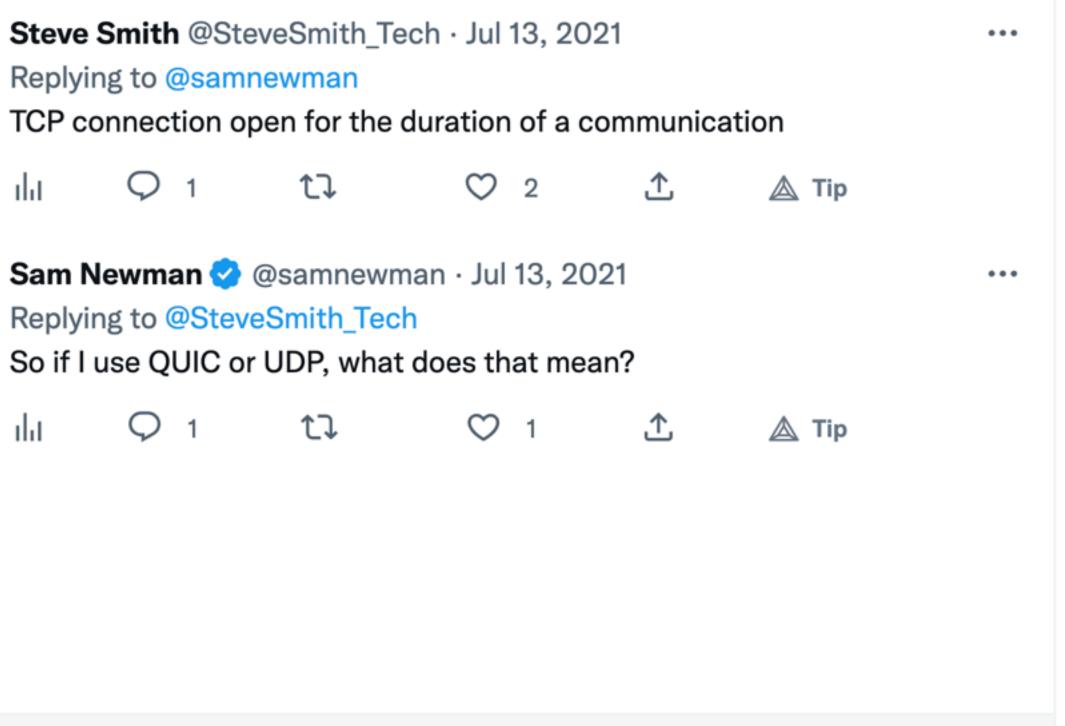
https://twitter.com/SteveSmith_Tech/status/1414906580542312450

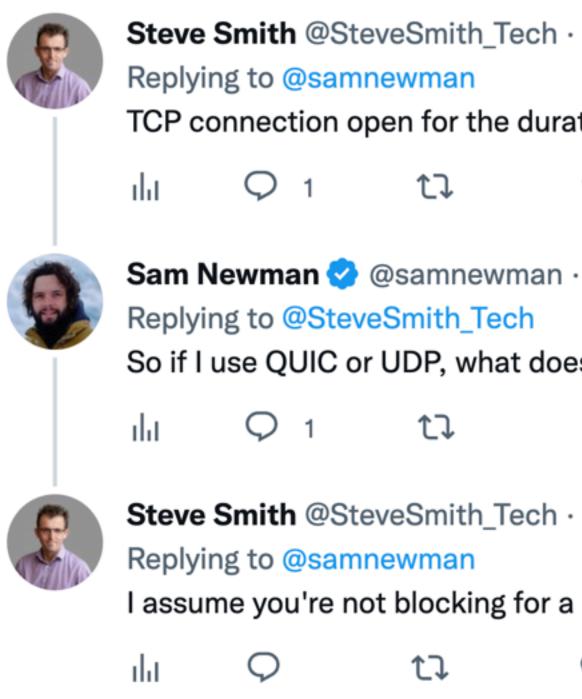




Replying to @samnewman TCP connection open for the duration of a communication ♀1 1↓ ♡2 1 ıШ Sam Newman 🤣 @samnewman · Jul 13, 2021 Replying to @SteveSmith_Tech So if I use QUIC or UDP, what does that mean?

https://twitter.com/SteveSmith_Tech/status/1414906580542312450





Replying to @samnewman TCP connection open for the durat Q 1 ĵĴ, ıШ Sam Newman 🤣 @samnewman · Replying to @SteveSmith_Tech So if I use QUIC or UDP, what does ♀1 む ıШ

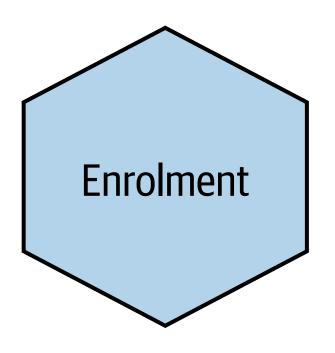
Steve Smith @SteveSmith_Tech · Replying to @samnewman I assume you're not blocking for a Q **î**↓ ıШ

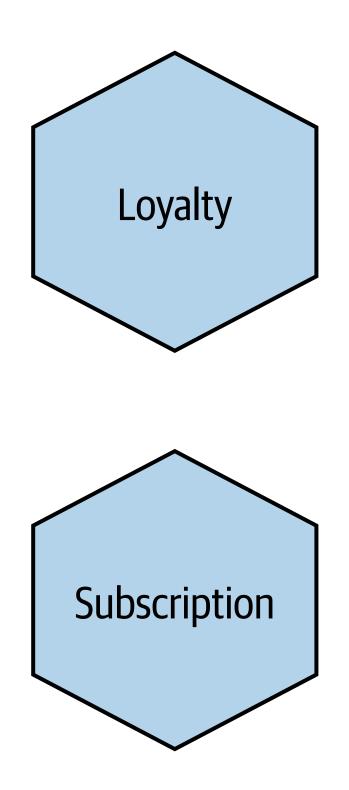
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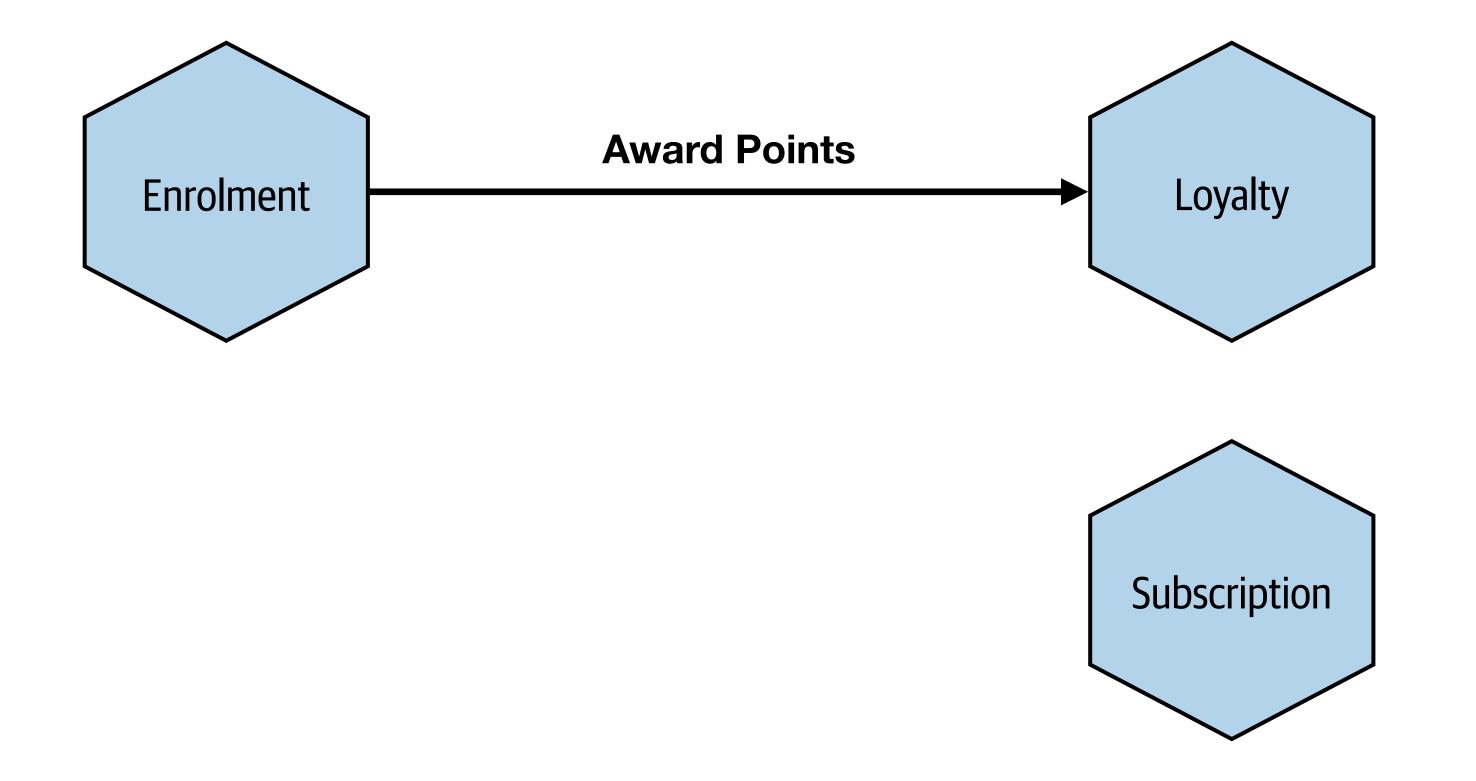
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Jul	13, 2021			•••
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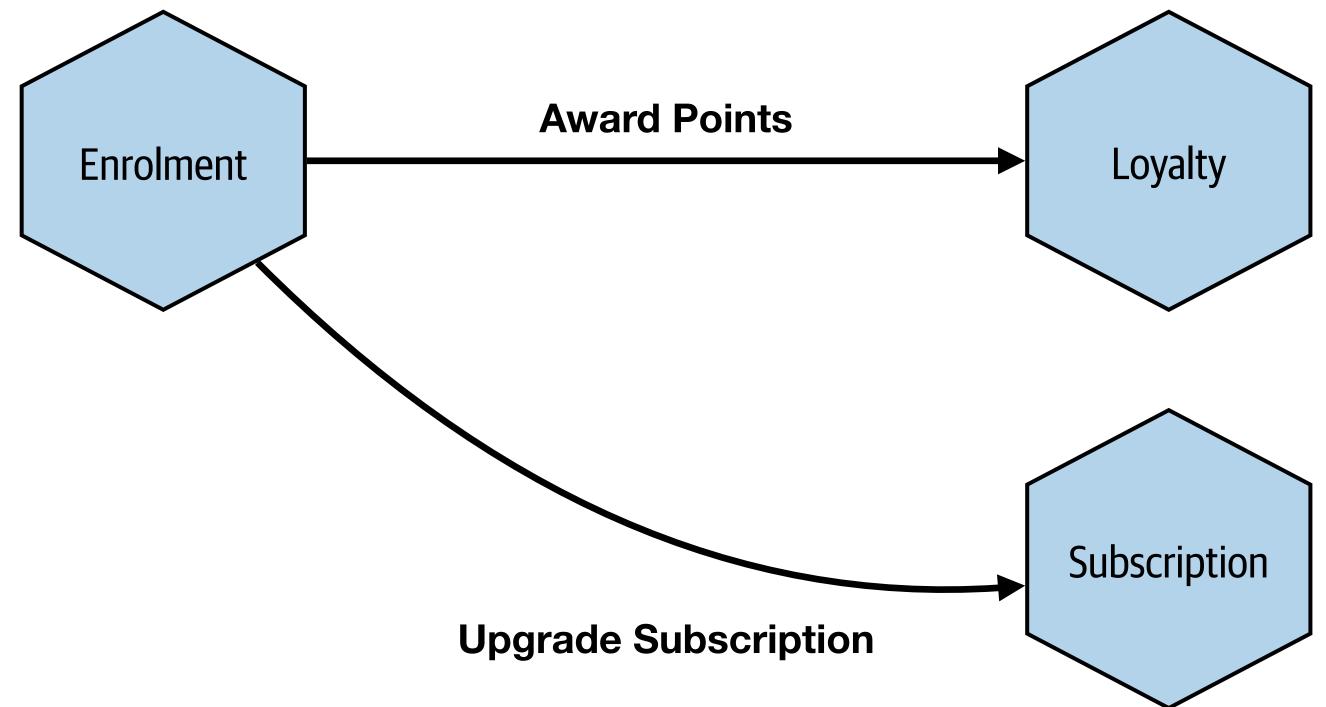
What this really is about is non-blocking

Let's explore the concept of nonblocking calls



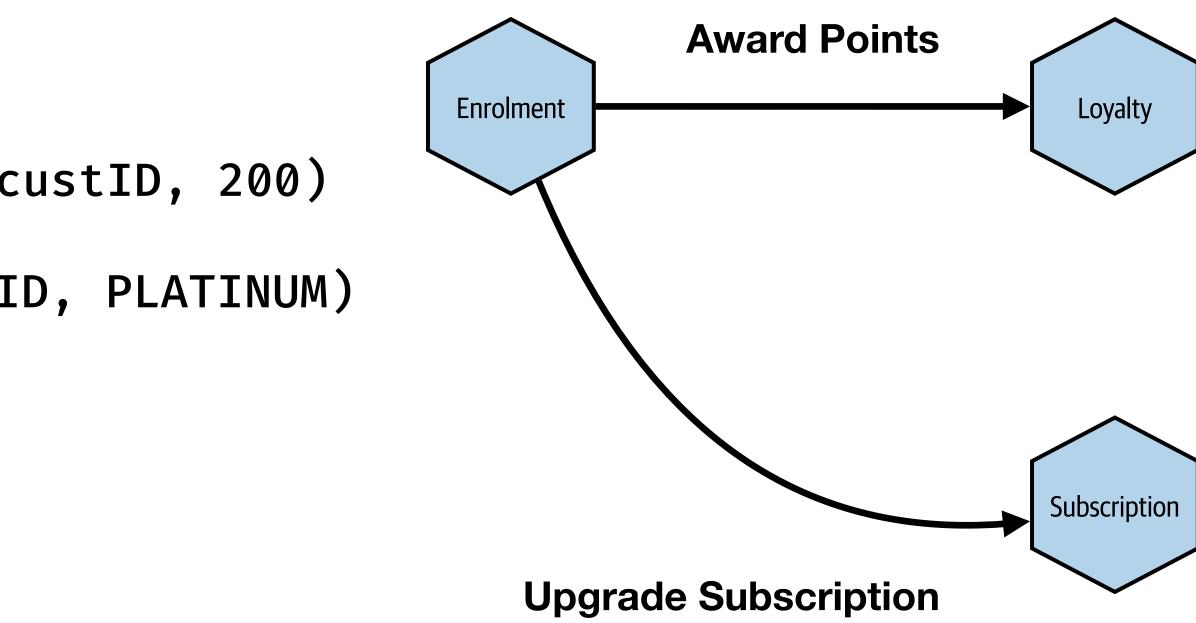




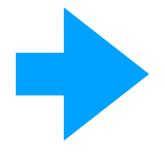


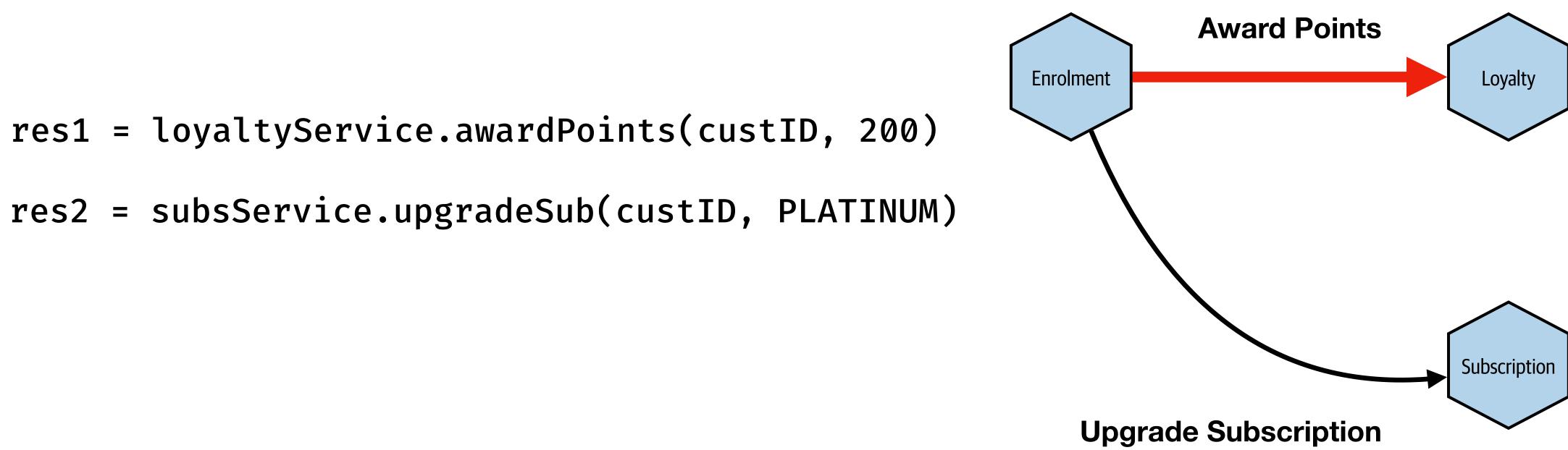
BLOCKING CALLS

- res1 = loyaltyService.awardPoints(custID, 200)
- res2 = subsService.upgradeSub(custID, PLATINUM)



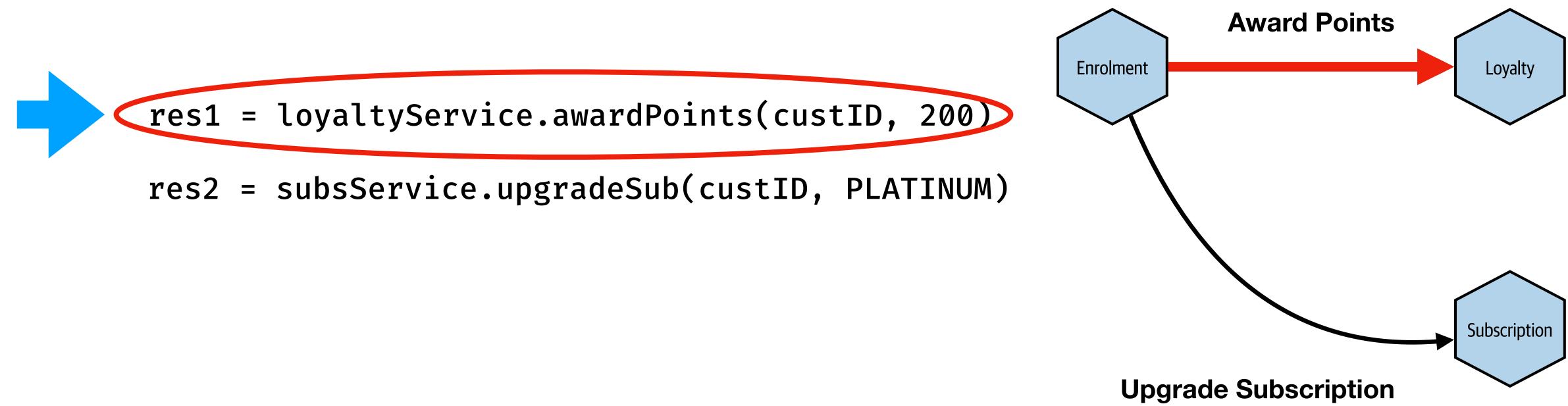
BLOCKING CALLS





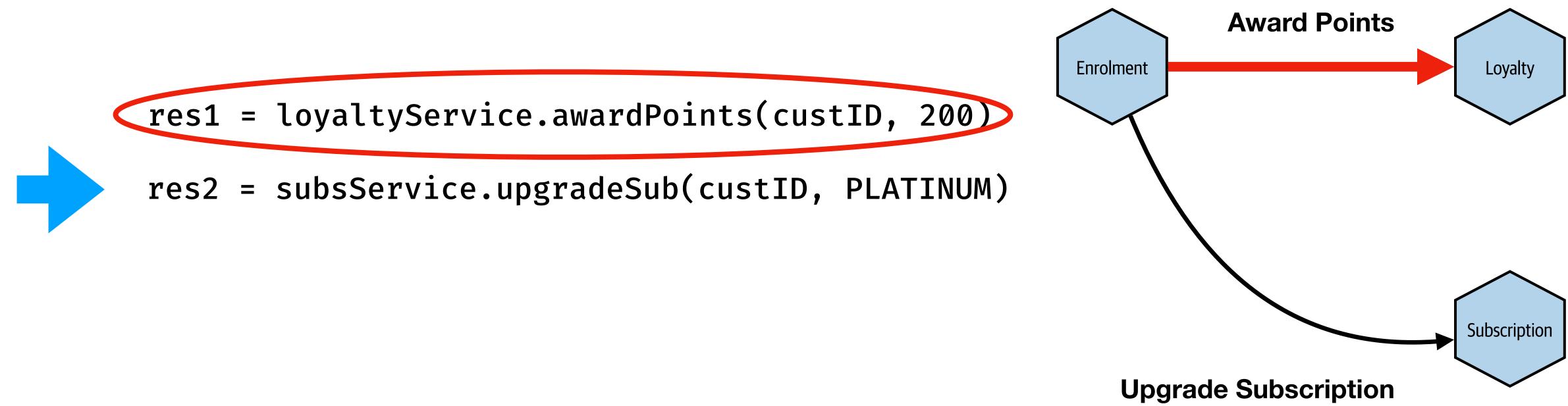


We then wait until we either get a response, or we give up



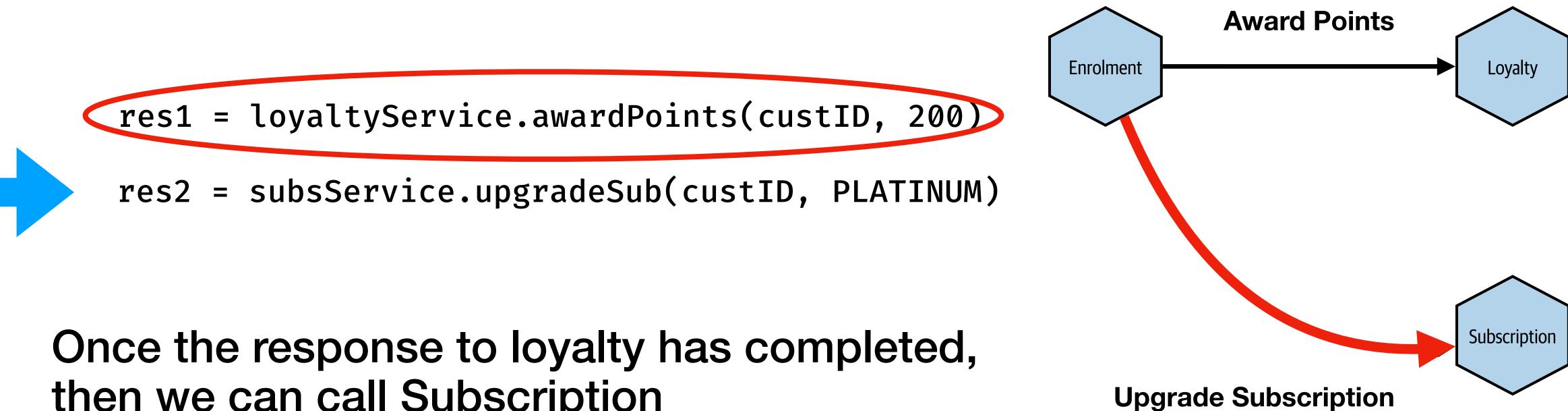


We then wait until we either get a response, or we give up



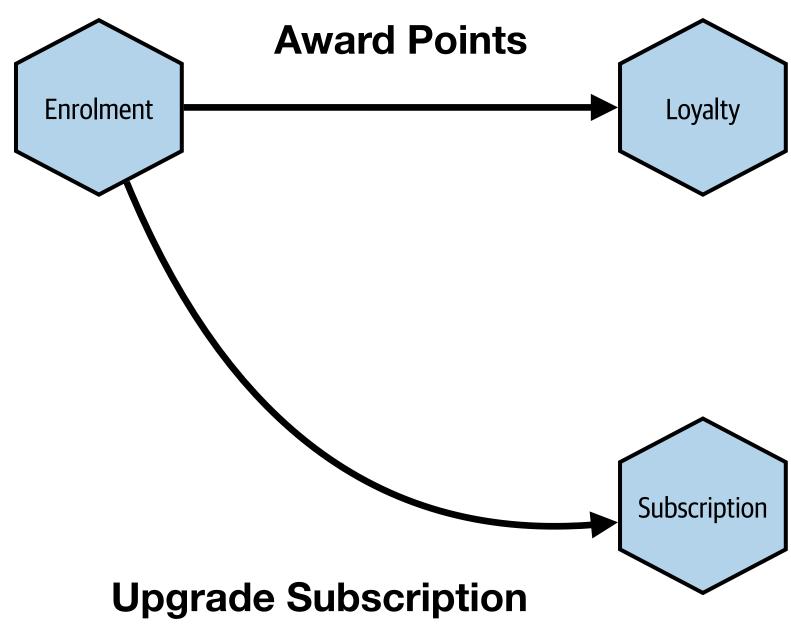


We then wait until we either get a response, or we give up



then we can call Subscription

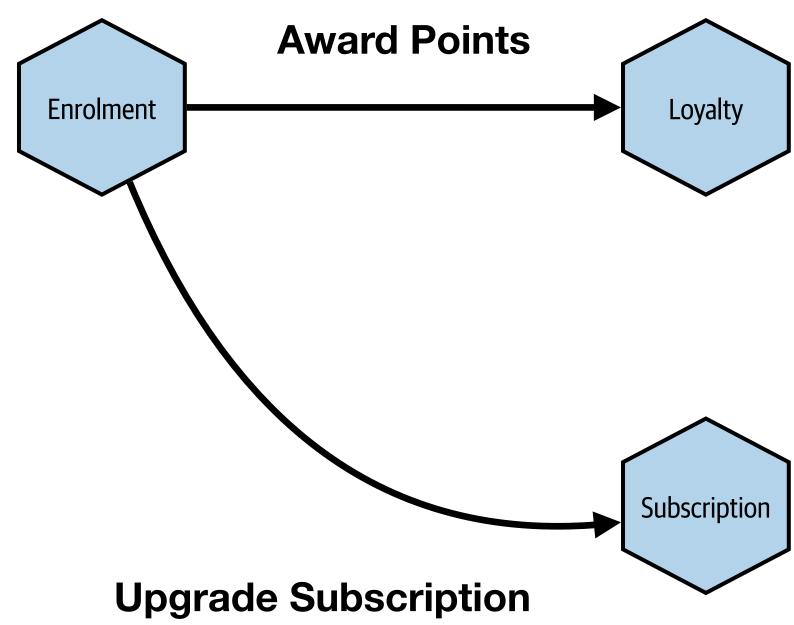
PROBLEMS WITH BLOCKING CALLS?



PROBLEMS WITH BLOCKING CALLS?

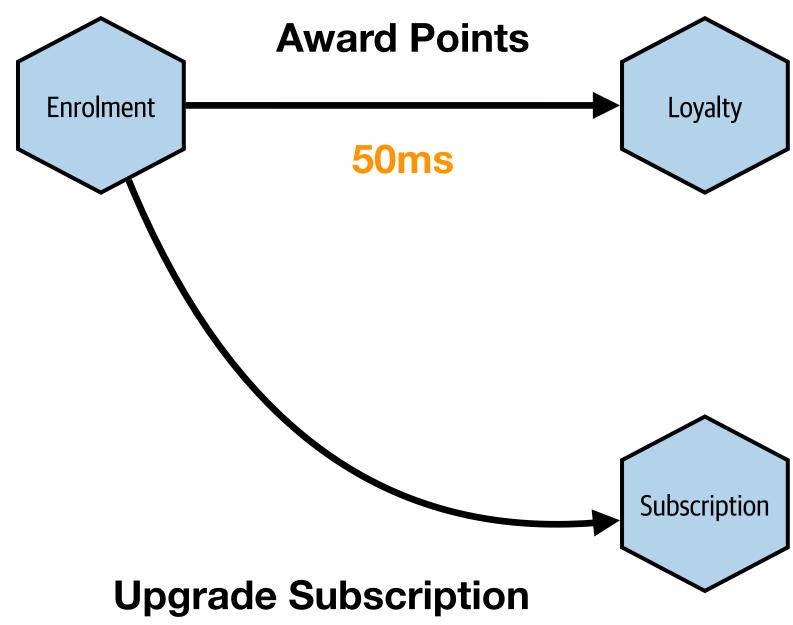
Latency is the sum of the calls





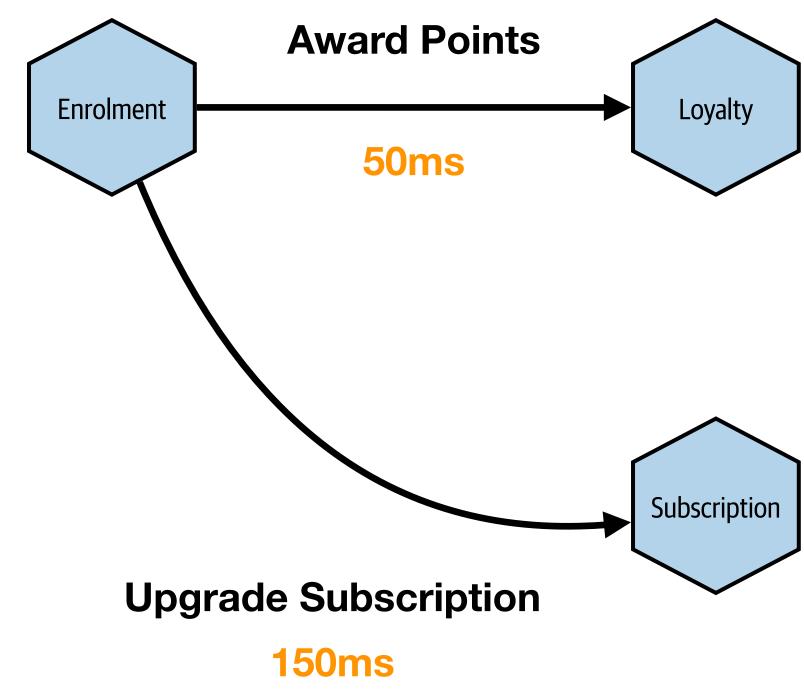
Latency is the sum of the calls





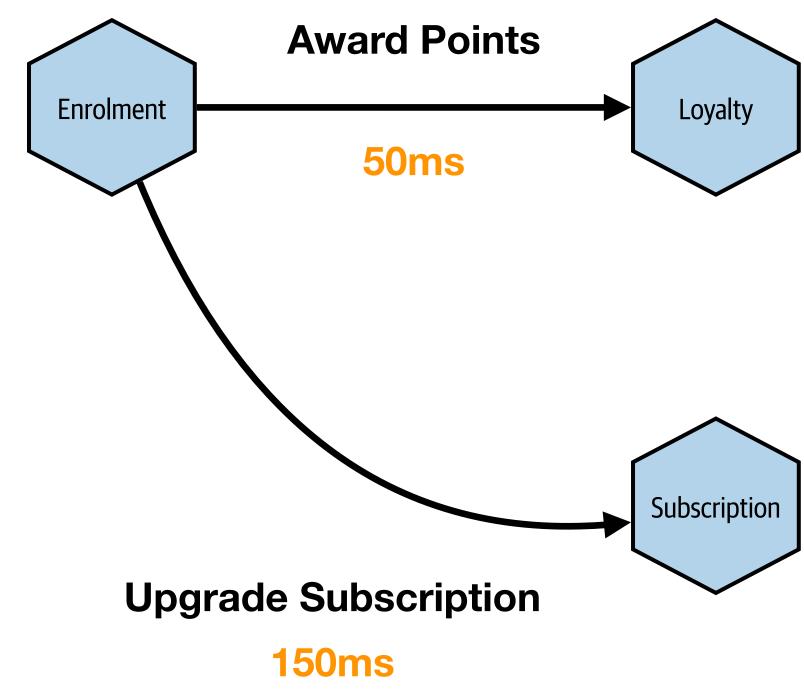
Latency is the sum of the calls





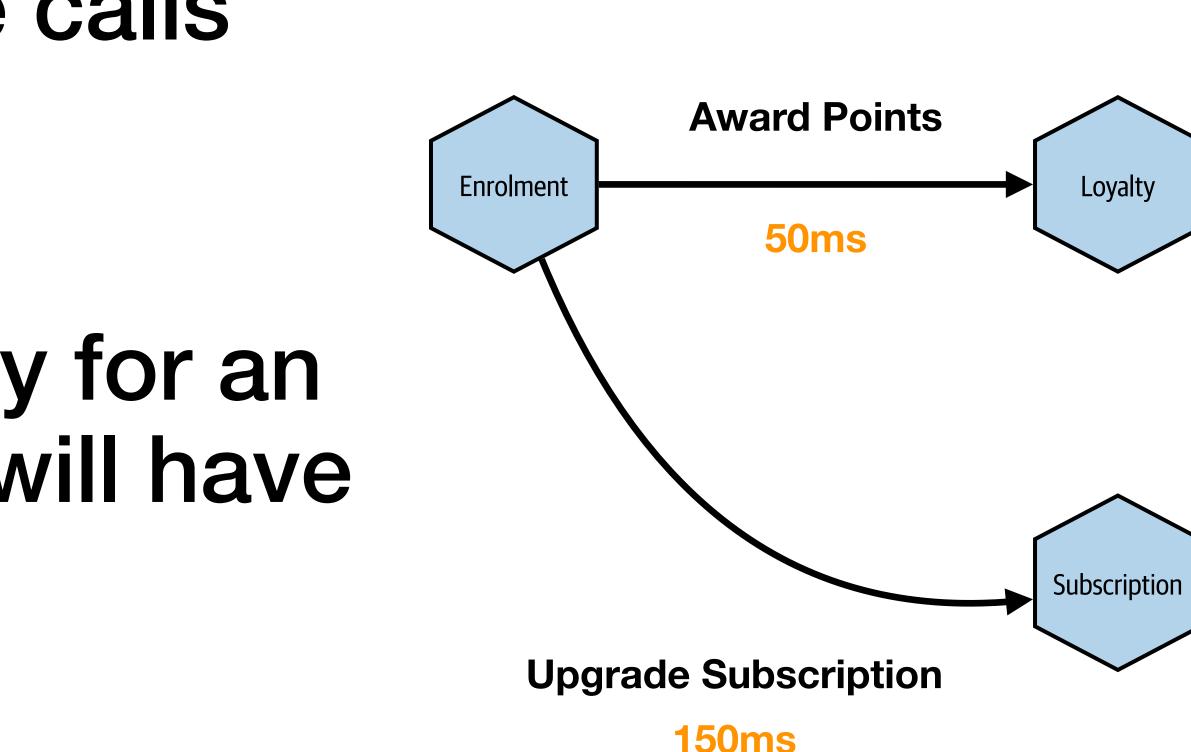
Latency is the sum of the calls e.g. 50 + 150ms = 200ms in total





Latency is the sum of the calls e.g. 50 + 150ms = 200ms in total

But remember that latency for an operation is not fixed - it will have a range

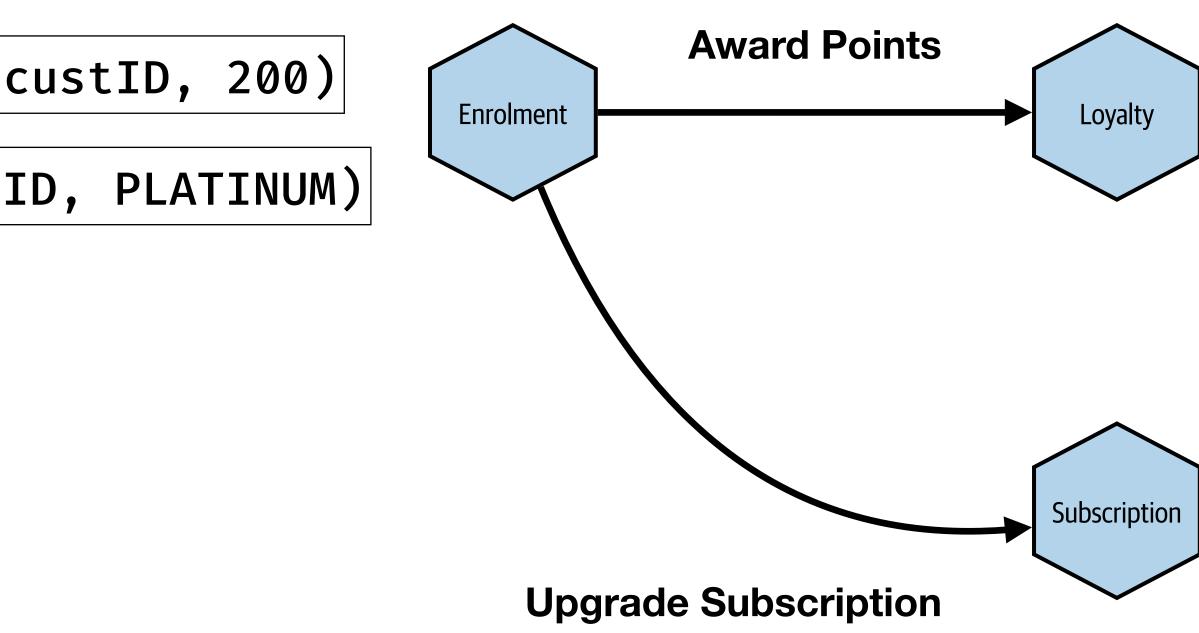


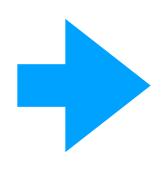
An improvement would be to do these two calls in parallel



res1 = loyaltyService.awardPoints(custID, 200)

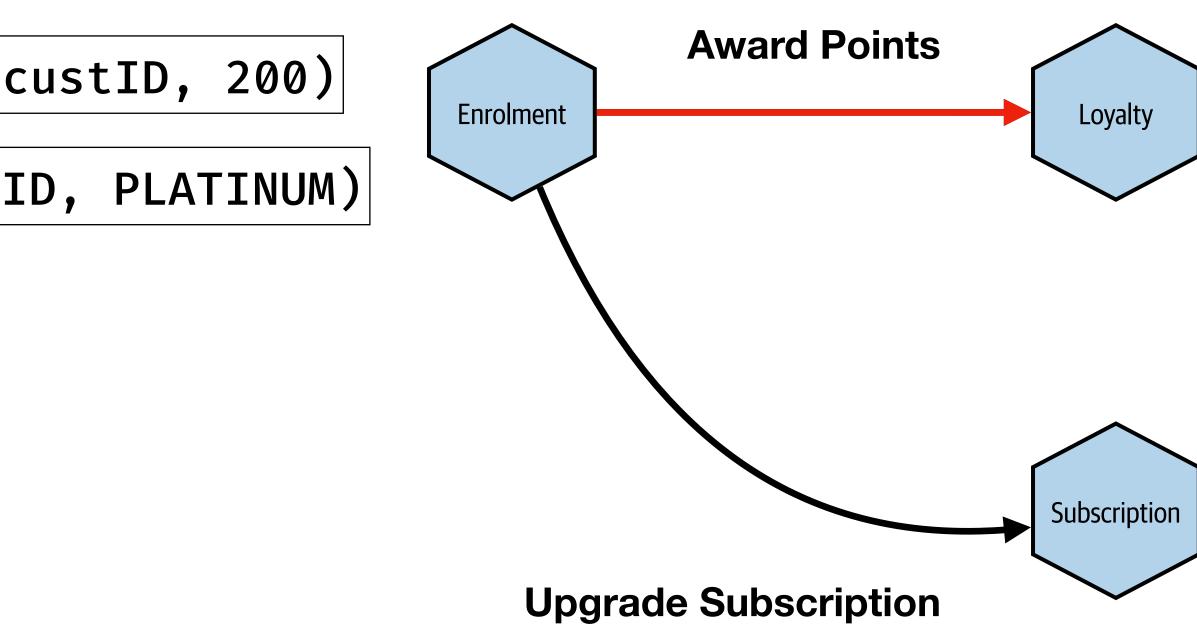
res2 = subsService.upgradeSub(custID, PLATINUM)



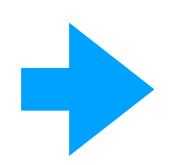


res1 = loyaltyService.awardPoints(custID, 200)

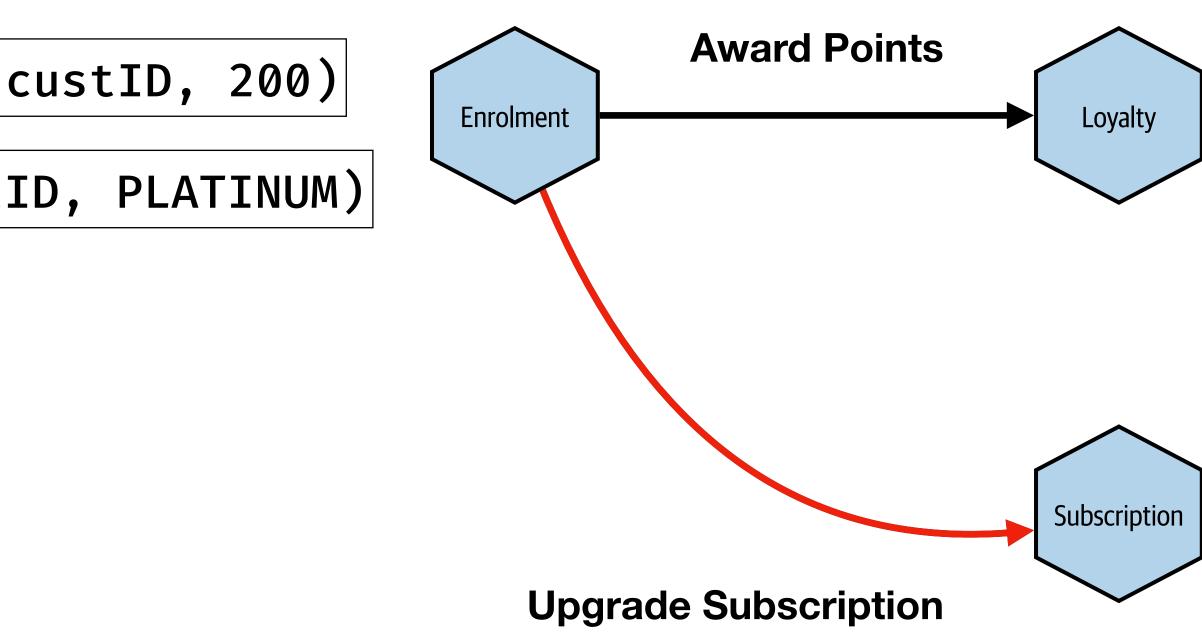
res2 = subsService.upgradeSub(custID, PLATINUM)

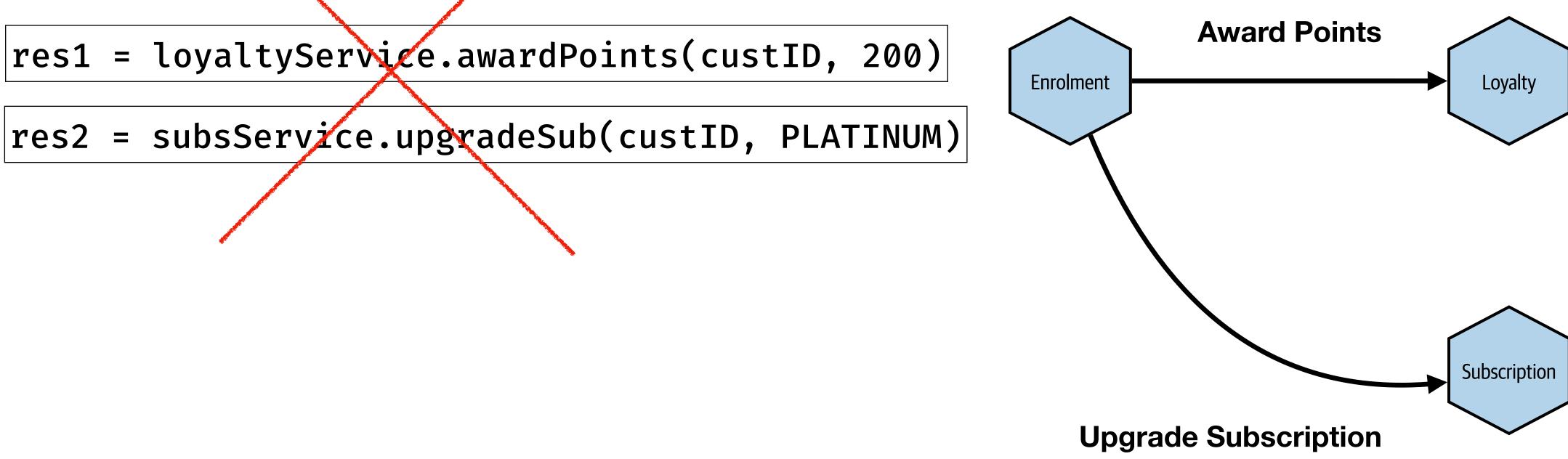


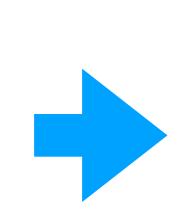
res1 = loyaltyService.awardPoints(custID, 200)

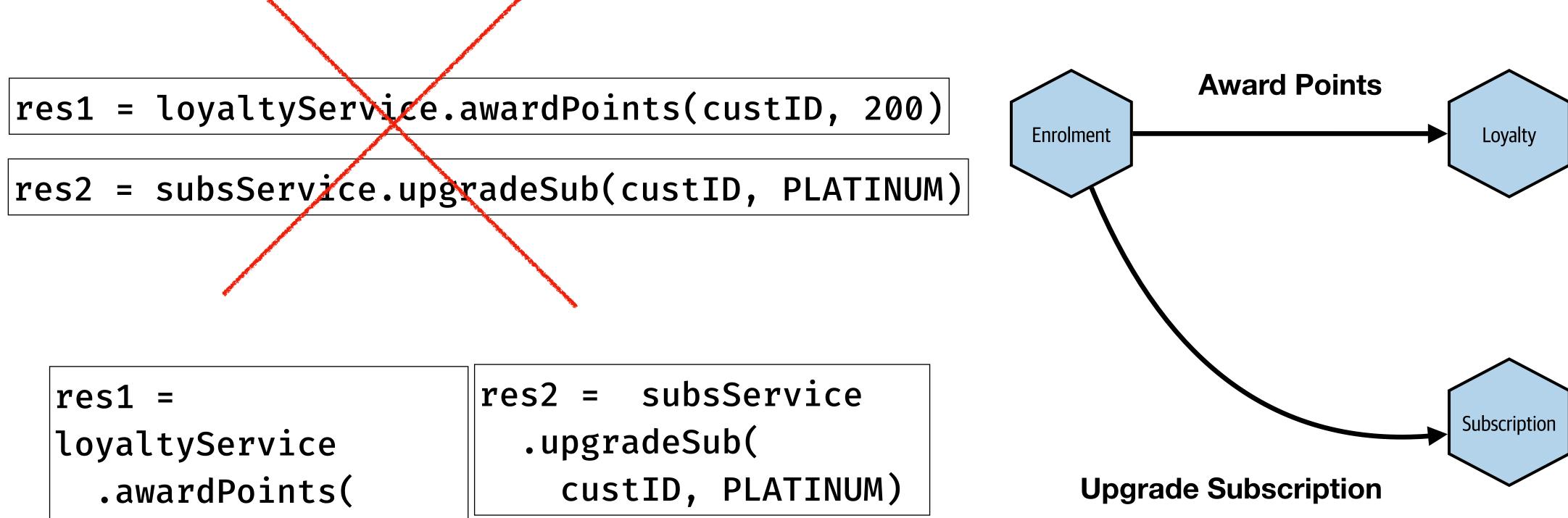


res2 = subsService.upgradeSub(custID, PLATINUM)

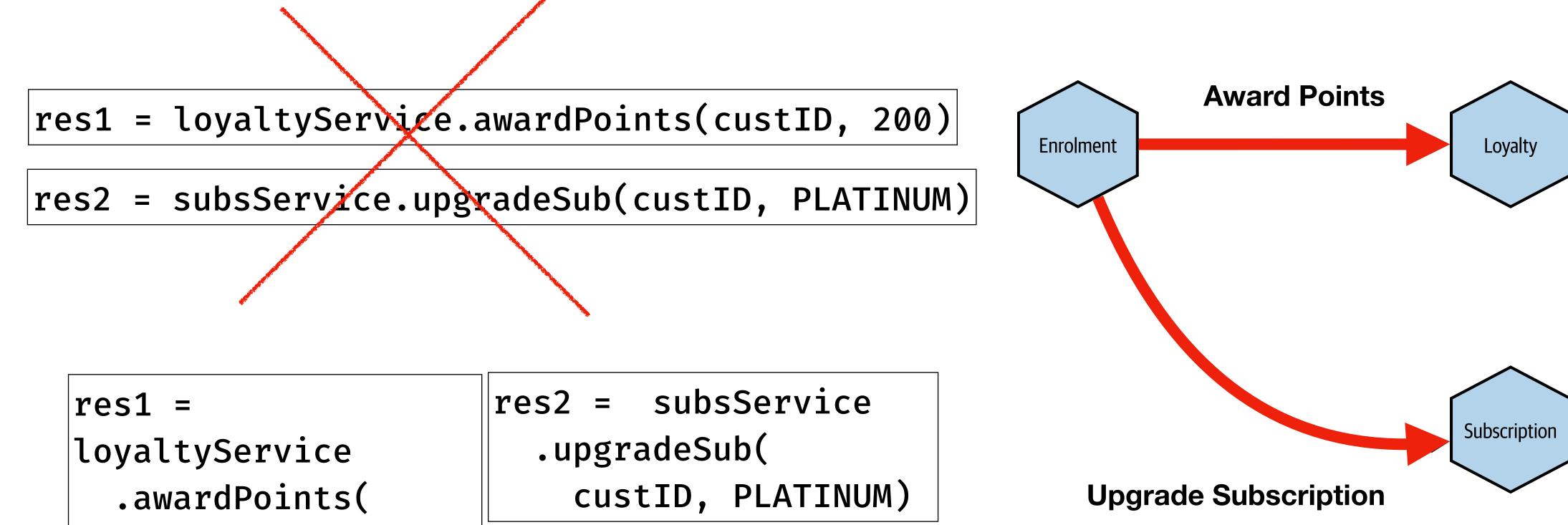


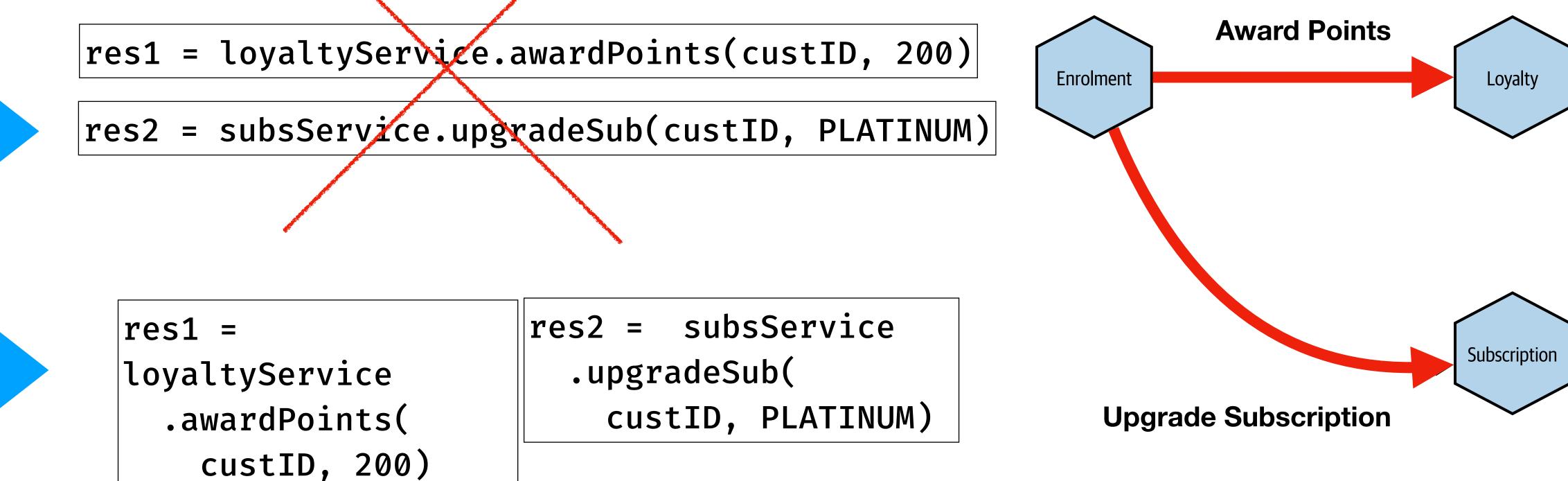




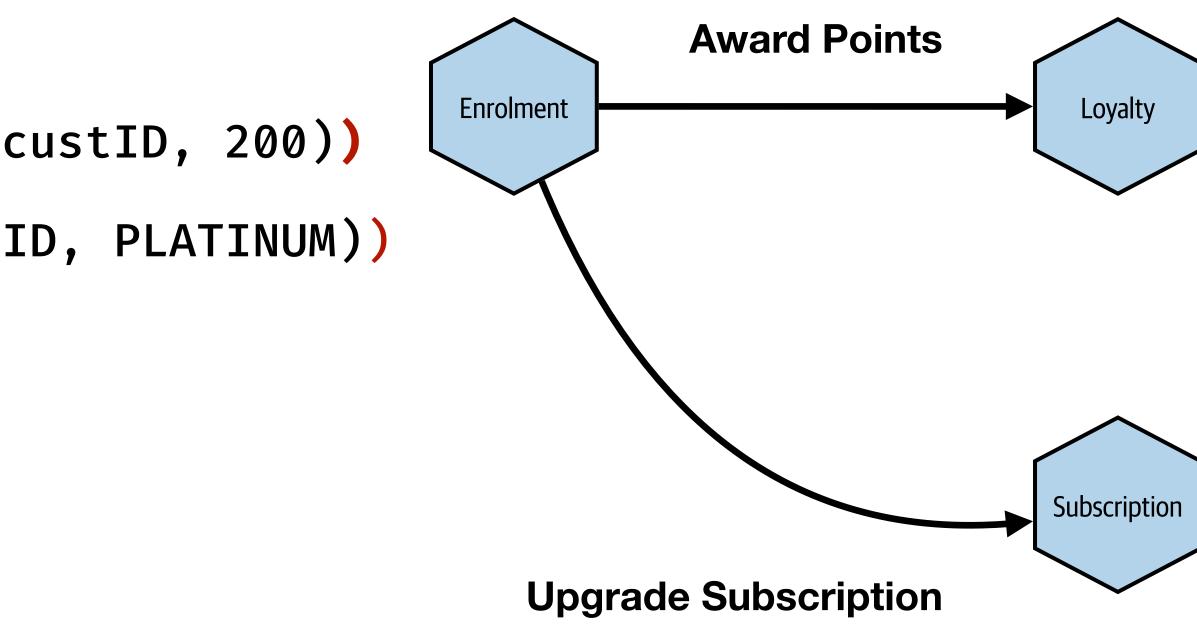


custID, 200)





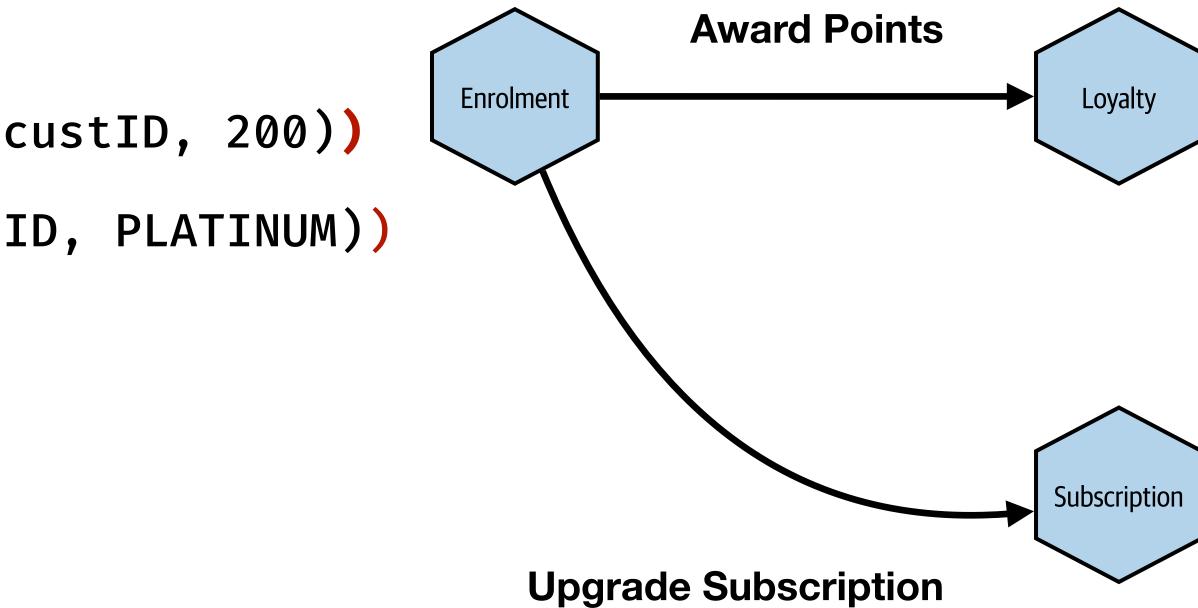
- fut1 = future(loyaltyService.awardPoints(custID, 200))
- fut2 = future(subsService.upgradeSub(custID, PLATINUM))



The future represents a background thread of execution - we can continue while the call is made in the background

fut1 = future(loyaltyService.awardPoints(custID, 200)) fut2 = future(subsService.upgradeSub(custID, PLATINUM))



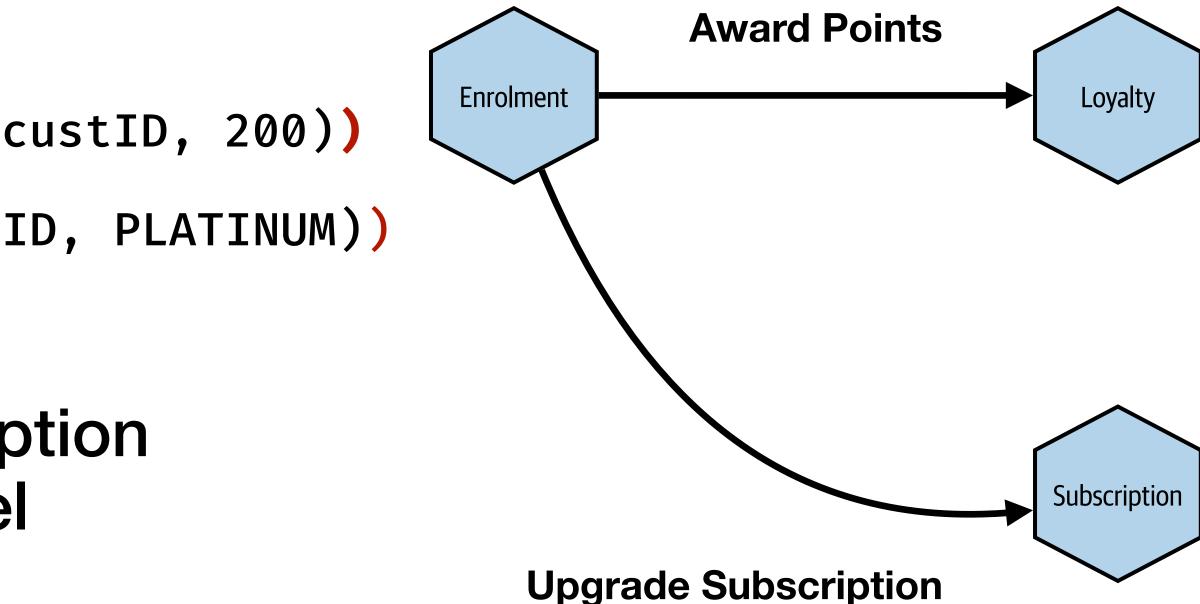


The future represents a background thread of execution - we can continue while the call is made in the background

- fut1 = future(loyaltyService.awardPoints(custID, 200))
- fut2 = future(subsService.upgradeSub(custID, PLATINUM))

So the calls to Loyalty and Subscription service can now be made in parallel



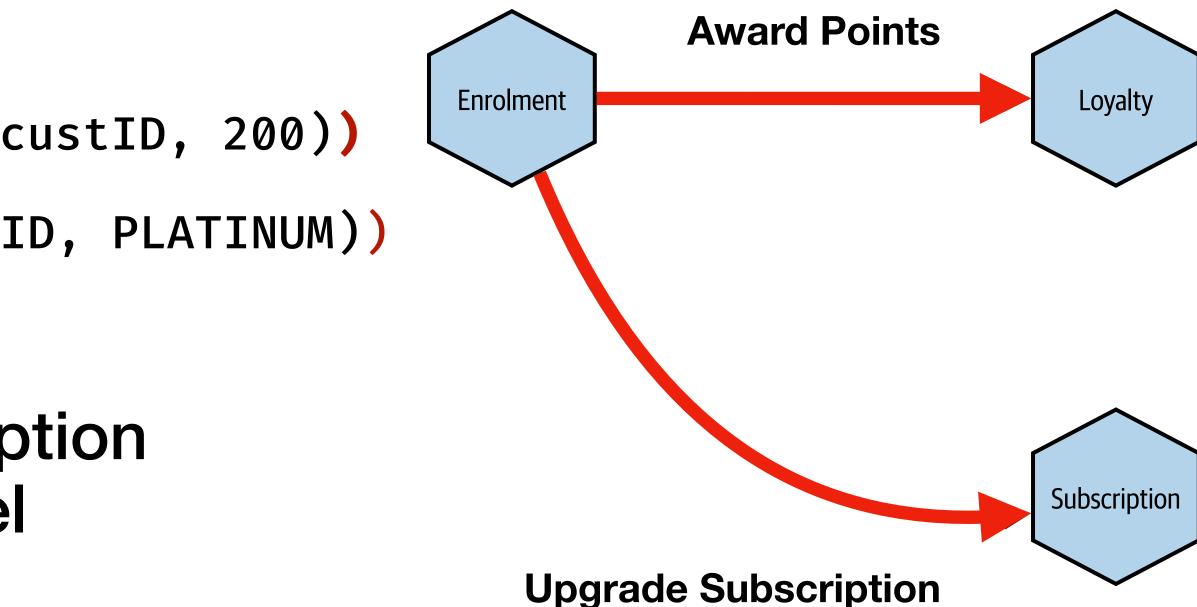


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- fut1 = future(loyaltyService.awardPoints(custID, 200))
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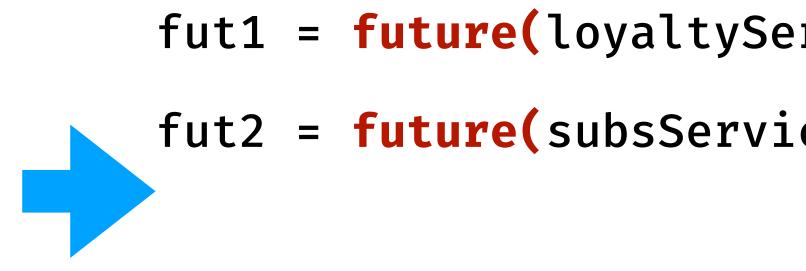
So the calls to Loyalty and Subscription service can now be made in parallel



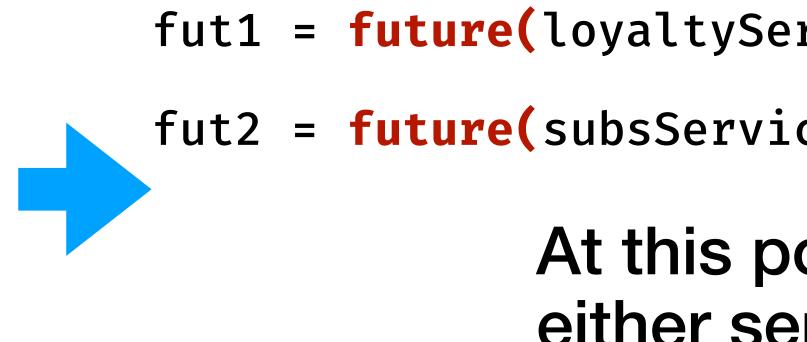


But we may actually need the responses, right?

fut1 = future(loyaltyService.awardPoints(custID, 200)) fut2 = future(subsService.upgradeSub(custID, PLATINUM))



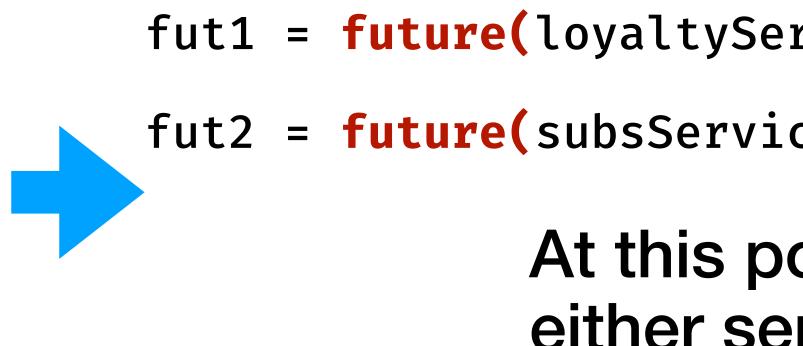
fut1 = future(loyaltyService.awardPoints(custID, 200)) fut2 = future(subsService.upgradeSub(custID, PLATINUM))



fut1 = future(loyaltyService.awardPoints(custID, 200))

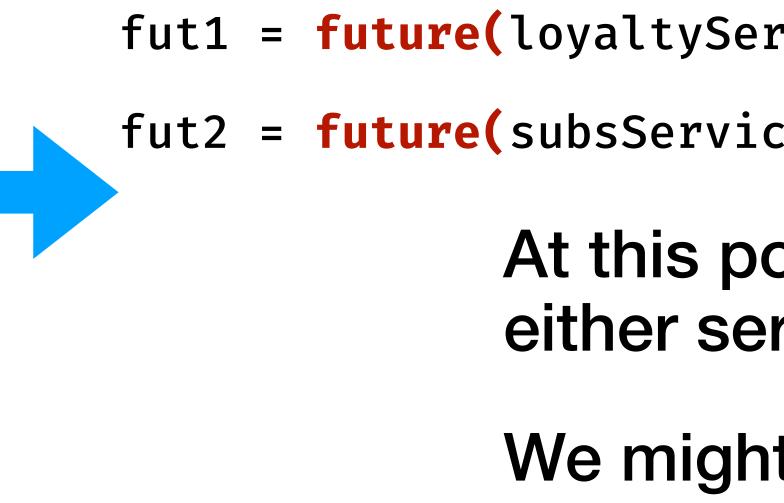
fut2 = future(subsService.upgradeSub(custID, PLATINUM))

At this point, we don't know if the calls to either service have been processed or not.



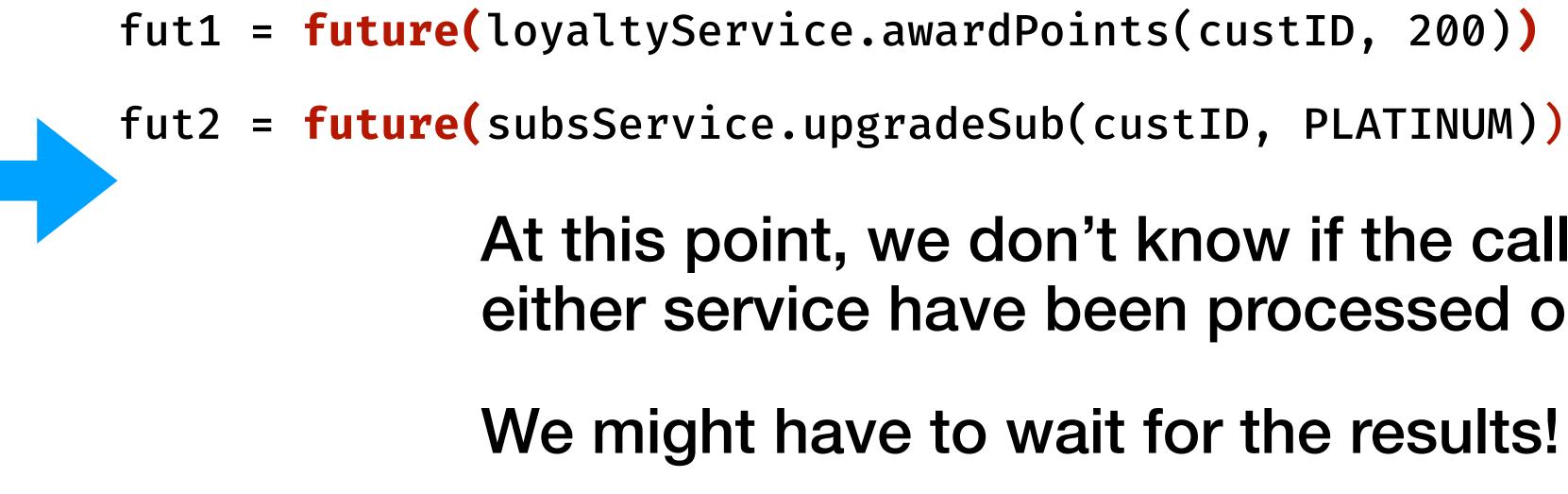
We might have to wait for the results!

- fut1 = future(loyaltyService.awardPoints(custID, 200))
- fut2 = future(subsService.upgradeSub(custID, PLATINUM))
 - At this point, we don't know if the calls to either service have been processed or not.



await(fut1, fut2)

- fut1 = future(loyaltyService.awardPoints(custID, 200))
- fut2 = future(subsService.upgradeSub(custID, PLATINUM))
 - At this point, we don't know if the calls to either service have been processed or not.
 - We might have to wait for the results!



await(fut1, fut2)

execution....

- fut1 = future(loyaltyService.awardPoints(custID, 200))
 - At this point, we don't know if the calls to either service have been processed or not.
 - We might have to wait for the results!

And now we're blocking program

Even if you have non-blocking calls, the logic of your processing may require waiting for things to happen!

Even non-blocking calls may end up blocking

But in general if you can use non-blocking calls and run them in parallel, that is a good thing.



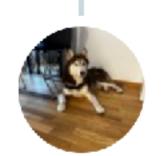
Graham Lea @evolvable · Jul 13, 2021 Replying to @samnewman The definition I've been using is: "The sending service doesn't wait for completion of the receiving service before continuing and/or completing its own work." But now that I think about it, I think I also expect a temporal decoupling from the receiving service's availability.

🚇 Sam Newman 🤣 @samnewman 🛛 Jul 13, 2021

So I think the distinction for many people between synchronous and asynchronous inter-service communication to be *really* fuzzy. What does async comms mean to you?

https://twitter.com/evolvable/status/1414909633597116417

...



Benjamin Johnsson @Benkzxar

Replying to @samnewman

between the Sender and the Receiver. broker.

4:09 PM · Jul 13, 2021

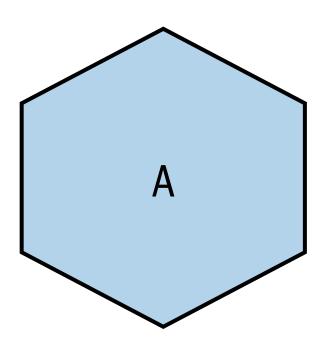
https://twitter.com/Benkzxar/status/1414965335338496001

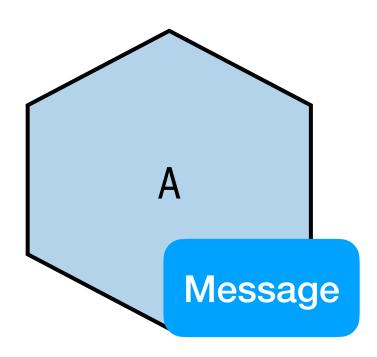
Sync communication = there is a direct communication Async = there is an intermediary involved between the sender and the recievier, for example the message

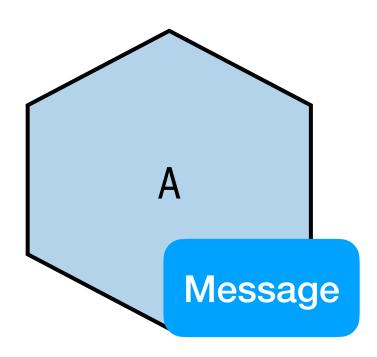
...

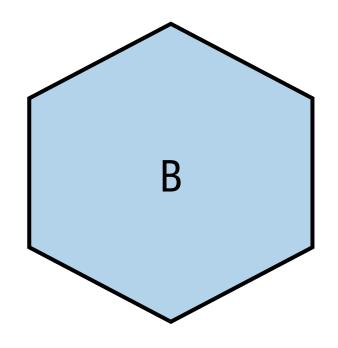
Intermediary?

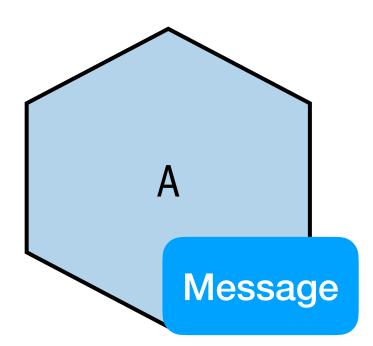
Broker

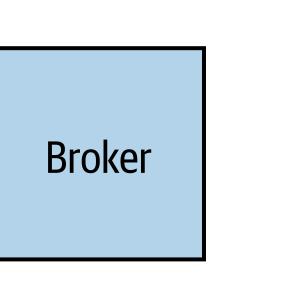


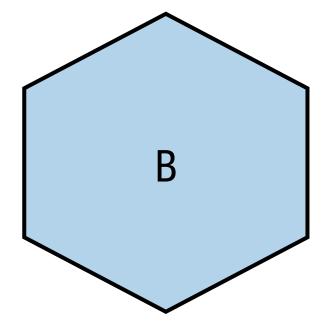


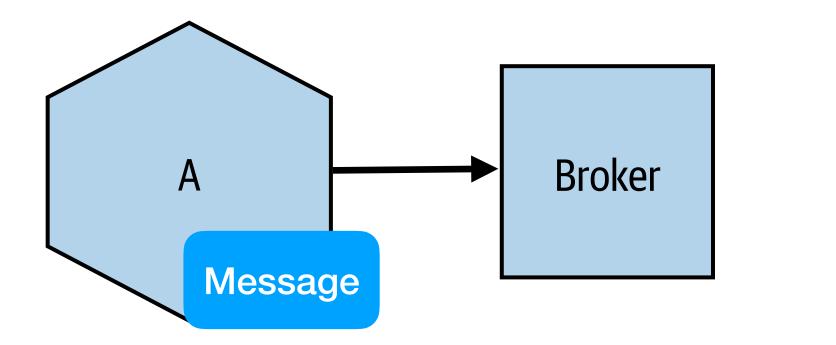


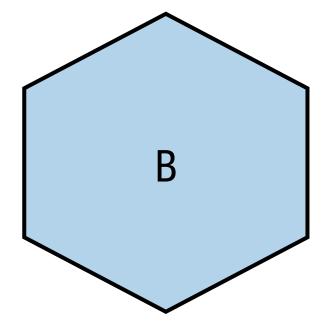


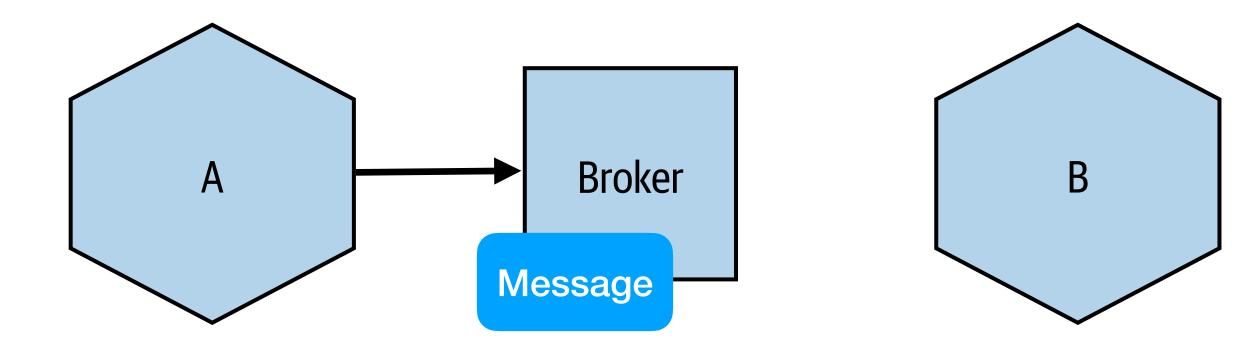


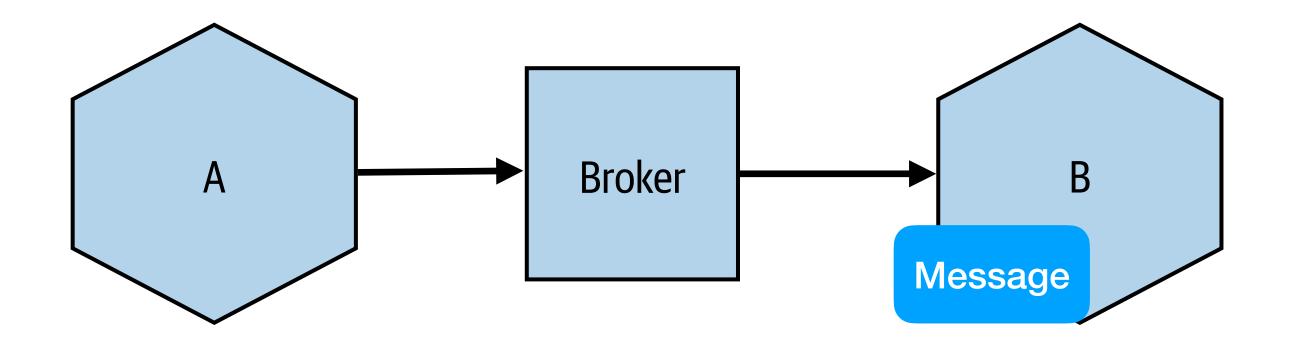


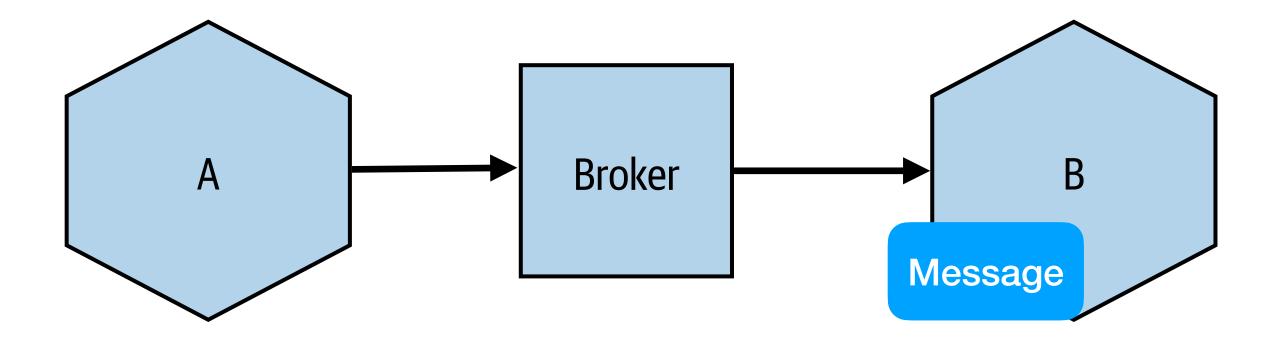












With a broker, we can offload the requirement to guarantee delivery (kinda)



goingkilo @goingkilo · Jul 13, 2021 ... Replying to **@samnewman** async is like dropping (snail) mail in a (red) postbox then going on with your life then one day, boom! postman pat stuffs something into your house mailbox, along with the millions of coupons and charity mailers.

https://twitter.com/goingkilo/status/1414898869075251201



https://flickr.com/photos/profilerehab/5707316547/



There are variations on how we can implement this "inbox" pattern

There are variations on how we can implement this "inbox" pattern

Database

There are variations on how we can implement this "inbox" pattern

Da File

Database

File system

There are variations on how we can implement this "inbox" pattern

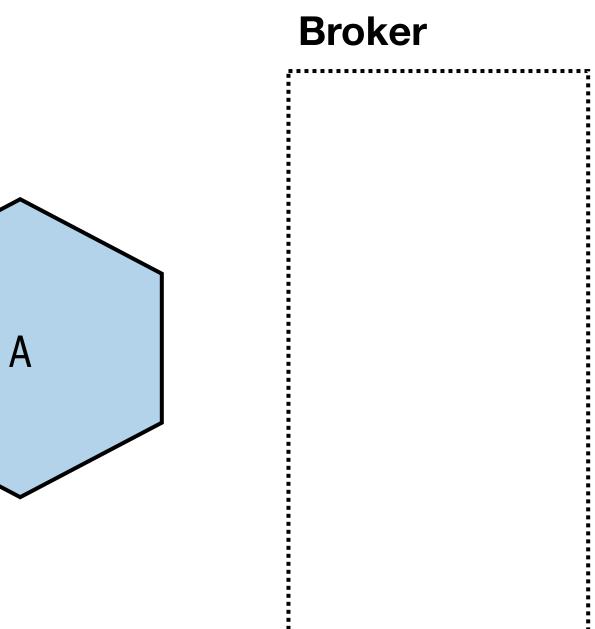
- File system
- Database

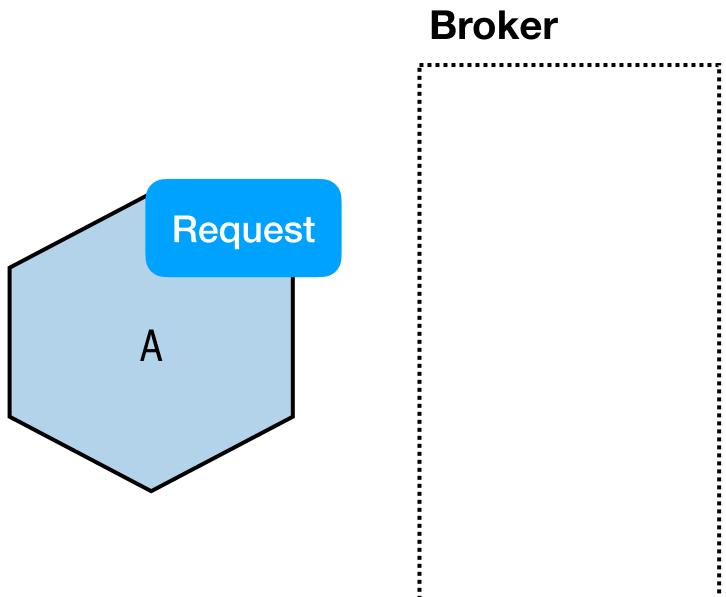
Email!

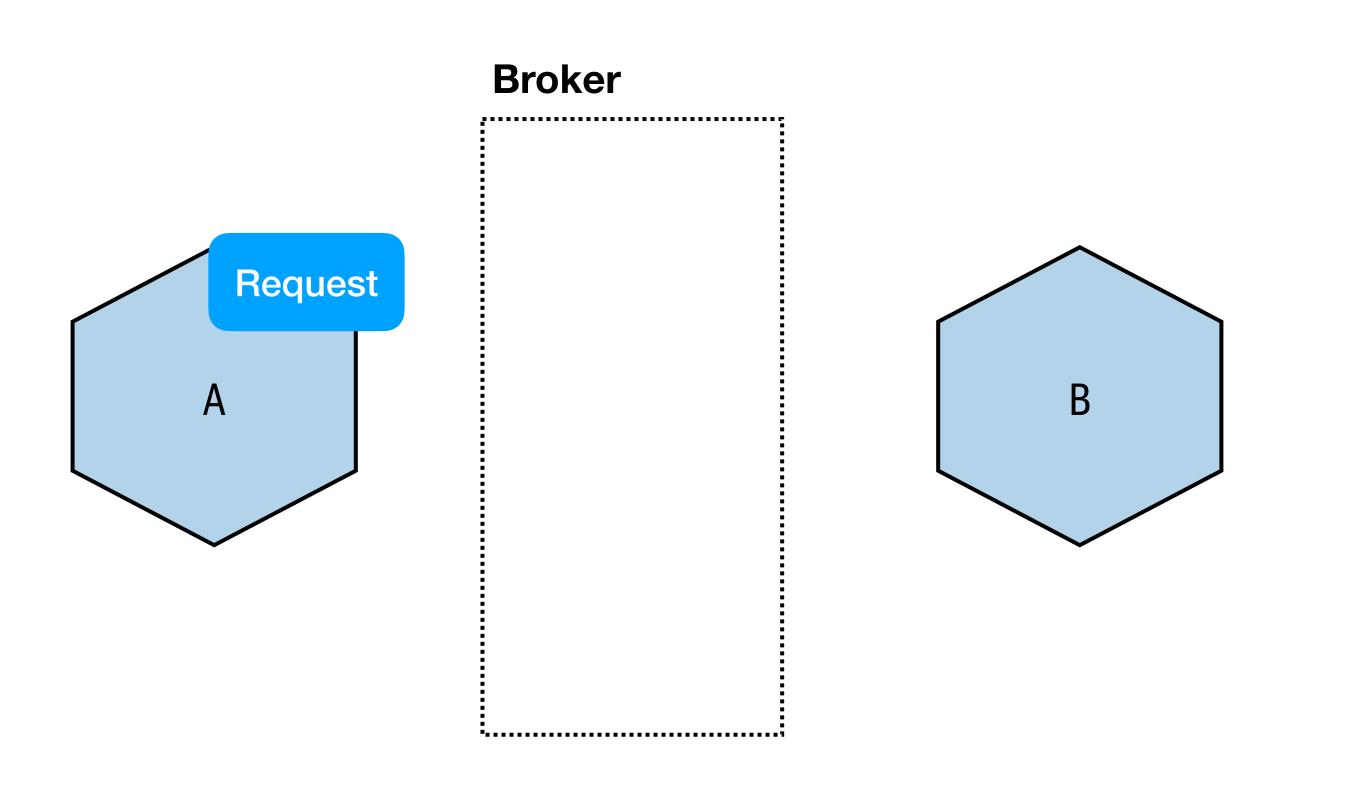
The sender of a message doesn't need to worry about whether or not the recipient is currently available

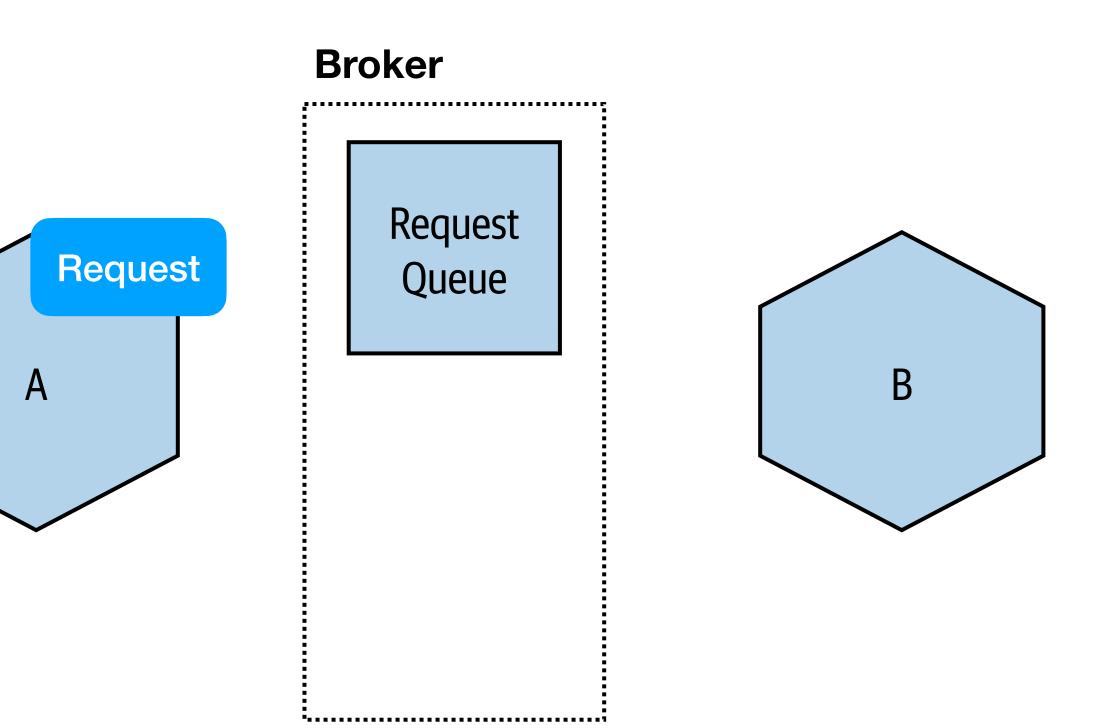
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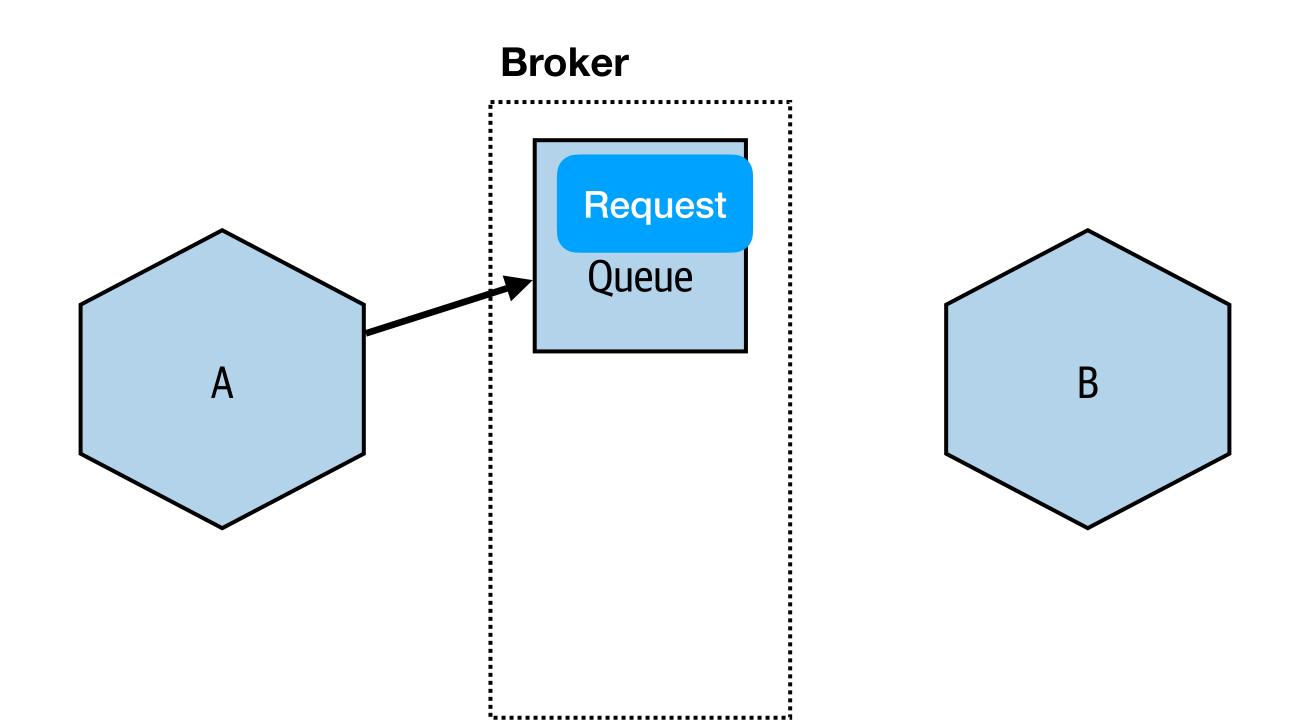
But we do need to trust the intermediary (the broker), and that does have to be available!

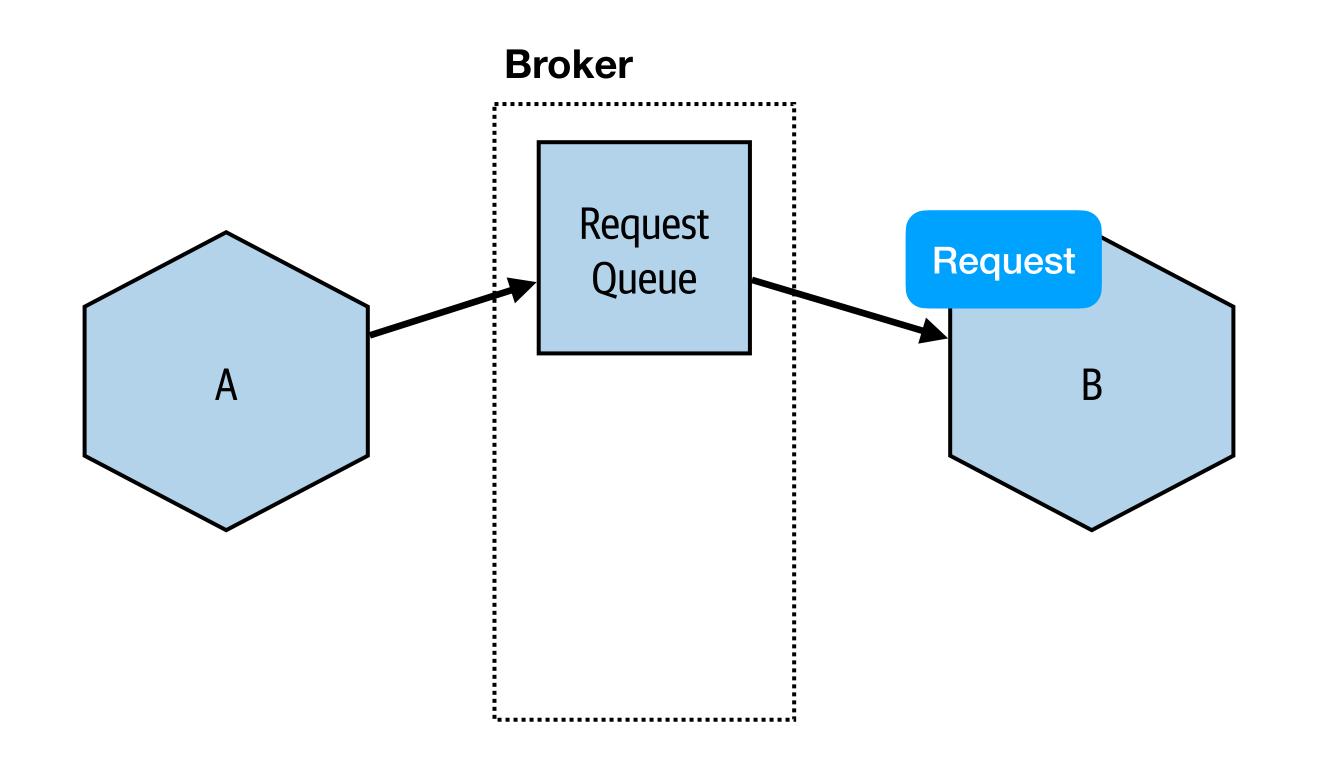


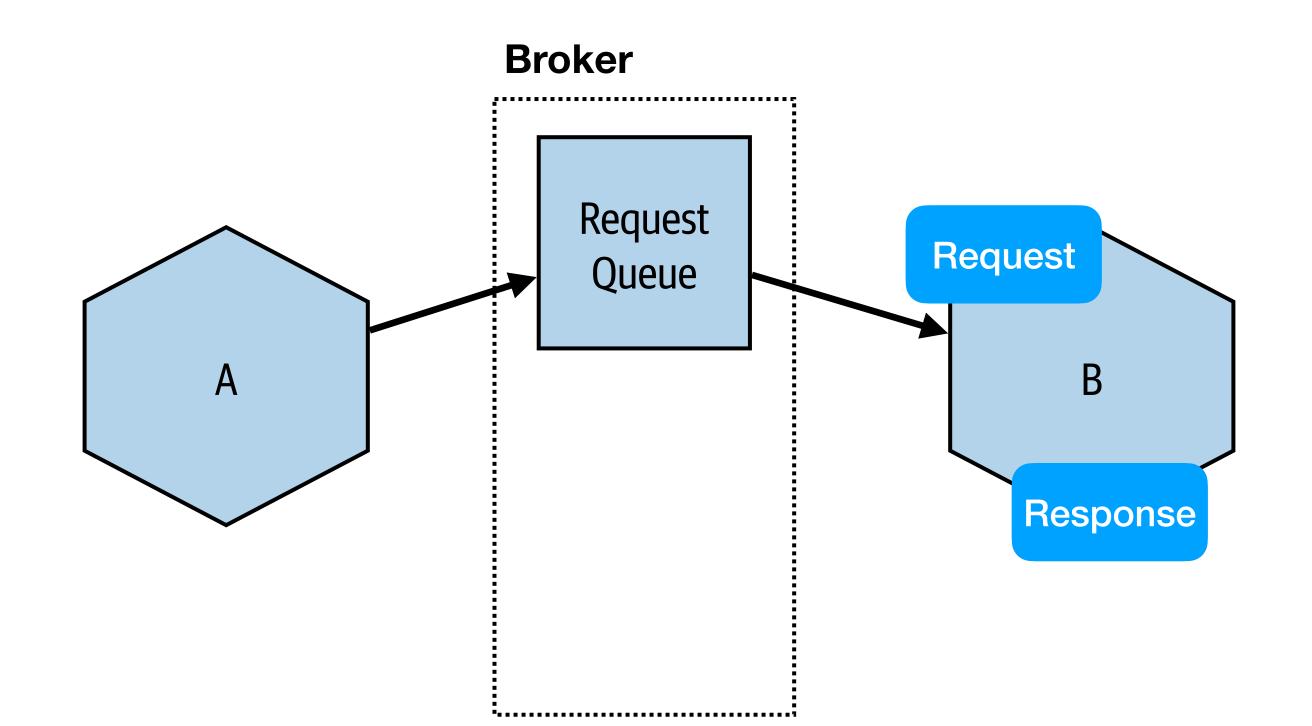


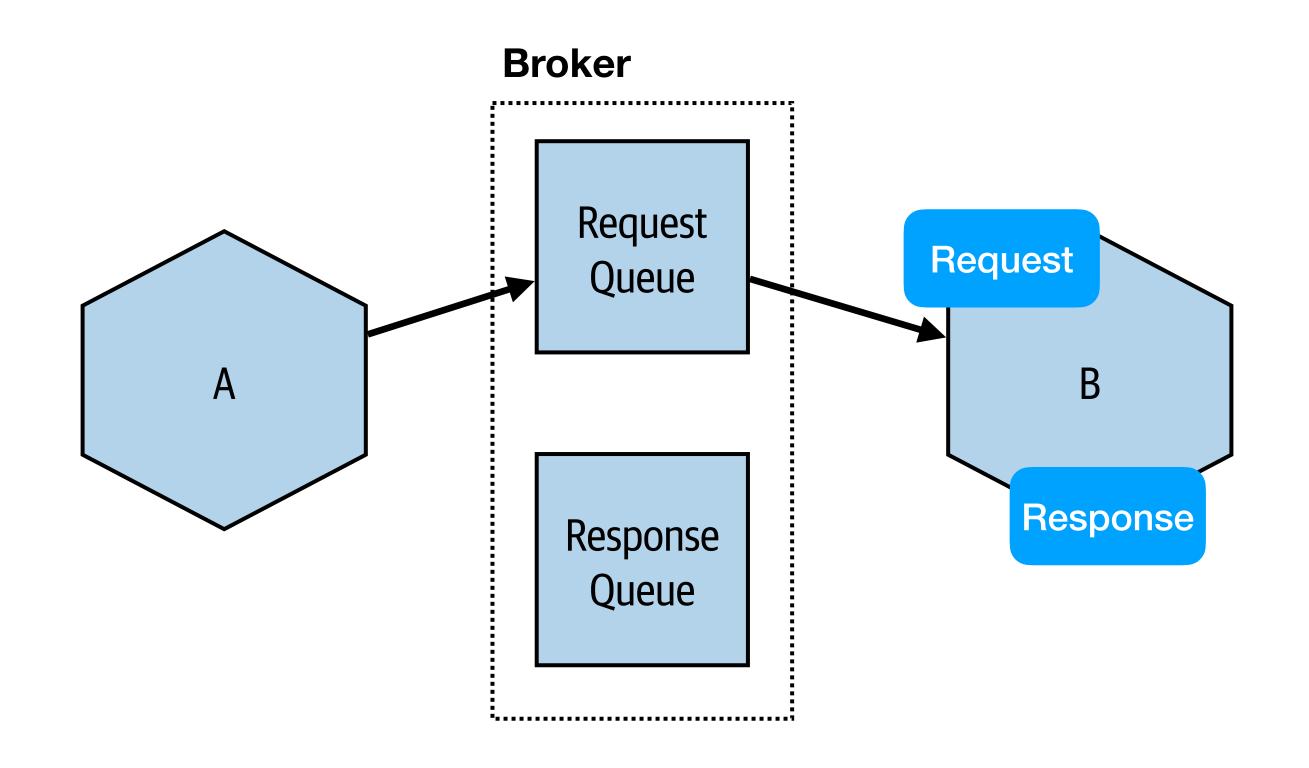


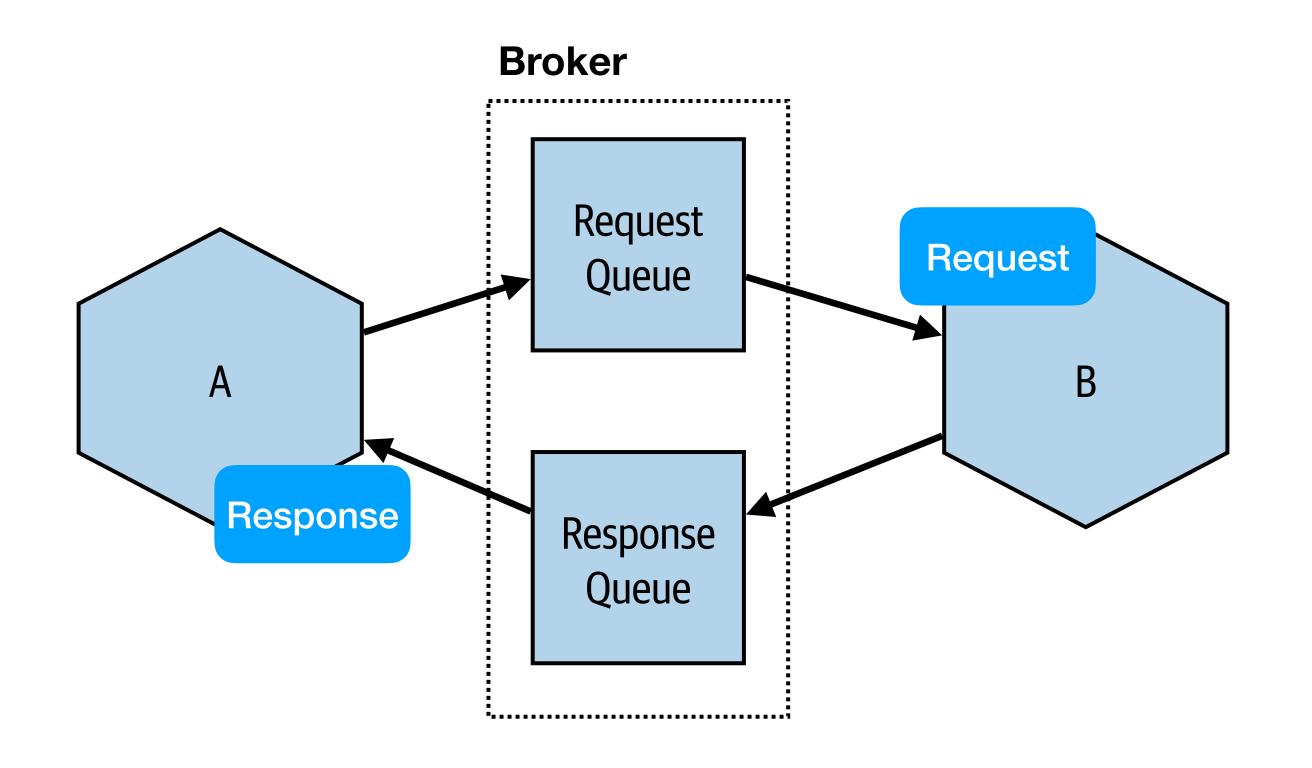


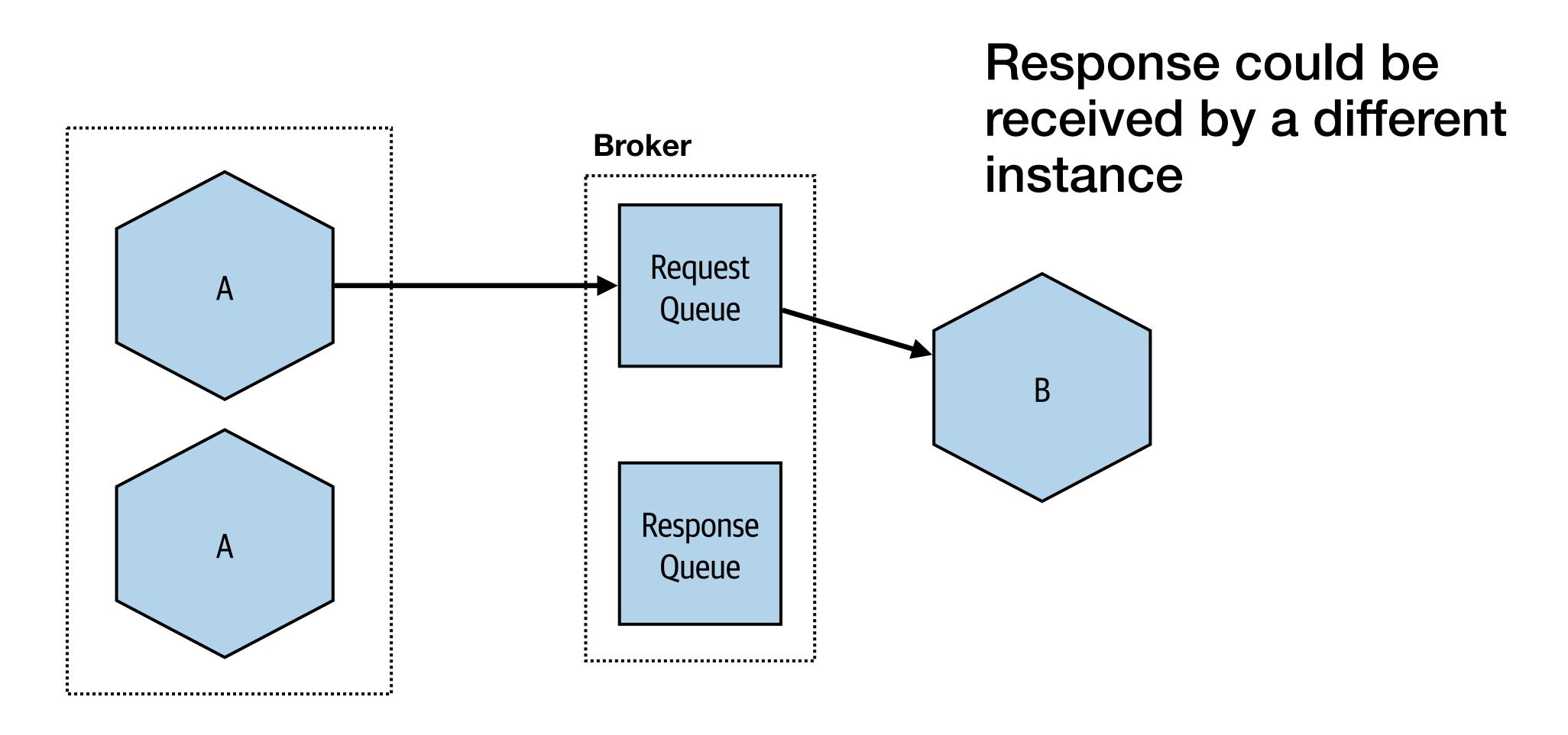


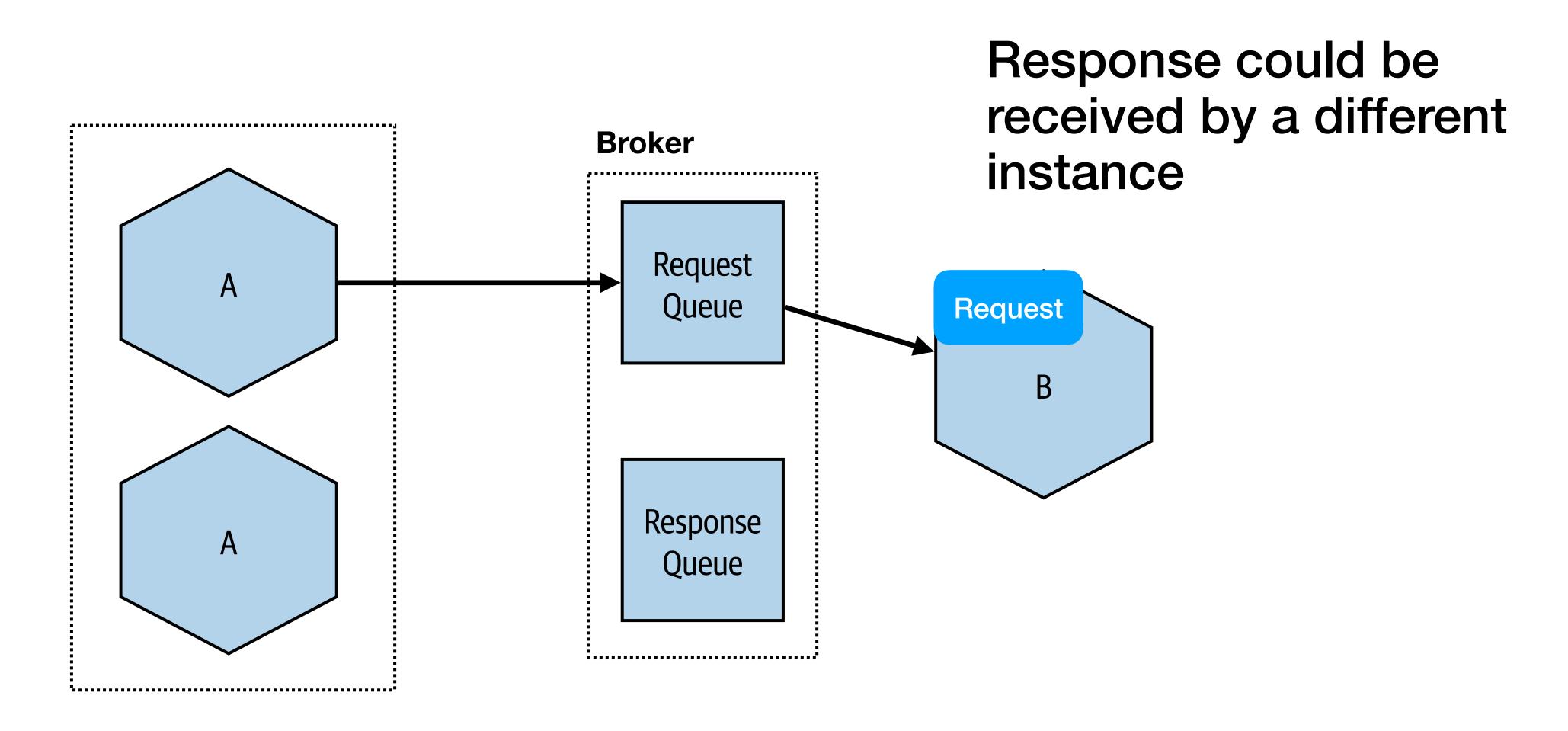


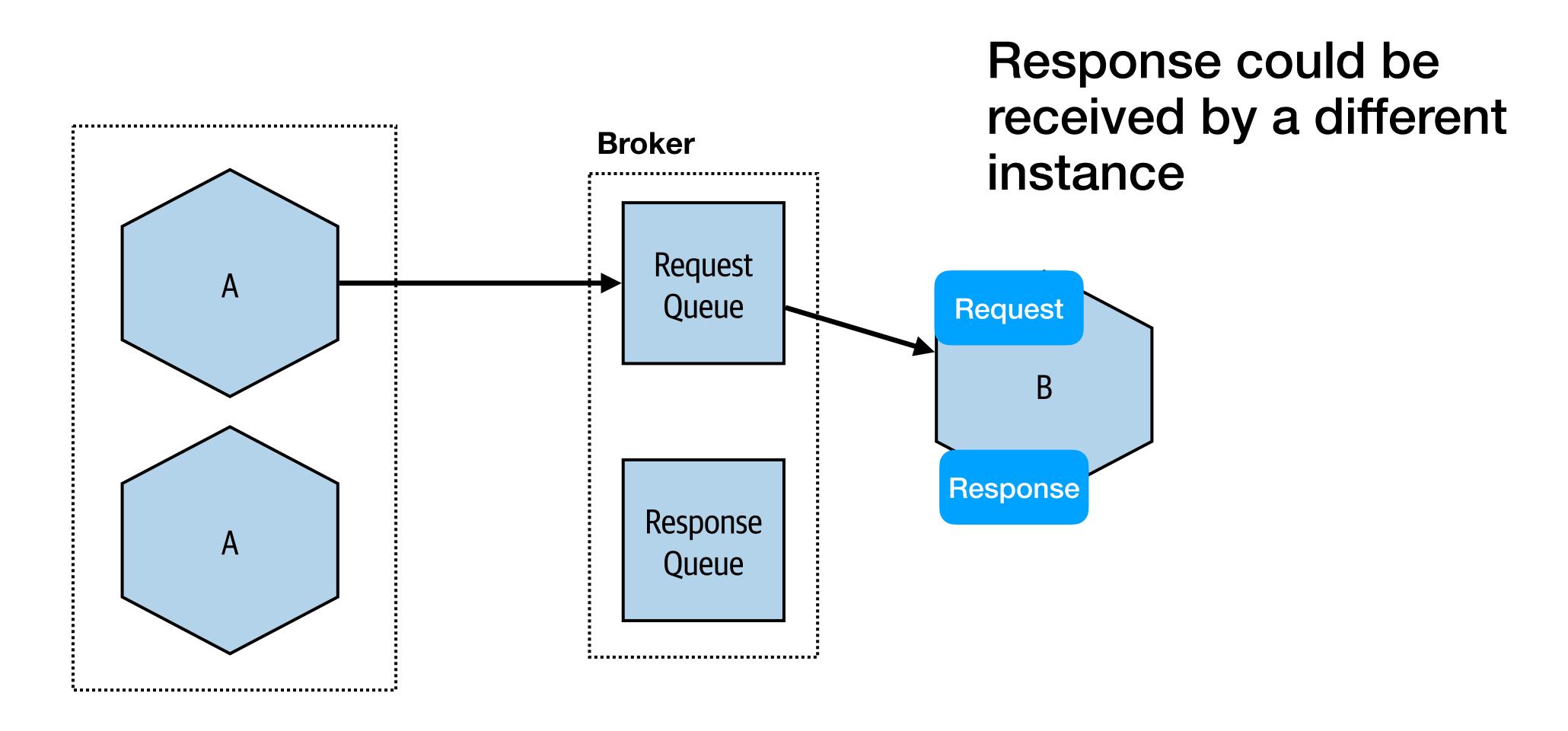


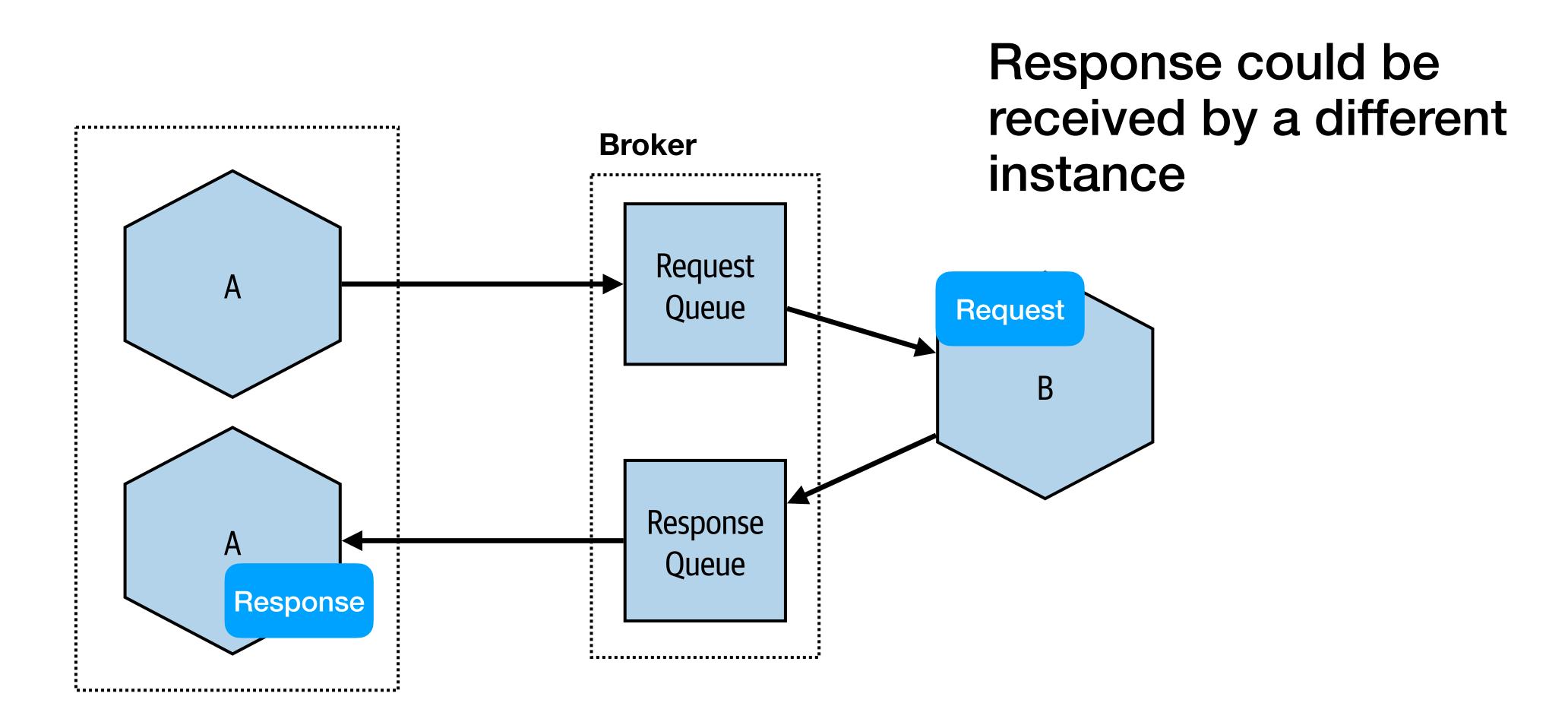




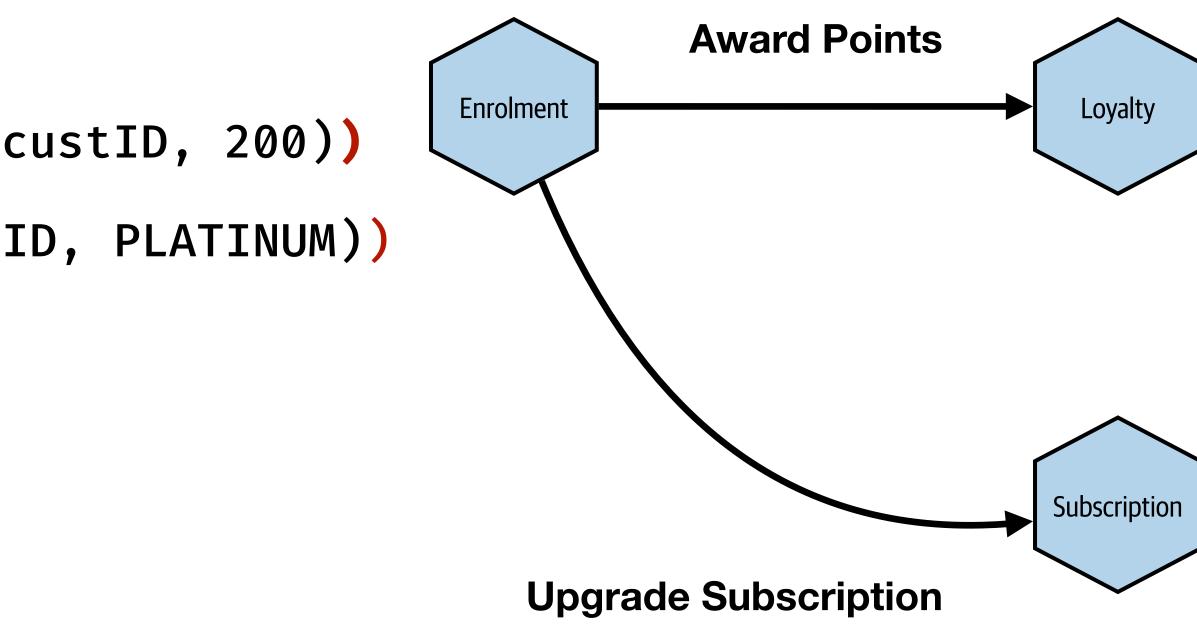






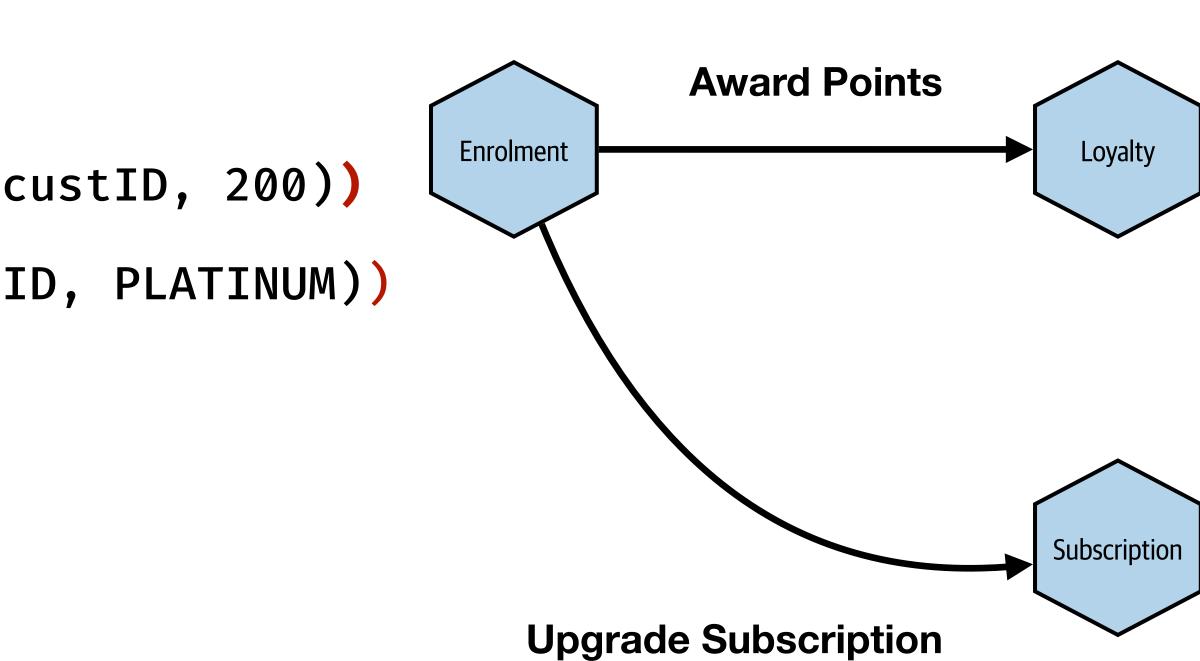


- fut1 = future(loyaltyService.awardPoints(custID, 200))
- fut2 = future(subsService.upgradeSub(custID, PLATINUM))



Here, the assumption is that the response comes back to the same instance

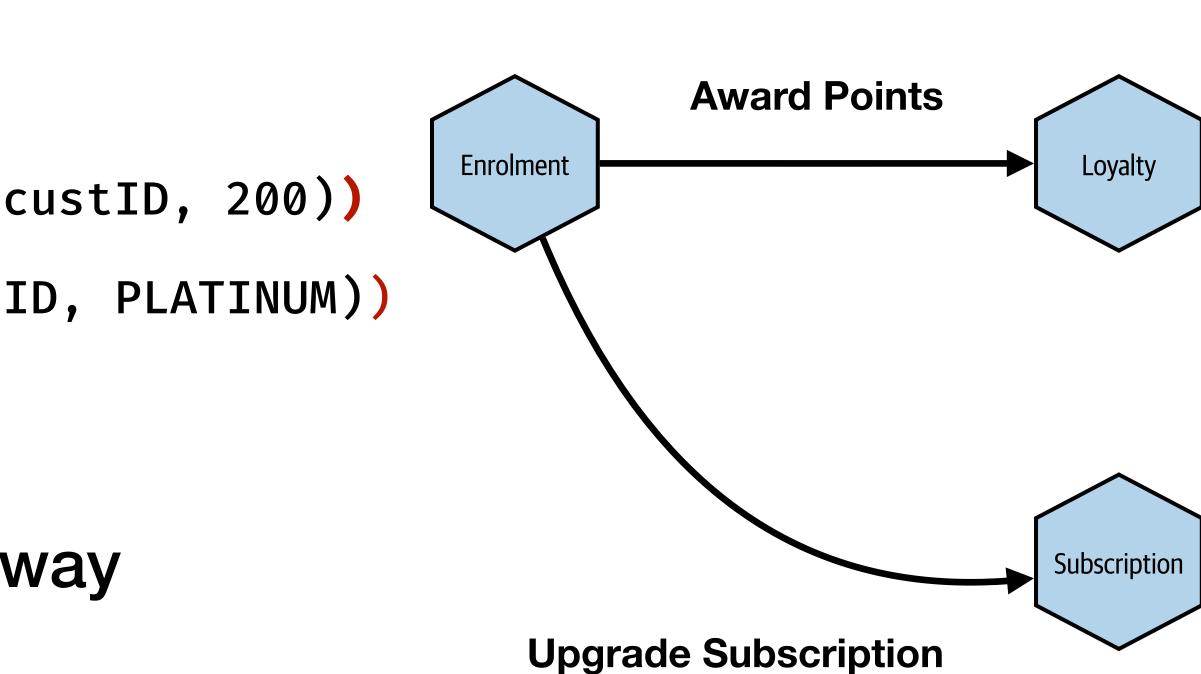
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- fut1 = future(loyaltyService.awardPoints(custID, 200))
- fut2 = future(subsService.upgradeSub(custID, PLATINUM))

So we may need to deal with what happens if the consumer dies part way through



It's arguable that the intermediarybased communication encourages stateless processing

Immediacy

Immediacy

Temporal Coupling

Temporal Coupling

Immediacy

Non-blocking

Immediacy

Temporal Coupling

Intermediary

Non-blocking

Will the real asynchronous communication please stand up?

Does this matter?

Words have different meanings

What words in the English language has the most dictionary meanings?







Run

Set 430 meanings

https://www.guinnessworldrecords.com/world-records/english-word-with-the-most-meanings

Run

Set 430 meanings

https://www.guinnessworldrecords.com/world-records/english-word-with-the-most-meanings

https://www.nytimes.com/2011/05/29/opinion/29winchester.html

Run 645 meanings

So we're used to this, right?

We derive personal understanding of a word via context

"The meaning of a word becomes more narrow as we add other words around it"

- Ian Cooper (heavily paraphrased)



The issue got worse the moment the program was run



The economy crashed due to a run on the banks

So, does this matter?

But we throw around terms like "asynchronous" without enough context around the term to derive shared meaning

Asynchronous

The Oxford Dictionary defines asynchronous as "not existing or occurring at the same time". In the context of this manifesto we mean that the processing of a request occurs at an arbitrary point in time, sometime after it has been transmitted from client to service. The client cannot directly observe, or synchronize with, the execution that occurs within the service. This is the antonym of synchronous processing which implies that the client only resumes its own execution once the service has processed the request.

https://www.reactivemanifesto.org/glossary#Asynchronous

asynchronous, adj.

View as: Outline | Full entry

Pronunciation: Brit. / e1's1nkranas/, U.S. / e1's1nkranas/ Frequency (in current use): •••••• **Origin:** Formed within English, by derivation. **Etymons:** A- prefix⁶, SYNCHRONOUS adj. **Etymology:** < A- prefix⁶ + SYNCHRONOUS adj. With sense 2 compare SYNCHRONOUS adj. 2b.

- **1.** Not synchronous; not existing or occurring at the same time, not coinciding in time. Originally only in medical contexts.
- 1737 tr. F. Nicholls in Med. Ess. & Observ. (ed. 2) III. 396 The ascending and descending Aorta are dilated and contracted at different Times, or have asynchronous Motions.
- 1845 Med. Times 12 244/1 The pupils of the eyes are sluggish, and there is usually asynchronous action present.
- two ventricles.
- synchronous or asynchronous relation of the flowers.
- 1968 Brain 91 306 Quick, asynchronous, random jerks of the muscles of the trunk and extremities were also evident.
- 2001 Libr. Assoc. Rec. May 295/2 Asynchronous participation through the discussion board is effective for learner reflection, giving students time to think.

Text size: A A

Quotations: Show all | Hide all Keywords: On | Off

1768 Gentleman's Mag. May 224/2 The blood enters into these arteries at a time asynchronous to that in which it enters into the other arteries of the body.

1877 W. R. GOWERS in J. R. Reynolds Syst. Med. IV. 748 Reduplication has been noticed in some cases, and may be due to the asynchronous contraction of the

1918 Mem. Brooklyn Bot. Garden 1917 1 320 The relative production or not in the wild state of hybrid Sarracenias is almost wholly determined by the

1987 S. BRAND Media Lab 1. iii. 41 A primary characteristic of interactive television is that it's asynchronous-stuff is broadcast at one time, viewed at another.

(Hide quotations)

Thesaurus »

asynchronous, adj.

View as: Outline | Full entry

Pronunciation: Brit. /e1's1nkranas/, U.S. /e1's1nkranas/

Frequency (in current use): ••••••

Origin: Formed within English, by derivation. **Etymons:** A- prefix⁶, SYNCHRONOUS adj.

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1. Not synchronous: not existing or occurring at the same time, not coinciding in time. Originally only in medical contexts.

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(Hide quotations)

Thesaurus »

"Originally only in medical contexts" - Oxford English Dictionary

Categories » 1893 Electr. Engineer 22 Sept. 280/1 This plant was practically designed before the advent of a really reliable asynchronous and self-starting alternatecurrent motor. 1925 H. C. BOOTH tr. F. Auerbach Mod. Magnetics (U.K. ed.) vii. 176 The most important practical distinction (apart from that between direct, alternating and polyphase current motors) is that between synchronous and asynchronous motors. 1991 Impact of Sci. on Society (UNESCO) No. 162. 152 The three-phase asynchronous (induction) motor has no commutator. 2007 Observer 11 Nov. (Review section) 13/4 Railways have changed since Barlow's, let alone Betjeman's, day. It is a world of asynchronous motors, catenaries,..and push-jacks. (Hide quotations) Categories » 1953 Math. Tables & Other Aids Computation 7 112 The memory control reports back to the main control when it accepts the main control intervention and when it completes any of the actions described in (a)-(d). In this manner the synchronous memory operation is safely incorporated into the asynchronous arithmetic process. 1967 H. JACOBOWITZ Electronic Computers Made Simple xii. 261 Unless the computer is asynchronous..all its operations are controlled by a series of equally spaced timing pulses. 1979 M. M. MANO Digital Logic & Computer Design vi. 210 Asynchronous flip-flops..require an input trigger defined by a change of signal level... Clocked flipflops are triggered by pulses. 2002 Sci. Amer. Aug. 48/2 Asynchronous parts of otherwise synchronous systems are also beginning to appear; the UltraSPARC IIIi processor recently introduced by Sun includes some asynchronous circuits. (Hide quotations) Categories » 1966 U.S. Patent 3,249,924 9 An asynchronous data processing system for transferring data between the main memory of a central processor and a plurality of input-output devices. 1976 J. MARTIN Telecommunications & Computer (ed. 2) xviii. 360 (table) Synchronous data from 2.4 to 1344 Kbps. Asynchronous data up to 1.2 Kbps. 1996 Sunday Tel. 4 Feb. (Appointments section) 8/2 (advt.) A strong datacomms background should include knowledge of asynchronous and synchronous protocols such as RS232. 2004 S. MAKOFSKY Pocket PC Network Programming vi. 204 PPP supports error correction and is capable of handling either synchronous or asynchronous communications. (Hide quotations)

2. Electrical Engineering. Of an alternating-current motor, generator, etc.: able to operate at speeds other 3. Computing. a. Of a computer or part of one: not operating in accordance with clock signals; (of operations) beginning when the previous operation finishes, rather than occurring at regular intervals of time. b. Designating data transmission in which packets of data are sent at irregular intervals, with the start and end of each packet being marked by specific signals; involving such transmission.

than the speed determined by the frequency of the current supply (the synchronous speed); spec. designating an induction motor.

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- current motor.
- polyphase current motors) is that between synchronous and asynchronous motors.
- 1991 Impact of Sci. on Society (UNESCO) No. 162. 152 The three-phase asynchronous (induction) motor has no commutator.
- catenaries,...and push-jacks.

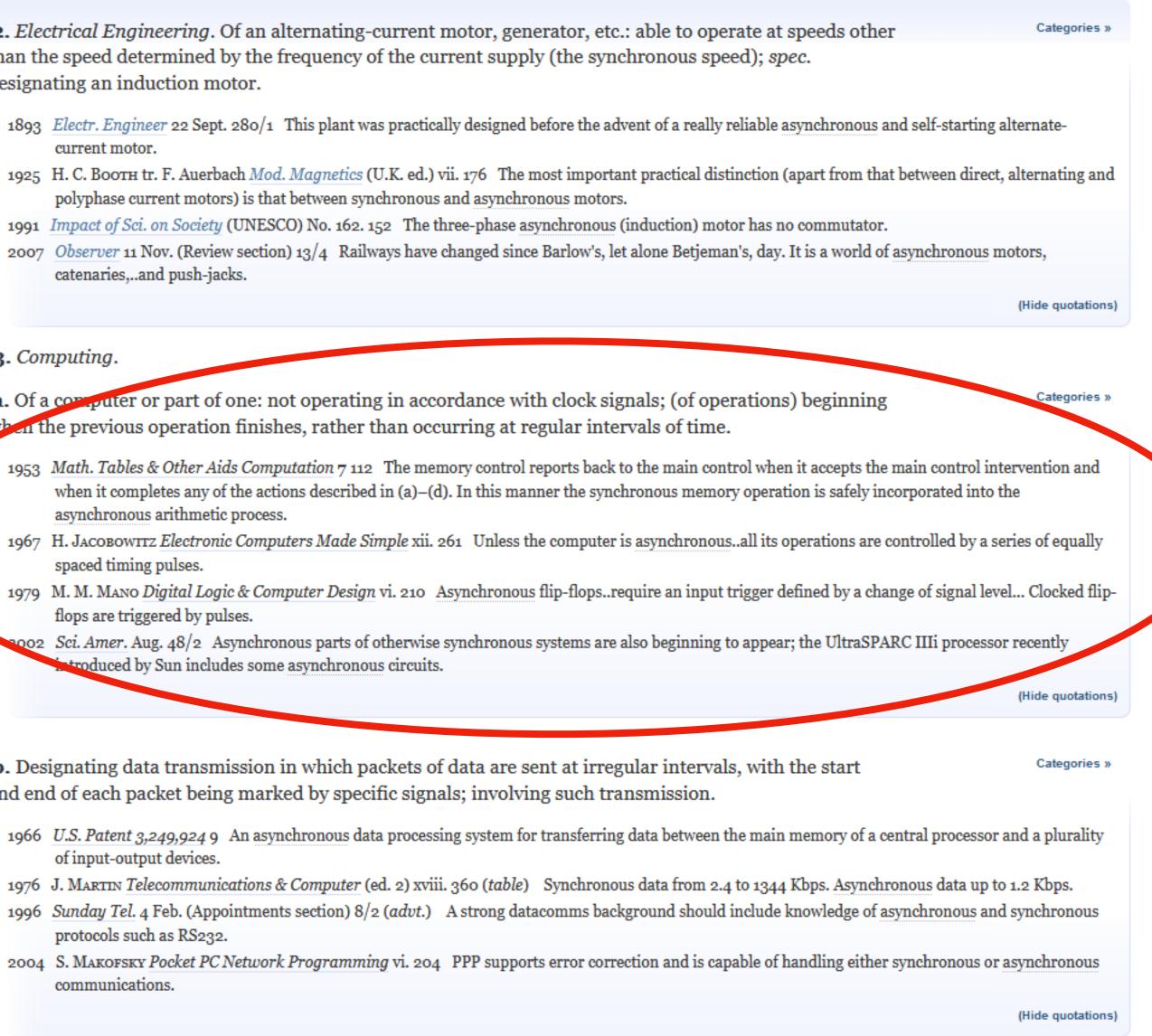
Computing.

a. Of a computer or part of one: not operating in accordance with clock signals; (of operations) beginning in the previous operation finishes, rather than occurring at regular intervals of time.

- asynchronous arithmetic process.
- spaced timing pulses.
- flops are triggered by pulses.
- troduced by Sun includes some asynchronous circuits.

b. Designating data transmission in which packets of data are sent at irregular intervals, with the start and end of each packet being marked by specific signals; involving such transmission.

- of input-output devices.
- protocols such as RS232.
- communications.



ASYNCHRONOUS DEFINITON IN A COMPUTING CONTEXT

"Designating data transmissions in which packets of data are sent at irregular intervals, with the start and end of each packet being marked by specific signals involving such transmission"

- Oxford English Dictionary

Software is a type of sociotechnical system

Sociotechnical



Sociotechnical





https://flickr.com/photos/chaoticmind75/52046974941/

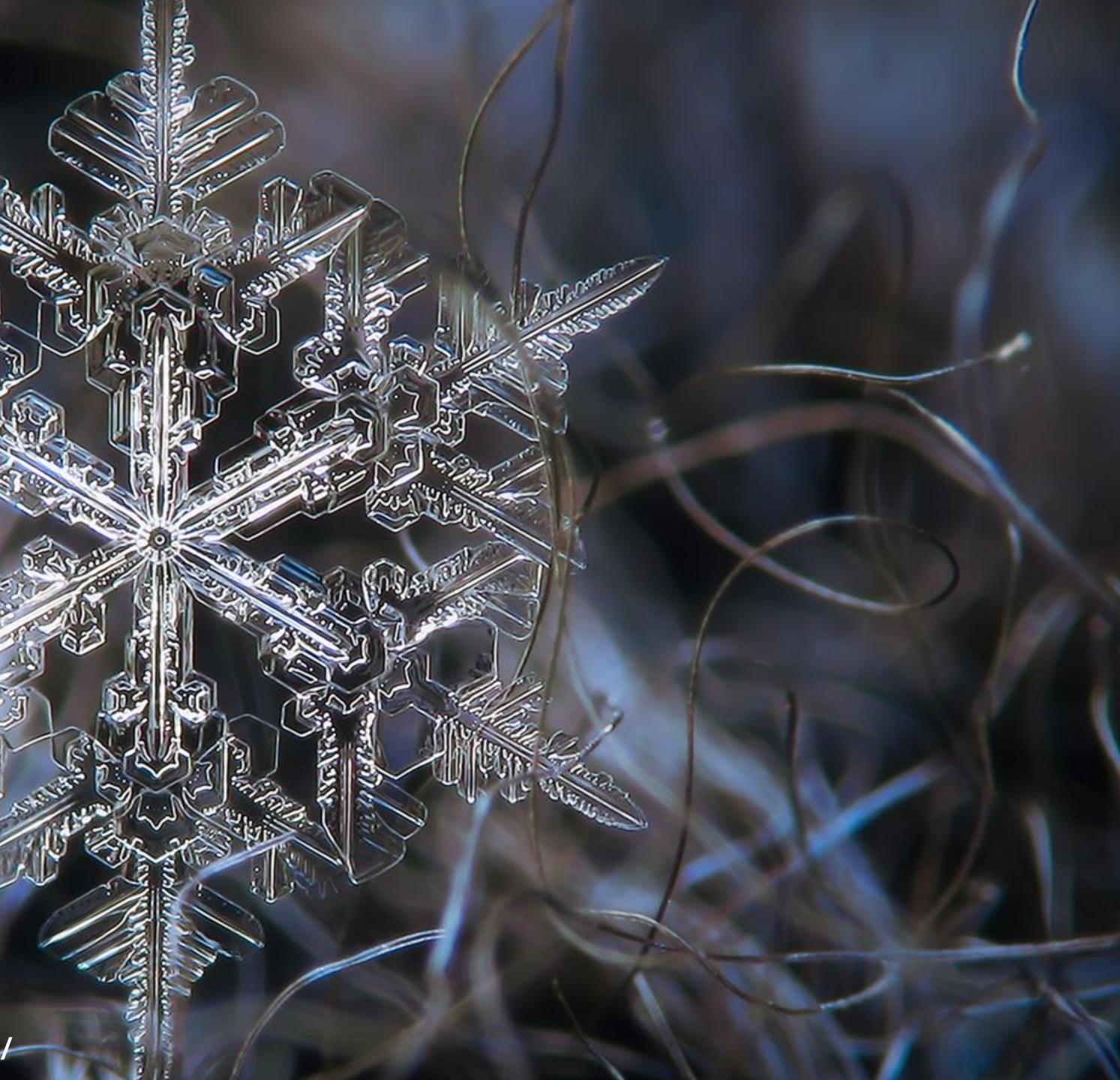
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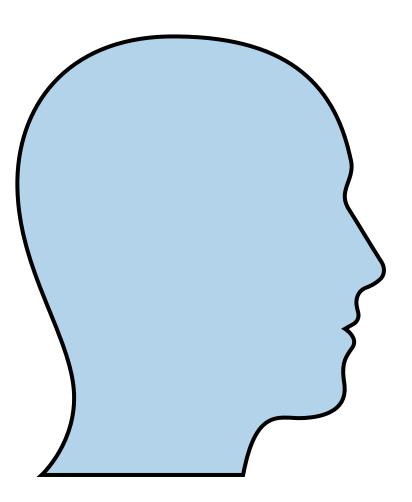


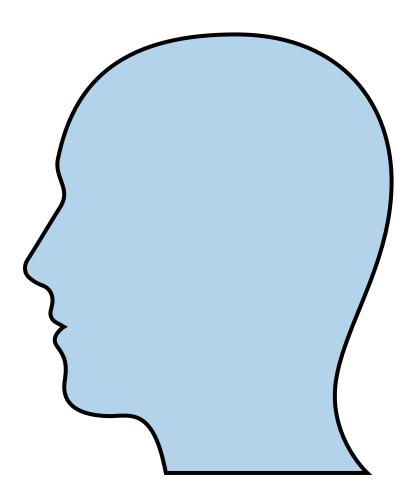


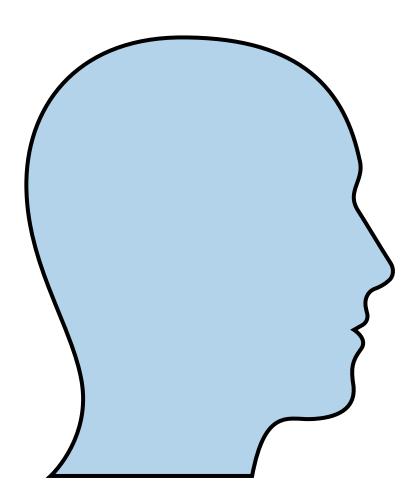
The amount of useful software created by individuals is vanishingly rare

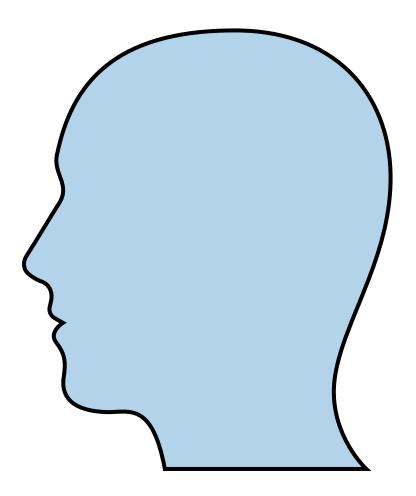


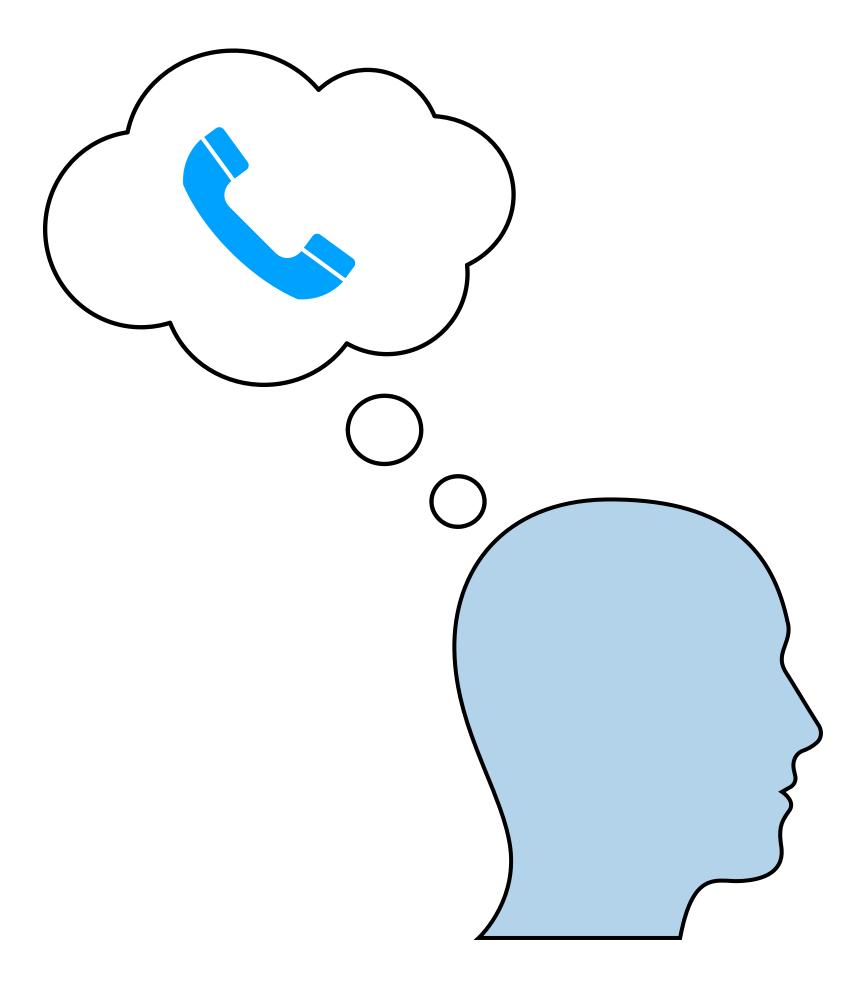
Bringing groups of people together to use and use technology requires good communication

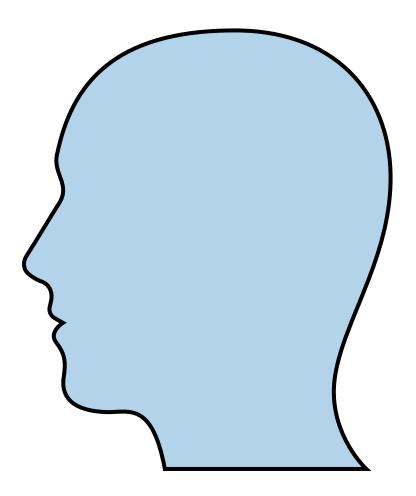


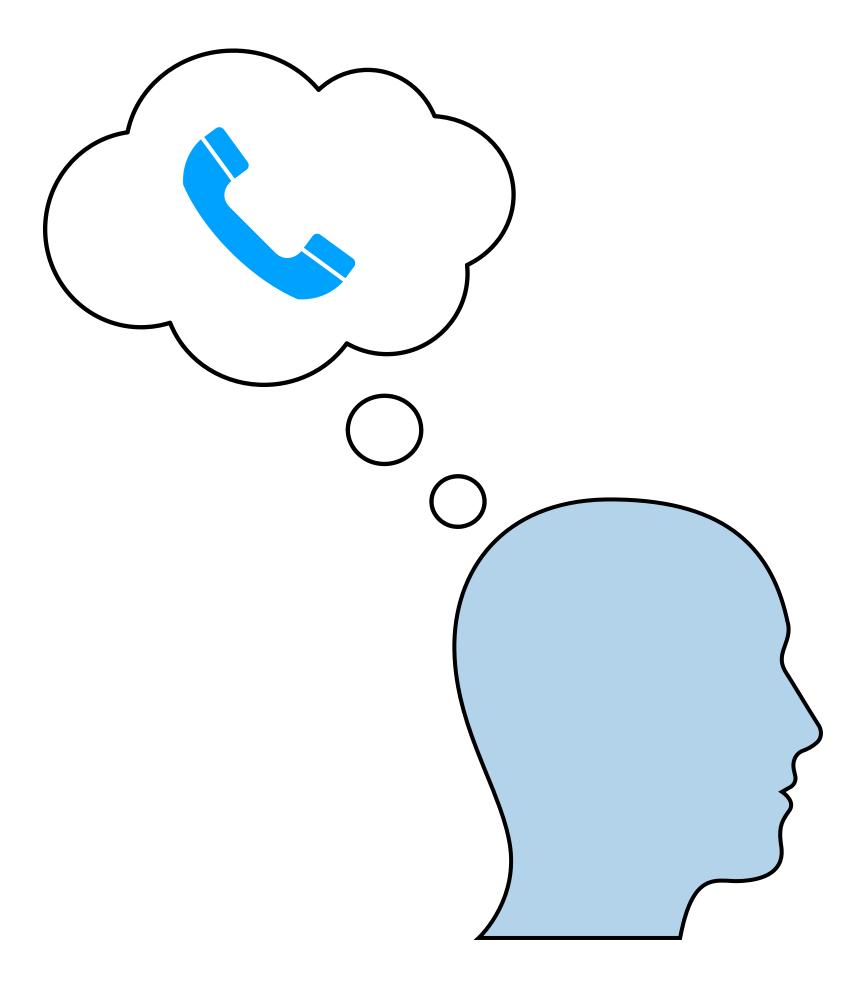




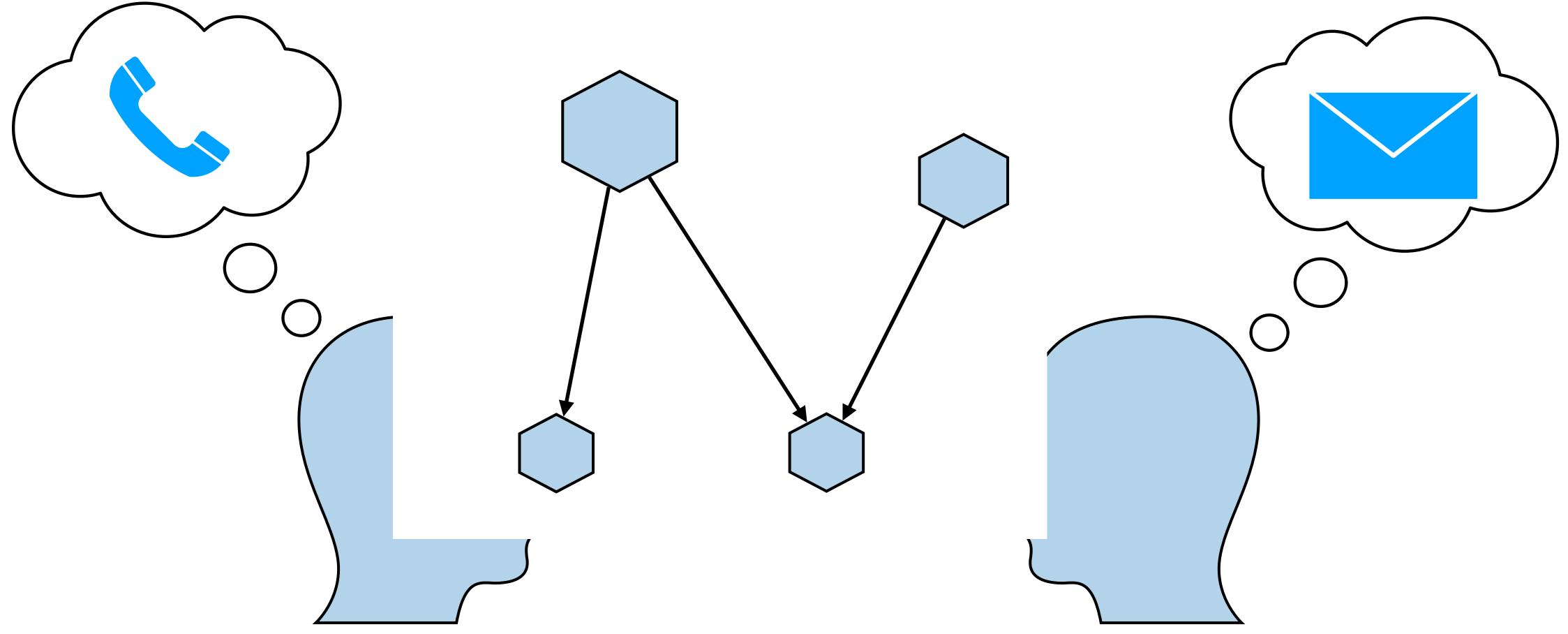


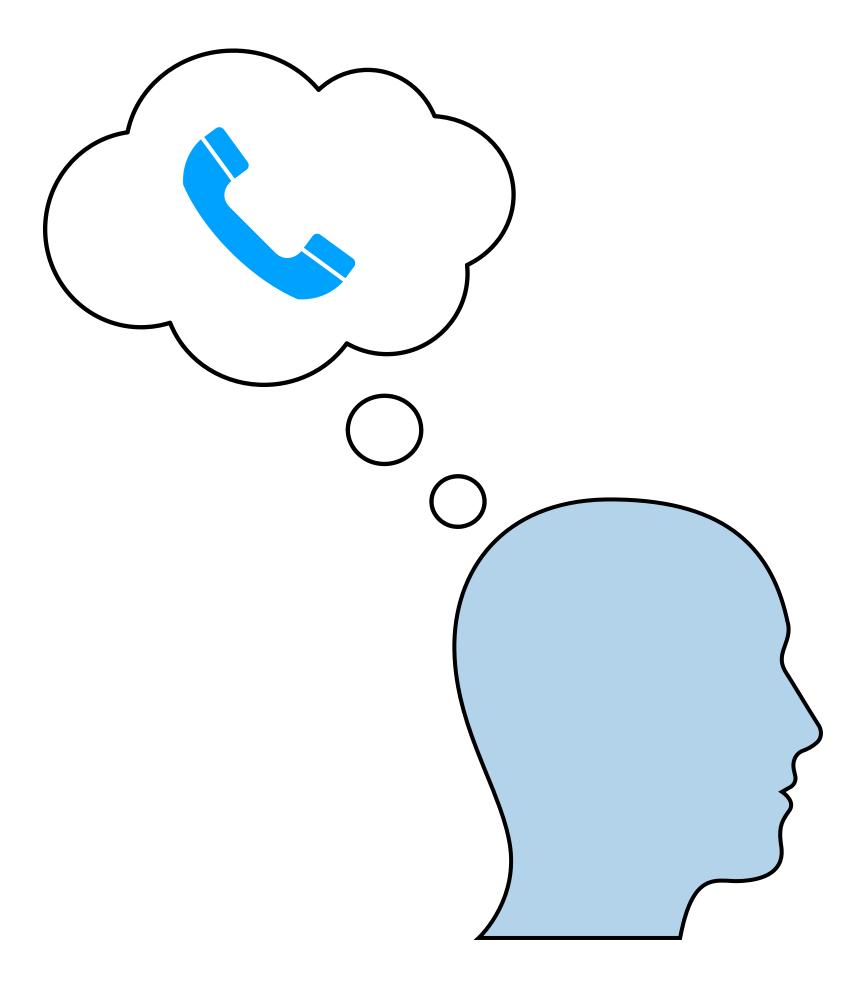
















The term "asynchronous" in the context of inter-process communication has so many meanings that it is effectively meaningless



So what can we do?

Understand what your application needs

Understand what your application needs

Describe how it should handle different situations

What should happen when the server is unreachable?

What should happen when the server is unreachable?

How fast should it be?

What should happen when the server is unreachable?

What if the client crashes?

How fast should it be?

Where possible, use more explicit terms

Clients should be non-blocking

Clients should be non-blocking

Run operations in parallel

Clients should be non-blocking

Run operations in parallel

Use broker X as an intermediary...

But try not to make having a common meaning be about correcting someone else



"You keep using that word. I do not think it means what you think it means."





- Inigo Montoya, <u>The Princess Bride</u>



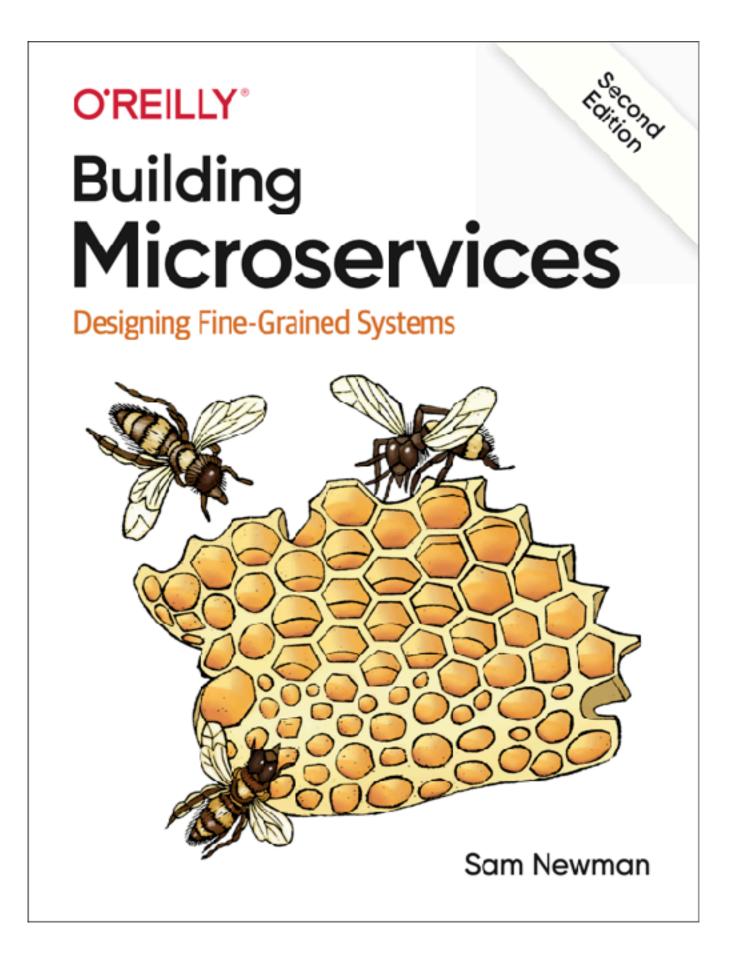
When someone says "we should make this asynchronous"...

When someone says "we should make this asynchronous"...

Perhaps just say, "what does that mean to you?"

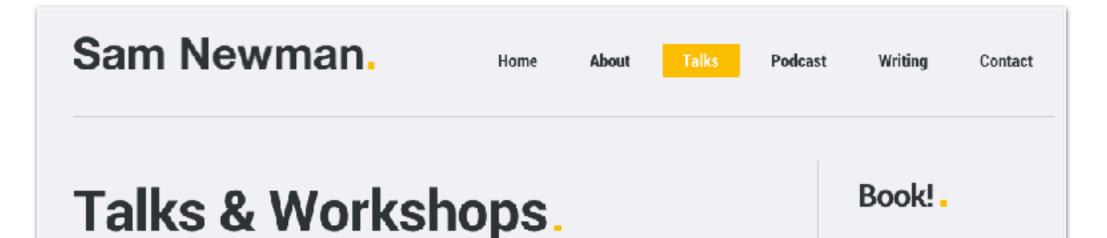
What you find might shock you





@samnewman





Here are a list of the talks I am currently presenting. On request, I can present different topics or even my older talks. If you want me to present these topics at your conference or company, then please contact me

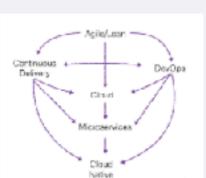
You can also see where I'll be speaking next on my events page.

What Is This Cloud Native Thing Anyway?

A talk exploring what the hell Cloud Native means

Find Out More

Feature Branches And Toggles In A Post-GitHub World



When the held lands, D
Integrate dealy

I have written a book called "Building Microservices", which is available now. Want to know more? *** Read on...**

Building

Video!

https://samnewman.io/

hachyderm.io/@samnewman